CONSUMER INFORMATION



www.wvjc.edu

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Publication Date: January 6, 2025

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General Institutional Information

Contact Information for Assistance in Obtaining Institutional or Financial Aid Information

How and Where to Obtain Financial Aid Information:

The Financial Aid Officer will assist a prospective or current student in obtaining financial aid information that is required to be disclosed under the Higher Education Act. The prospective or current student may contact the Financial Aid Office at 304-296-8282 or stop by the institution during normal business hours.

How and Where to Obtain General Institutional Information:

The Academic Dean or representative of the Academic Department will assist a prospective or current student in obtaining institutional information that is required to be disclosed under the Higher Education Act. The prospective or current student may contact the Academic Dean or representative of the Academic Department at 304-296-8282 or stop by the institution during normal business hours.

Release of Information Policy: Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) is a Federal law that is administered by the Family Policy Compliance Office (Office) in the U.S. Department of Education (Department). 20 U.S.C. § 1232g; 34 CFR Part 99. FERPA applies to all educational agencies and institutions that receive funding under any program administered by the Department. Once a student reaches 18 years of age or attends a postsecondary institution, he or she becomes an "eligible student," and all rights formerly given to parents under FERPA transfer to the student.

NOTIFICATION OF RIGHTS UNDER FERPA

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) affords eligible students certain rights with respect to their education records. These rights include:

- The right to inspect and review the student's education records within 45 days after the day the institution receives a request for access. A student should submit to the College President a written request that identifies the record(s) the student wishes to inspect. The College President will arrange for access and notify the student of the time and place where the records may be inspected. If the records are not maintained by the school official to whom the request was submitted, that official shall advise the student of the correct official to whom the request should be addressed.
- 2. The right to request the amendment of the student's education records that the student believes is inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of the student's privacy rights under FERPA. A student who wishes to ask the institution to amend a record shall write to the College President and clearly identify the part of the record the student wants changed, and specify why it should be changed. If the institution decides not to amend the record as requested, the institution will notify the student in writing of the decision and the student's right to a hearing regarding the request for amendment. Additional information regarding the hearing procedures will be provided to the student when notified of the right to a hearing.
- 3. The right to provide written consent before the institution discloses personally identifiable information (PII) from the student's education records, except to the extent that FERPA authorizes disclosure without consent. The institution discloses education records without a student's prior written consent under the

FERPA exception for disclosure to school officials with legitimate educational interests. An institutional official includes a person employed by the institution in an administrative, supervisory, academic, or support staff position. An institutional official also may include a contractor outside of the institution who performs an institutional service or function for which the institution would otherwise use its own employees and who is under the direct control of the institution with respect to the use and maintenance of PII from education records, such as an attorney, auditor, or collection agent. An institutional official typically has a legitimate educational interest if the official needs to review an education record in order to fulfill his or her professional responsibilities for the institution.

4. The right to file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Education concerning alleged failures by the institution to comply with the requirements of FERPA. The name and address of the office that administers FERPA is:

Family Policy Compliance Office U.S. Department of Education 400 Maryland Avenue, SW Washington, DC 20202

RELEASE OF EDUCATIONAL RECORDS WITHOUT THE STUDENT'S CONSENT

There are a number of exceptions to FERPA's prohibition against nonconsensual disclosure of personally identifiable information (PII) from education records. Under these exceptions, the institution is permitted to disclose personally identifiable information from education records without consent, though it is not required to do so. Eligible students have a right to inspect and review the record of disclosures. Following is general information regarding some of these exceptions.

- Institutional officials who have legitimate educational interests. This includes contractors, consultants, volunteers, or other parties to whom the institution has outsourced institutional services or functions. Persons with a legitimate educational interest are typically employed by the institution in an administrative, counseling, supervisory, academic, or student services position or a support
- 2. Upon request, the institution also discloses education records without consent to officials of another institution in which a student seeks or intends to enroll, or state or local educational authorities.
- 3. To authorized representatives of the U. S. Comptroller General, the U.S. Attorney General, and the U.S. Secretary of Education.
- 4. In connection with an audit or evaluation of Federal or State supported education programs, or for the enforcement of or compliance with Federal legal requirements that relate to those programs.
- 5. In connection with financial aid for which the student has applied or which the student has received, if the information is necessary to determine eligibility for the aid, determine the amount of the aid, determine the conditions of the aid, or enforce the terms and conditions of the aid.
- 6. To organizations conducting studies for, or on behalf of, the institution, in order to: (a) develop, validate, or administer predictive tests; (b) administer student aid programs; or (c) improve instruction.
- 7. To accrediting organizations to carry out their accrediting functions.
- 8. To parents of an eligible student if the student is a dependent for IRS tax purposes.
- 9. To comply with a judicial order or lawfully issued subpoena.
- 10. To appropriate officials in connection with a health or safety emergency.
- 11. Information the institution has designated as "directory information."
- 12. To a victim of an alleged perpetrator of a crime of violence or a non-forcible sex offense. This disclosure may only include the final results of the disciplinary proceeding with respect to that alleged crime or offense, regardless of the finding.
- 13. To the general public, the final results of a disciplinary proceeding if the school determines the student is an alleged perpetrator of a crime of violence or non-forcible sex offense and the student has committed a violation of the institution's rules or policies with respect to the allegation made against him or her.

14. To parents of a student regarding the student's violation of any Federal, State, or local law, or if any rule or policy of the institution, governing the use or possession of alcohol or a controlled substance if the institution determines the student committed a disciplinary violation and the student is under the age of 21.

DIRECTORY INFORMATION NOTICE

In the course of normal operations, staff, faculty, students, and graduates, their educational programs, professional and academic accomplishments, career successes, etc., may be publicly recognized or publicized in news media, such as through newspaper articles and pictures, in brochures, television and radio advertisements, or in other types of advertising and publicity, social media, etc. The Institution reserves the right (and by enrolling the student grants permission) to utilize and publicize individual or group photographs and the educational, employment, and personal achievements and background of such individuals for the purposes described above and as described in the student's enrollment agreement. This information is known as Directory Information.

The institution may disclose appropriately designated "directory information" without written consent, unless you have advised the institution to the contrary by following the procedures outlined below.

Directory information, which is information that is generally not considered harmful or an invasion of privacy if released, can also be disclosed to outside organizations without prior written consent.

If you do not want the institution to disclose any or all of the types of information designated as directory information from your education records without your prior written consent, you must notify the College President in writing by the beginning date of your program or before each academic term of enrollment to prevent any further release from that point forward.

The institution has designated the following information as directory information; however, that does not necessarily mean it will be disclosed:

Directory Information			
Student's Name	Address		
Telephone Listing	Electronic Mail Address		
Photograph	Program of Study		
Dates of Attendance	Grade Level		
Participation in Officially Recognized Activities	Degrees, Honors, and Awards Received		
The Most Recent Educational Institution Attended			

Student Accommodations Policy

The Institution prohibits discrimination based on disability and is committed to ensuring that all qualified individuals with disabilities have the opportunity to participate in educational programs and activities on an equal basis. In accordance with applicable law and College policies, the College will provide reasonable accommodations to qualified individuals with disabilities on an individualized, case-by-case basis.

Students who wish to request accommodations should note the following:

• A student requesting an accommodation based on a disability must have a disability covered by law and meet the academic and technical standards required for admission or participation in the College's programs and activities, with or without reasonable accommodation.

- Appropriate supporting documentation may be requested. Documentation requirements vary according to each individual's disability and situation and must be from a qualified professional with relevant experience and no personal relationship with the individual being evaluated. Appropriate supporting documentation will generally provide information to establish the existence of the disability, describe the nature of the disability, explain the limitations of the student, and offer accommodation recommendations.
- Accommodation requests and supporting documentation are reviewed on an individualized, case-by-case basis.
- The College will engage in an interactive process with the student to determine what, if any, reasonable accommodations are available. Accommodations are not retroactive.
- The College is only obligated to provide reasonable accommodations. An accommodation is not reasonable if it would result in an undue burden or require a fundamental alteration of the College's programs or activities. Per Title IX, the Institution will provide a Leave of Absence to pregnant & postpartum recovery students if medically necessary.

Once a student's accommodation request has been approved, the College will prepare an Accommodation Plan outlining the approved accommodations.

Any complaint or grievance based on this policy will be addressed in accordance with the Dispute Resolution Procedure Notice found in the Institution's Catalog.

Student Body Diversity

Student Diversity

Fall 2023 Enrollment

Undergraduate Student Enrollment		
Total Enrollment	584	
Transfer-in enrollment	209	
Student-to-faculty ratio	17 to 1	

Undergraduate Student Characteristics			
Percent of undergraduates who are female	86%		
Percent of undergraduates who are full-time	100%		
Percent of undergraduates by race/ethnicity:			
American Indian or Alaska Native	0%		
Asian	1%		
Black or African American	5%		
Hispanic/Latino	1%		
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	0%		
White	90%		
Two or More Races	2%		
Race and ethnicity unknown	1%		
Nonresident alien	0%		
Percent of first-time degree/certificate seeking students from in state	86%		
Percent of first-time degree/certificate seeking students from in out-of-state	14%		
Percent of first-time degree/certificate seeking students from foreign countries	0%		

	Undergraduate Student Characteristics			
Percent of first-time degree/certificate seeking students residency unknown				
	Undergraduate Retention and Graduation Rate Cohor	rt		
	First-time, full-time student retention rate	64%		
	First-time, part-time retention rate	N/A		
	Graduation rate cohort as percent of total entering students	22%		

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Students Receiving Pell Grants		
tal grant aid awarded to all undergraduate students	\$4,07	'6,03

Total grant all awarded to all undergraduate students	\$4,076,038
Number of undergraduate students who were awarded a Pell Grant	487
Percentage of FTFT students who were awarded any financial aid	93%

	Percentage of FTFT students who were awarded grant aid by type	Average amount of grant aid awarded by type
Total	86%	\$9,218
Federal Government	80%	\$7,120
Pell	75%	\$6,566
Other Federal	57%	\$1,463
State/Local Government	53%	\$3,002
Institutional	45%	\$1,417

	Percentage of FTFT students who were awarded and accepted loans by type	Average amount of loans awarded and accepted by type	
Total	88%	\$4,928	
Federal	88%	\$4,928	
Non- federal	0%	\$0	

West Virginia Junior College Cost of Attendance 2024/2025 Award Year

The institution's Cost of Attendance listed below assumes fulltime enrollment and is for one academic Year. The Cost of Attendance is subject to change.

The Cost of Attendance is calculated based on the average amount assessed students across each program of study and each Cost of Attendance category. The institution's Catalog (Statement of Tuition and Fees) lists the actual cost of tuition and fees assessed by program.

Course Material, Supplies & Equipment, Personal and Miscellaneous Fees, Living Expenses (formerly Room and Board), and Transportation costs are expenses the

student will pay for on his or her own. These costs are estimates only and may vary substantially from student to student. Tuition and Fees and Laptop Charges in the Nursing program (if requested) will be charged directly to the student's account with the institution.

Students are charged a one-time application fee and Nursing program students are charged an additional seat fee that are paid prior to enrollment at the institution. These fees are not included in the Cost of Attendance.

Cost of Attendance Component	Off-Campus Not Living with Parent	Off-Campus Living with Parent		
All Programs Except Nursing, Pharmacy Technician, and Practical Nursing				
TUITION AND FEES	\$14,798	\$14,798		
COURSE MATERIAL, SUPPLIES & EQUIPMENT	\$419	\$419		
LIVING EXPENSES (FORMERLY ROOM AND BOARD)	\$9,352	\$3,808		
MISCELLANEOUS/PERSONAL EXPENSES	\$3,546	\$2,931		
TRANSPORTATION	\$1,877	\$1,551		
LOAN FEES	\$63	\$63		
TOTAL COST OF ATTENDANCE	\$30,055	\$23,570		
Nursing, Pharmacy Technician, and Practical Nursing Programs				
COST OF OBTAINING A LICENSE, CERTIFICATION, OR FIRST PROFESSIONAL CREDENTIAL	\$100	\$100		
TOTAL COST OF ATTENDANCE	\$30,155*	\$23,670*		

*Students enrolled in the Nursing program may elect to include a Laptop in the Cost of Attendance. The institution provides the Laptop to the student at a charge of \$860. This charge is at or below market rates and students are given the option of opting out and either using his or her own laptop or purchasing a laptop of his or her choosing. Opt out procedures are described in the institution's catalog.

Refund and Cancellation Policy

The following refund policy shall apply to students at the Institution's campus:

A. Cancellation:

By the Applicant – If within five days of signing the enrollment agreement an applicant would like to cancel his/her contract and receive a full refund of all tuition and fees paid, he/she must submit in writing, email or certified mail, to the College President notice of intent to cancel. The refund will be sent to the last address on record with the institution unless the written notice of cancellation provides an alternative.

By the Institution - An applicant who is accepted for admission may have his/her enrollment cancelled at the discretion of the Institution not later than forty-five (45) calendar days after the start of scheduled classes in the applicant's first payment period in school. This cancellation provision applies ONLY to students in their FIRST payment period of a first time enrollment. Applicants whose enrollment is cancelled will be given a full refund of all monies paid for first payment period tuition and Educational/ Resource fees. Five (5) days after the date the enrollment agreement is signed, the application fee and the seat fee are non-refundable. Students who continue attending classes in second or subsequent school payment periods (or after the 45-day cancellation period in the first payment period) and then drop out or are dismissed are subject to the refund policy described in the catalog which is available on the campus website or will be provided upon request. The cancellation period may be extended by the institution if it determines there are extenuating circumstances.

- B. Cancellation after Re-enrollment: An applicant who is accepted for re-enrollment may have his/her re-enrollment cancelled not later than 5 business days after signing the re-enrollment agreement. Applicants whose re-enrollment is cancelled will be given a full refund of all monies paid for the re-enrollment payment period only. The cancellation period may be extended by the institution if it determines there are extenuating circumstances.
- C. Cancellation after Program Change: An applicant who changes programs may have his/her enrollment in the new program cancelled not later than 5 business days after signing the program change enrollment

agreement. Applicants whose program change enrollment is cancelled will be given a full refund of all monies paid for the first payment period of the new program only. The cancellation period may be extended by the institution if it determines there are extenuating circumstances.

- D. Refund Students are charged tuition for each payment period during which they attend class. A student who begins classes and then withdraws, or is terminated, prior to the end of a payment period will receive a refund of tuition for that payment period in accordance with the standards described below.
 - 1. For a student withdrawing from school during the first week of the payment period, the tuition charges refunded by the institution shall be 75% of the tuition of the payment period.
 - 2. For a student withdrawing from school during the second week of the payment period, the tuition charges refunded by the institution shall be 50% of the tuition for the payment period.
 - 3. For a student withdrawing from school during the third week of the payment period, the tuition charges refunded by the institution shall be 25% of the tuition for the payment period.
 - 4. For a student withdrawing from school during or after the fourth week of the payment period, the student is entitled to no refund.
 - 5. The refund shall apply only to that payment period (the payment period in which the student discontinued attendance prior to the end of the payment period); tuition and fees for all prior payment periods have been earned and are not subject to refund. Refunds will be made only of tuition actually charged, received, and retained by the institution. The institution will retain tuition equal to the tuition charged for the payment period, less the refund as calculated in this policy.
 - 6. Refunds will be made to the program, public or private entity, or student as described elsewhere in this policy, and in accordance with the rules of any financial assistance program from which the student received aid. All other fees and or charges are not refundable.
- E. For purposes of computing the amount of refund due, if any, for students who discontinue attendance for any reason after enrollment and commencement of classes, the last date of attendance from the Institution will be used in the computation of the student's refund. The last date of attendance is defined as the last day a student had an academic related activity. The institution will begin the refund process no later than 45 days after the date of determination (DOD). If a student begins the official withdrawal process or provides official notification to the school of his or her intent to withdraw, the DOD will be the date the student begin the official withdrawal process or provide a notification, whichever is later. If a student did not begin the official withdrawal process or provide a notification of his or her intent to withdraw, the DOD would be the date the institution became aware that the student ceased attendance.
- F. This refund policy shall apply to all situations in which a student ceases attending classes prior to graduation whether such cessation is the result of the student's voluntary decision to withdraw, the expulsion of the student by the Institution, or reasons beyond the control of either party.
- G. Notifications of withdrawal or cancellation and requests for refund must be in writing and addressed to the College President; however, failure to make such written notification or requests shall not invalidate the student's rights under this contract to withdraw, cancel enrollment or receive the refund to which the student would otherwise be entitled.

Tuition Refund Illustration



Return to Title IV Policy

The law specifies how West Virginia Junior College must determine the amount of Title IV program assistance funds that a student earns if he or she withdraws from school. A student is considered withdrawn if the student ceases attendance and is not scheduled to begin another course within the payment period. If the student is enrolled in programs taught in modules, the student is considered withdrawn if the student ceases attendance and is not scheduled to begin another course within the payment period. If the student is not scheduled to begin another course within the payment period for more than 45 calendar days after the end of the module the student ceased attending.

A student is not considered to have withdrawn (in the case a student is enrolled in a program taught in modules) if the institution obtains written confirmation from the student at the time of withdrawal that he or she will attend a later module in the same payment period.

Additionally, there are exceptions to when a student is considered withdrawn. For all programs, a student who completes all the requirements for graduation from his or her program before completing the days or hours in the period that he or she was schedule to complete is not considered to have withdrawn. For programs offered in modules, a student is not considered to have withdrawn if the student successfully completes one module that includes 49 percent or more of the number of days in the payment period, excluding schedule breaks of five or more consecutive days and all days between modules. Successful completion means earning at least one passing grade. For programs offered in modules, a student is not considered to have withdrawn if the student successfully completes coursework equal to or greater than the coursework required for the institution's definition of half-time status (6 credit hours) for the payment period. Successful completion means earning at least one passing grade.

If a student does not meet one of the exceptions above, a calculation is performed to determine the amount of federal student aid a student has earned up to his or her point of withdrawal.

The Title IV Federal student aid programs covered by this Return to Title IV policy are Federal Pell Grants, Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grants, Direct Loans (Subsidized and Unsubsidized), Direct PLUS Loans, and Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (FSEOG).

Though the student's aid is posted to the student's account at the start of each payment period, the student earns the funds as he or she completes the payment period. If the student withdraws during the payment period, the amount of Title IV program assistance that was earned up to that point is determined by a specific formula. If the student received (or the institution or parent received on your behalf) less assistance than the amount earned, the student may be able to receive those additional funds. If the student received more assistance than the amount earned, the amount earned, the excess funds must be returned by the institution and or the student.

The amount of assistance that is earned is determined on a pro rata basis. For example, if a student completed 30% of the payment period, the student earned 30% of the assistance that was originally scheduled for the student to receive. Once the student has completed more than 60% of the payment period, the student earned all the assistance that was scheduled for the student to receive for that period. If the student did not receive all the funds that were earned, the student may be due a post-withdrawal disbursement. If the post-withdrawal disbursement includes loan funds, the institution will obtain the student's (or parent's in the case of a PLUS Loan) permission before it can disburse them. The student (or parent) may choose to decline some or all the loan funds so that additional debt is not incurred. West Virginia Junior College may automatically use all or a portion of your post-withdrawal disbursement of grant funds for tuition and fees. Any excess grant funds will be disbursed to the student. West Virginia Junior College needs a student's permission to use the post-withdrawal grant disbursement for all other institutional charges. If the student does not give permission, the funds cannot be used for institutional charges. However, it may be in the student's best interest to allow the

school to keep the funds to reduce the debt at the school. If a student is eligible for a post-withdrawal disbursement for Title IV funds, it will be processed for the student and a refund will be issued within 14 days of the credit balance.

If the student (or parent) received excess Title IV program funds that must be returned, the institution will return a portion of the excess equal to the lesser of:

- 1. the institutional charges multiplied by the unearned percentage of the student's Title IV funds, or
- 2. the entire amount of excess funds.

West Virginia Junior College must return this amount even if it didn't keep this amount of the Title IV program funds.

If West Virginia Junior College is not required to return all of the excess funds, the student must return the remaining amount. For any loan funds that the student must return, the student (or the parent for a Direct PLUS Loan) must repay the loan in accordance with the terms and conditions of the promissory note. That is, a student will make scheduled payments to the holder of the loan over a period of time.

Any amount of unearned grant funds that the student must return is called an overpayment. The maximum amount of a grant overpayment that the student must repay is half of the grant funds received or were scheduled to receive. A student does not have to repay a grant overpayment if the original amount of the overpayment is \$50 or less. The student must make arrangements with West Virginia Junior College or the Department of Education to return the unearned grant funds.

Funds that are returned to the federal government are used to reduce the outstanding balances in individual federal programs. Unearned financial aid returned by the West Virginia Junior College must be allocated in the following order:

- 1. Federal Unsubsidized Direct Loan
- 2. Federal Subsidized Direct Loan
- 3. Federal Direct Parent Loan (PLUS)
- 4. Federal Pell Grant
- 5. Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grants
- 6. Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant (SEOG)

If the institution is required to return Title IV funds as a result of the Return to Title IV calculation, this return will occur within 45 days of the date the institution determined you have withdrawn.

The requirements for Title IV program funds when a student withdraws are separate from the refund policy that the institution has. Therefore, the student may still owe funds to West Virginia Junior College to cover unpaid institutional charges. The institution may also charge the student for any Title IV program funds that the institution was required to return. Students should review the institution's cancellation and refund policy which is described in the West Virginia Junior College catalog.

To officially withdraw, a student should contact the College President (verbally or in writing).

An Unofficial Withdrawal Occurs when:

- A student leaves the school without notice, Or
- When all courses in which the student is enrolled are given a W or WF grade due to non- completion of the course.

The student's last date of attendance or participation in any academic activity will be the date used to calculate the Return of Title IV Funds. This last date of attendance is determined by using the institution's attendance records.

Return to Title IV Illustration



Example 1 Attended 24 days of the payment period which is 84 days in length. 24/84 = 29% FSA Earned 71% of FSA Will Be Returned

Example 2 Attended 52 days of the payment period which is 84 days in length. 52/84 = 62% FSA Earned 100% of FSA Earned with 0% Returned

Textbook Information

Program Area	Title	Publisher	Author	Edition	Publication Date	ISBN	Price
Business	Law for Business	Cengage	John D. Ashcroft	19th	NA	VS9798214337029R180	\$56.99
Business	BUSN 11	Cengage	Marcella Kelly/ Chuck Williams		Jan-16	VS9780357123010R180	\$81.25
Business	Human Resource Management	Cengage	R.L. Mathis & J. H. Jackson	16th	2020	9780357033852	\$236.95
Business	Human Resource Management: Essential Perspectives	Cengage	R.L. Mathis & J. H. Jackson	7th	Jan-15	9781305115248	\$239.95
Business	Practical Math Applications	Cengage	Burton, Shelton	3rd	Aug-10	1133007724R180	\$14.30
Business	MGMT	Cengage	Chuck Williams	10th	Feb-17	VS9781337516655R180	\$49.99
Business	Business Finance	Cengage	Les R. Diabay, Jams L. Burrow	1st	Mar-07	1111801371	\$17.49
Business	SELL	Cengage	Thomas N. Ingram	5th	Feb-16	VS9781337000499R180	\$79.95
Business	Income Tax Fundamentals	Cengage	Whittenburg	2021	Dec-20	VS9780357141526R180	\$52.49
Cybersecurity	CompTIA Linux+ Certification Exam XK0-005 (Student)	30 Bird	NA		Jul-22	9781646856312	\$64.79
Cybersecurity	CompTIA PenTest+ Certification PT0-002	30 Bird	NA		Oct-21	9781646855155	\$64.80

Program Area	Title	Publisher	Author	Edition	Publication Date	ISBN	Price
Cybersecurity	CompTIA Cybersecurity Analyst+ (CySA+) Certification CS0-003	30 Bird	NA		Jun-23	978-1-64685-284-0	\$64.80
Cybersecurity	CompTIA Cybersecurity Analyst+ (CySA+) Certification CS0-002	30 Bird	NA		Apr-20	978-1-64685-284-0	\$64.80
Cybersecurity	Network+ Certification N10-008	30 Bird	NA		Sep-21	978-1-64685-461-5	\$54.35
Cybersecurity	CompTIA Network N10-008 Exam Cram	Pearson	Emmett Dulaney	7th	Oct-21	VS978013737570	\$42.99
CyberSecurity	IT Fundamentals (maps to CompTIA exam FC0-U61)	30 Bird			2019	VS9781950889693	\$54.35
Cybersecurity	CompTIA Security+ Certification SY0-701	30 Bird			2023	VS9781646856572	\$54.35
Dental	Modern Dental Assisting	Elsevier	Debbie Robinson	14th	May-23	VS9780323882439	\$91.50
Dental	Essentials of Dental Radiography	Pearson	Thomson, Evelyn/ Johnson, Orlen	10th	Jan-17	VS9780134449784r180	\$44.99
Dental	Dental Materials Properties and Manipulations	Elsevier	Powers, John M./ Wataha, John C.	9th	2008	VS9780323049641R180	\$17.15
Dental	Understanding Pharmacology for Health Professionals	Cengage	Ruth Woodrow/ Bruce Cobert/ David Smith	6th	2011	VS9780136831419R180	\$44.99
Dental	Practice Management for the Dental Team	C.V. Mosby	Betty Ladley Finkbeiner	6th	Dec-05	VS0323033822R730	\$34.18
Dental	Modern Dental Assisting	Elsevier	Debbie Robinson	14th	Jun-23	VS9780323882439	\$91.50
Dental	ORAL ANATOMY,HISTOLOGY & EMBRYOLOGY	Elsevier	G.R. Holland/ Bernard Moxham	5th	Dec-02	VS9780723438120R180	\$34.00
Dental	Dental Terminology	Cengage	Christine Dofka	Зrd	2012	VS9781285401270R180	\$49.49
Dental	Primary Preventive Dentistry	Pearson	Franklin Garcia- Godoy, Norman Harris, and Christine Nathe	8th	Jun-13	VS9780133560954	\$74.99
Gen Ed	Essential Environment: The Science Behind the Stories	Pearson	Jay Withgott/ Matthew Laposata	5th	2014	VS9780321976864R180	\$33.78
Gen Ed	Becoming a Critical Thinker	Cengage	Vincent Ryan Ruggiero	8th	Jan-14	9781285974538	\$20.02
Gen Ed	PSYCH	Cengage	Spencer A. Rathus	7th	Feb-21	VS9798214351414R180	\$57.18
Gen Ed	Harbrace Essentials with Resources for Writing in the Disciplines	Cengage	Cheryl Gray	2nd	2008	9781285451817	\$28.57
Healthcare/ Business	Leadership: Enhancing the Lessons of Experience	McGraw Hill	Richard L. Hughes	10th	Jan-21	VS9781264071470R180	\$56.24

Program Area	Title	Publisher	Author	Edition	Publication Date	ISBN	Price
IT	CompTIA A+ Certification, Core 1: Exam 220-1101	30 Bird	NA	NA	NA	VS9781646855391	\$54.34
IT	CompTIA A+ Certification, Core 2: Exam 220-1102	30 Bird	NA	NA	NA	VS9781646855452	\$54.34
IT	CCNA 200-301 Volume 1 Official Cert Guide, Wendell Odom	Ciscopress	NA	NA	NA	978-1-58714-714-2	\$57.99
Medical	HCPCS LEVEL II PROFESSIONAL 2024	American Medical Association	NA	2024	Jan-24	9781640162945	\$41.50
Medical	Today's Medical Assistant	Elsevier	Bonewit-West	4th	Mar-20	9780323581271	\$132.00
Medical	Medical Law and Ethics	Pearson	Fremgen, B.F.	6th	Sep-19	VS9780135414804R180	\$21.79
Medical	ICD-10-CM EXPERT FOR HOSPITALS	Cengage	Optum	Current Year 2024	2024	9781622548767	\$109.00
Medical	Buck's 2023 Step-by-Step Medical Coding	Elsevier	Elsevier	Current Year 2024	Nov-22	VS9780323874410	\$93.99
Medical	CPT PROFESSIONAL SPIRAL	Cengage	American Medical Association	Current Year 2025	Oct. 2024	VS9781640163058r180	\$68.95
Medical	Introduction to Pharmacology	Elsevier	Mary Kaye Asperheim	12th	Oct-11	9781455737451	\$53.34
Medical	Medical Terminology for Health Professions.	Cengage	Ann Ehrlich, Carol L. Schroeder, Laura Ehrlich, Katrina A. Schroeder	9th	Sep-21	VS9798214348827R180	\$50.99
Pharmacy Tech.	Mosby's Pharmacy Technician Exam Review	Elsevier	James J. Mizner	4th	Aug-19	978-0-323-49724-4	\$69.95
Pharmacy Tech.	Pharmacy Practice for Technician's	Paradigm Education Solutions	McKennon, Skye/ Anderson, Robert	7th	Dec-20	NA	see below
Pharmacy Tech.	Pharmacy Calculations for Technicians	Paradigm Education Solutions	McKennon, Skye	7th	Dec-20	NA	see below
Pharmacy Tech.	Pharmacy Practice for Technician's	Paradigm Education Solutions	McKennon, Skye/ Anderson, Robert	7th	Dec-20	NA	see below
Pharmacy Tech.	Pharmacy Labs for Technicians	Paradigm Education Solutions	Sparks, Jason/ McCartney, Lisa, Barriera, Nicole/ Lubin, Wendy	4th	Dec-20	NA	all four \$288
Nursing	Fundamentals of Nursing	Elsevier	Potter/Perry/ Stockert/Hall	11th Edition	2022	VS9780323812153	\$123.99
Nursing	Calculation of Drug Dosages - A Work Text	Elsevier	Ogden/Fluharty	11th Edition	2020	VS9780323551281	\$68.99
Nursing	Physical Examination and Health Assessment	Elsevier	Jarvis, C.	9th Edition	2023	VS9780323811729	\$113.99

Program Area	Title	Publisher	Author	Edition	Publication Date	ISBN	Price
Nursing	Nursing Diagnosis Handbook	Elsevier	Ackley, B; Ladwig, G; Makic, MBF; Martinez-Kratz, MR; Zanotti, M	13th Edition	2020	VS9780323551120	\$54.99
Nursing	Mosby's Diagnostic & Laboratory Test Reference	Elsevier	Pagana/Pagana/ Pagana	16th Edition	2022	9780323683555	\$64.99
Nursing	Saunders Nursing Drug Handbook 2025	Elsevier	Kizlor/Hodgson	2025	2025	9780443120480	\$44.99
Nursing	Lehne's Pharmacology for Nursing Care	Elsevier	Burchum, J., \$ Rosenthal, L.	12th Edition	2023	9780443107108	\$99.99
Nursing	Workbook: Study Guide- Lehne's Pharmacology for Nursing Care	Elsevier	Burchum, J., \$ Rosenthal, L.	12th Edition	2023	9780443106194	\$32.99
Nursing	Gerontologic Nursing	Elsevier	Meiner/Yeager	6th Edition	2019	VS9780323498098	\$75.99
Nursing	Medical-Surgical Nursing - Concepts for Interprofessional Collaborative Care	Elsevier	lgnatavicius/ Workman/Rebar/ Heimgartner	10th Edition	2021	VS9780323654043	\$147.99
Nursing	Journey Across the Life Span 6th ed.	FA Davis	Polan/Taylor	6th Edition	2019	VS9780803698987R365	\$51.95
Nursing	Microbiology A Systems Approach	McGraw- Hill	Cowan/Smith	6th Edition	2020	VS9781260451290R180	\$55.00
Nursing	Maternity and Pediatric Nursing	Lippincott/ Wolters Kluwer	Ricci/Kyle/ Carman	4th Edition	2020	VS9781975139780	\$151.99
Nursing	Townsends Essentials of Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing	F A Davis	Morgan	9th Edition	2022	VS9781719647564	\$100.95
Nursing	Essentials of Nursing Leadership and Management	F A Davis	Weiss/Tappen/ Grimley	7th Edition	2019	VS9780803699939R180	\$23.98
Nursing	Community and Public Health Nursing	Wolters Kluwer	Rector, C. & Stanley, M.J.	10th Edition	2021	9781975123062	\$118.99
Nursing	Introduction to Critical Care Nursing	Elsevier	Sole/Klein/ Moseley	8th Edition	2021	VS9780323759663R180	\$40.80

Facilities and Equipment

The College's campus facility is located in a commercial building which is conveniently located in a Downtown area, with parking nearby. The facility is well maintained and periodically updated to meet the changing educational requirements brought about by the rapidly changing demands placed on today's workforce; however, the facility will always include at a minimum two or more computer labs, a basic resource center, a medical lab, a nursing lab, general purpose classrooms, restrooms, a student lounge/resource center, and administrative offices. Applicants for admission have the option to visit the campus and review the facilities and equipment during or prior to the admissions process and prior to enrolling. Additionally, there is access into the building on the first, second, and third floors.

The College maintains computer labs, which contain computer hardware and software. The institution periodically updates or changes its hardware and software to meet student educational requirements and local market needs, but each computer lab will normally contain at least twenty computers. Software applications in which the student receives instruction will vary based on the student's specific program; however, the software that the institution utilizes includes common applications such as word processing, database applications and spreadsheet applications, as well as specialized applications for more advanced classes.

The College maintains various types of medical instruments/equipment and pharmacy instruments and equipment in its medical lab, pharmacy lab, and nursing lab for the clinical and lab training of medical, pharmacy, and nursing students in programs that include a clinical or lab component. The equipment includes the type of equipment typically found in a doctor's office clinic, or pharmacy. The equipment includes: Examination table with stool, supply storage cabinets, examination tools of various kinds, blood pressure cuffs, stethoscopes, sterile processing supplies, laminar air flow hoods, point of sale technology, class 3 prescription balance, compounding hotplate with magnetic stirrer, various types of minor surgery equipment and CPR materials.

Building regulations may be posted in the resource center or other locations throughout the facility. Students are also familiarized with the building regulations during orientation. Failure to comply with building regulations may result in disciplinary action, including termination from school. Any student who damages the campus buildings, grounds or equipment will be held financially responsible. Smoking is prohibited anywhere in the building.

Board of Directors
Chad T. Callen*
Sharon Rhoads
Patricia A. Callen
*Chairman of the Board

Corporate Officers						
President	Samantha Esposito					
Vice-President	Patricia A. Callen					
Secretary/Treasurer	Debra L. Shoemaker					

Administration & Staff					
College President	Samantha Esposito, BS				
Academic Dean: Non-Nursing	Brittany Nuzzo, M. Ed.				
Nursing Program Director	Chelsea Gianni, RN, MSN, FNP-BC				
Program Director: Information Technology and Cybersecurity; IT Administrator	Robin Addis, MBA				
Program Director in Training: Cybersecurity	Tom Pinkerton, MS				
Program Director: Dental Assisting	Jamie Stine, CDA, EFDA				
Allied Health Program Director: Clinical Medical Assistant, Medical Assisting, Medical Office Administration, Medical Coding, Healthcare Administration	Dr. Kacey L. Eagle, DHA, CCMA, CPC-A				
Program Director: Pharmacy Technician	Jamie McGuire, CPhT				
Program Director: Business Administration, Business Office Administration, Business Administration/Accounting, and Business Administration/Human Resources	Dustin Blankenship, JD, MPA				
RN to BSN Track Coordinator	Danica Ceran, MSN, FNP- BC				
Director of Simulation Education	Brian Harris				
Simulation Technician	Ashley Bane				
Simulation Technician	Jordan Crane				

Administration & Staff	
Simulation Technician	Jason Dobbs
Simulation Technician	Richard Heater
Nursing Clinical Coordinator	Kim Pratt
TEAS Test Coordinator	Courtney Copeland
Librarian	Helen Snaith, MLS
Nursing Career Management Director	Malana Malonson, MS
Career Management Director	Sam Dobson, BS
Career Management Director	Craig Monte, BA
Clinical Medical Assistant and Medical Assisting Program Supervisor/Medical Externship Coordinator	Carrie Friend, CCMA
Orientation Coordinator	Jon Ream
Financial Aid Regional Manager	Savannah Poyer
Financial Aid Director	Patricia A. Callen
Financial Aid Representative	Lisa Janesko
Financial Aid Representative	Paula Johnson
Financial Aid Representative	Kristen Russell
Financial Aid Representative	Derek Brown
Financial Aid Representative	Parker Rhoads
Director of Admissions	Ali Sensabaugh
High School Presenter and Community Development Coordinator	Matt Hahn
Admissions Team Lead	Debra Boyd
Admissions Team Lead	Hailea DeWitt
Admissions	Allison Halley
Admissions	Alainah Johnson
Admissions	Mackenzie Kirby
Admissions	Hannah Maxwell
Admissions	Sara Moats
Admissions	Beverly Smith
Admissions	Seven Surack
Admissions	Mikenzie Warth
Admissions	Briar Williams
Registrar	Diane Hevner
IT Technician	Robert Anderson
IT Technician	David Dille
Nursing Administrative Assistant	Erica Murray
Administrative Assistant	Haylie Smith
Executive Administrative Assistant	Gianna Villanueva
Executive Administrative Assistant	Megan Weber

Faculty					
Name	Degree	Granting Institution	Status		
Robin Addis	MBA BS	Waynesburg College Waynesburg College	Full-Time		
Bryce Adkins	JD BA	West Virginia University University of Charleston	Part-Time		

		Faculty	
Raetta Allen	AS	Springfield Community and Technical College	Part-Time
Samuel Batman	MA	University of Dayton	Part-Time
Dustin Blankenship	JD MPA BA	West Virginia University West Virginia University Concord University	Full-Time
Jeffrey Bolyard	AA	West Virginia Junior College	Part-Time
Tyler Borchin	MS	Indiana University of Pennsylvania	Part-Time
Kaylynd Brown	AA	West Virginia Junior College	Part-Time
Sara Bruschi	MS BA	Saint Vincent College Saint Vincent College	Part-Time
Rebecca Clendenin	SAD	West Virginia Junior College	Part-Time
Ashley Cubic	AA	Pennsylvania Institute of Health and Technology	Part-Time
Samuel Dobson	BS	Concord University	Full-Time
Kacey L. Eagle	DHA MHA BHA AA	University of Phoenix University of Phoenix University of Phoenix West Virginia Northern Community College	Full-Time
Lisa Frank	M.Ed. BS	Central Michigan University California University of Pennsylvania	Part-Time
Carrie Friend	SAD	West Virginia Junior College	Full-Time
Jennifer Hamilton	AA	Carrington College	Part-Time
Rachel Hamrick	SAD	West Virginia Junior College	Part-Time
Katie Harvey	MBA BA	Marshall University West Virginia University	Part-Time
Gabrielle Jamison	AAB	East Ohio College	Part-Time
Tammy Kaylor	Pharm D.	Duquesne University	Part-Time
Katelyn Kimball	AAB	West Virginia Junior College	Part-Time
Travis Kimmel	BS AA	California University of Pennsylvania Pennsylvania Institute of Health and Technology	Part-Time
Toni Lewis	AA	West Virginia Junior College	Part-Time
Robert Lynch	AS AA	Pierpont Community & Technical College West Virginia Junior College	Full-Time
Malana Malonson	BS MS	Salem State University Salem State University	Full-Time
Damian Martinez	AA	West Virginia Junior College	Part-Time
Jamie McGuire	AA Diploma	West Virginia Junior College Monongalia Technical Education Center	Full-Time
Kaitlyn Merriman	AAB	Ohio Valley College of Technology	Part-Time
Danielle Miller	AA	BridgeValley Community and Technical College	Part-Time
Craig Monte	BS	University of Pittsburgh	Full-Time
Gracilyn Mounts	AA	West Virginia Junior College	Part-Time
Brittany L. Nuzzo	M.Ed. BA	West Virginia University Marshall University	Full-Time
Brian O'Dell	AA	West Virginia Junior College	Full-Time
Tom Pinkerton	MS BS	Marshall University Marshall University	Part-Time

	Faculty					
Ronald Price	MS BS	City University of Seattle City University of Seattle	Part-Time			
Jon Ream	BS AAB	Western Governors University Ohio Valley College of Technology	Part-Time			
Renee Rieke	MBA BA BA	University of Phoenix West Virginia University West Virginia University	Part-Time			
Cheyenne Rhodes	AAB	Ohio Valley College of Technology	Part-Time			
Renee Rollins	AA Diploma	West Virginia Junior College Putnam County Technical Center	Part-Time			
Cathy Scarcelli	M.Ed. BS	Longwood University West Virginia University	Part-Time			
Kristen Scott	AAS AAB	Ohio Valley College of Technology Ohio Valley College of Technology	Part-Time			
Cindi Settle	Ed.S. M.A. B.A.	Marshall University Graduate College Marshall University Graduate College University of Charleston	Part-Time			
Kelly Shriver	MPS BS	Middle Tennessee State University Robert Morris University	Part-Time			
Christy Stephenson	MS BS	Liberty University West Virginia State University	Part-Time			
Jamie Stine	AAS	Ohio Valley College of Technology	Full-Time			
Bobbi Straface	MA MA BS	West Virginia University West Virginia University West Virginia University	Part-Time			
Kayla Townsend	AA	West Virginia Junior College	Part-Time			
Bobby Viands	AA Diploma	West Virginia Junior College West Virginia Junior College	Part-Time			
Dawn Wooten	AAB	Ohio Valley College of Technology	Part-Time			

Nursing Faculty					
Name	Degree	Granting Institution	Status		
Wendlie Alderman	DNP MSN BSN Diploma	Colorado Christian University West Virginia Wesleyan College Mountain State University Academy of Careers and Technology	Part-Time		
Stephanie Andenora	MSN BSN	Marshall University West Liberty University	Part-Time		
Emma Bell	BSN	Gannon University	Part-Time		
Jennifer Callear	MSN BSN	Chatham University California University of Pennsylvania	Part-Time		
Eddie Carver	MSN BSN ASN	Aspen University Aspen University Southern West Virginia Community and Technical College	Part-Time		
Danica Ceran	MSN BSN	West Virginia University West Virginia University	Full-Time		
Stephen Codispoti	MSN BSN ADN	Capella University Capella University Southern West Virginia Community and Technical College	Part-Time		
Janine Conner	MSN BSN ASN	Grand Canyon University Nevada State College Gulf Coast Community College	Part-Time		

		Nursing Faculty	
Destiny Coster	BSN	University of Nebraska Medical Center	Part-Time
Haley Crum	MSN ASN	Franklin University Southern West Virginia Community and Technical College	Part-Time
Drew Cubic	MSN BSN	California University of Pennsylvania Waynesburg University	Part-Time
Jordan Dent	BSN ADN	West Virginia University Kanawha Valley Community and Technical College	Part-Time
Cathy DeWitt	BSN MSN MBA	University of Maryland University of Phoenix University of Phoenix	Full-Time
Lisa Everson	BSN ASN	Davis and Elkins College Davis and Elkins College	Part-Time
Paige Francisco	DNP MSN BSN ASN	Eastern Kentucky University Marshall University Marshall University University of Charleston	Part-Time
Julie Furajter	MSN BSN ASN	Purdue University Global Pennsylvania State University Pennsylvania State University	Part-Time
Chelsea Gianni	MSN BSN	West Virginia University West Virginia University	Full-Time
Emily Griffioen	MSN BSN	Drexel University Waynesburg University	Part-Time
Melissa Hackney	MSN BSN	Aspen University University of Charleston	Part-Time
Becky Helmick	BSN	Alderson Broaddus University	Part-Time
Caitlyn Hensley	BSN	West Virginia University	Part-Time
Amy Holt	BSN	Pennsylvania State University	Part-Time
Mikayla Hopwood	BSN	West Virginia University	Part-Time
Theresa Hoskins	MSN BSN ADN	Chamberlain College of Nursing Chamberlain College of Nursing West Virginia Northern Community College	Part-Time
Holly Hudkins	BSN ASN	Fairmont State University Fairmont State College	Part-Time
Makinsey Jenkins	BSN ASN BS	Fairmont State University Fairmont State University West Virginia University	Part-Time
Kylie Keedy	BSN	The Pennsylvania State University	Part-Time
Brittany Kinest	MSN BSN	Duquesne University Duquesne University	Part-Time
Amanda Landis	BSN	Mountain State University	Part-Time
Ellie Lepkowski	BSN	The University of Toledo	Part-Time
Marian Longstreth	MSN MBA BSN	Waynesburg University Waynesburg University Waynesburg University	Part-Time
Concetta Lulla	BSN	Chamberlin University	Part-Time
Erica McBee	BSN	West Virginia Wesleyan College	Part-Time
Matthew Mills	BSN	West Virginia University	Part-Time
Patti Mirandy	BSN	The Pennsylvania State University	Part-Time

		Nursing Faculty	
Susan Mitchell	MSN BSN	West Virginia Wesleyan College Alderson Broaddus College	Part-Time
Kelly Moreland	BSN	Pennsylvania State University	Part-Time
Kendal Parkins	BSN ADN	University of Charleston University of Charleston	Part-Time
Cody Perry	BSN ADN BS	University of Charleston Southern West Virginia Community and Technical College University of Phoenix	Part-Time
Lori Prunty	MSN BSN BS	Shenandoah University Shenandoah University Frostburg State University	Part-Time
Jenny Saunders	BSN ASN	West Virginia University Institute of Technology Southern West Virginia Community and Technical College	Part-Time
Holly Schell	MSN BSN ASN	Capella University St. Petersburg College West Virginia Northern Community College	Part-Time
Aaron Settle	DSM MS BS	United States Sports Academy Marshall University University of Charleston	Part-Time
Charity Spencer	BSN	Mountain State University	Part-Time
Olivia Sutton	MSN BSN	South College University The Pennsylvania State University	Part-Time
Ashley Thompson	MSN BSN	Grand Canyon University Ohio University Eastern	Part-Time
Stanley Timinski	MSN BSN	Drexel University West Virginia University	Part-Time
Robyn Toner	BSN	West Virginia University	Part-Time
Michelle Towne	MSN BSN	University of Phoenix University of Phoenix	Full-Time
Sariah Waldron	BSN ADN	West Virginia University Fairmont State University	Part-Time
lssaiah Wallace	DNP MSN BSN ADN	West Virginia Wesleyan College West Virginia Wesleyan College Chamberlain University Salem International University	Part-Time
Rachel Ward	BSN	Virginia Commonwealth University	Part-Time
Kayla Watson	DNP MSN BSN	West Virginia University West Virginia University West Virginia University	Full-Time
Melissa White	BSN ADN	The Pennsylvania State University-Fayette The Pennsylvania State University-Fayette	Part-Time
Theresa Williams	D. Ed. MS MSN MBA BSN	Northcentral University Western Governors University Walden University Bakers College Wisconsin State University	Part-Time
Therese Wilson	MSN BSN ASN	California University of Pennsylvania The Pennsylvania State University The Pennsylvania State University	
Heather Wood	MSN BSN	Liberty University Liberty University	Part-Time
April Yancey	BSN	West Virginia University	Part-Time

Faculty Statuses are listed as Full-Time, Part-Time, or Adjunct based on the faculty member's status as of the date of publication.

The faculty and staff listing is updated on a quarterly basis. Scheduling needs and faculty availability change from quarter to quarter so there is no guarantee that any particular faculty member will be teaching any particular course.

Transferring Credits/Degrees/Academic Credentials* & Articulation Agreements

TO THIS INSTITUTION

Once the institution has made the determination that the education or training is substantially similar to the institution's coursework, transfer credit will be accepted on the following basis.

- 1. College credits earned at another institution accredited by an agency recognized by the United States Department of Education (USDE) or the Council for Higher Education Accreditation (CHEA) may be accepted on the basis of an official transcript provided when "C" or better grades were earned at the previous institution.
- 2. AP college credits may be accepted on the basis of a valid transcript issued by the College Board reflecting a score of 3 or higher.
- 3. Dual enrollment college credits may be accepted on the basis of a valid transcript issued by the student's high school reflecting a grade no lower than an A-.
- 4. Credit for military experience may be accepted for appropriate learning acquired in military service on the basis of recommendations made by the American Council of Education's (ACE) Guide to the Evaluation of Educational Experiences in the Armed Forces.
- 5. Work Experience Credit in the amount of one, four credit course may be granted for prior work experience under only the following circumstances.
 - The student meets with the Program Director prior to beginning the program. This is necessary to allow the Program Director to assess the viability of work experience credit before course scheduling begins.
 - The student will complete the Work Experience Course Credit Application. This application will include a portfolio within which the student must demonstrate competence in each of the course's learning objectives.
 - This application will be submitted to the Program Director at least two weeks prior to term in which the course would be scheduled. The Program Director will make the credit assessment. The Program Director's decision is final.
- 6. No more than seventy-five (75%) of the total number of a program's credit hours will be accepted as transfer credits.
- 7. Acceptance of transfer credits is at the Institution's discretion. The student may be asked to provide course descriptions or other pertinent information necessary to evaluate coursework for which transfer of credit is being sought. In cases where proficiency may be in doubt, the institution reserves the right to test for proficiency.
- 8. Nursing Program Please refer to the nursing student handbook for additional requirements regarding transfer credit for the nursing program.

FROM THIS INSTITUTION TO OTHER EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

Students are advised that it is frequently difficult to transfer credits (or degrees, diplomas, or other academic credentials) from one educational institution to another institution even if both institutions are accredited. Different educational institutions have different missions, so they design their curriculum, courses and educational programs differently. As a result, classes taken at one institution frequently will not

match up very well with classes offered at another. Also, some educational institutions require specific institutional or educational program accreditation as a condition to accepting credits from another institution. Therefore, students should not enroll at this or any educational institution, if there is any possibility they may want to transfer academic credit or credentials (diplomas, degrees, certificates) to another educational institution unless they have determined in advance that they will be able to transfer credits. See the "Other Important Credit Transfer Information" section below for more important information.

FROM OTHER WEST VIRGINIA JUNIOR COLLEGE, EAST OHIO COLLEGE, OR UNITED CAREER INSTITUTE CAMPUSES

Credits received from other West Virginia Junior College, East Ohio College, or United Career Institute campuses will be accepted with a "D" or better grade. However, the receiving campus reserves the right to require the student to repeat any course if, in its sole opinion, there are substantial deficiencies in the student's knowledge of the course subject matter.

OTHER IMPORTANT CREDIT TRANSFER INFORMATION

The Institution's occupational degree programs are terminal degrees; therefore, students should assume that credits earned are not transferrable to another program or institution. Furthermore, **this Institution offers programs and courses with a career training emphasis designed to assist the graduate in obtaining employment; they are not designed for transfer**. In addition, the Institution does not offer programs or courses (with or without a liberal arts/academic emphasis offered at many two and four year colleges) designed to transfer. As such, although this Institution's accreditation demonstrates that it has met recognized academic and educational standards, **courses, credits, degrees, diplomas or certificates awarded by this Institution are generally not transferable** to other educational institutions. It should also be noted that there are different types of accreditation. If the school to which a student may desire to transfer credits has different accreditation from this institution, credits may not transfer. Therefore, this accredited Institution does not imply, promise or guarantee the transferability of any course, credit, degree, diploma, or credentials earned at this Institution to any other educational institution. Prospective students must decide if their goal is short term, career focused training that this school offers or broadly focused liberal arts focused academic education.

Whether or not courses, credits, degrees, diplomas or other academic credentials can be transferred is a determination made solely by the institution at which the student desires to pursue further education. Therefore, applicants for admission to this Institution are responsible to contact any other institutions to which they may desire to transfer to determine transferability, before beginning classes. Applicants should assume their courses, credits, degrees, diplomas, or other academic credentials are not transferable unless they have advance written approval from the institution to which the student may transfer.

A credit hour is a unit of measure, not necessarily an indicator of transferability of credit. The receiving institution, rather than the training institution, decides whether to accept credits for transfer.

*Nursing student should refer to the Nursing Program Student Handbook for additional information and requirements.

ARTICULATION

As noted in the section titled "Transferring Credits/Degrees/Academic Credential", transferring credits is frequently difficult or impossible. Therefore, the best approach is for a student to plan on completing his/her educational career at the institution where he/she began. **Students should not enroll at this, or any educational institution, planning to transfer credits, degrees, diplomas, or other academic credentials.** In order to assist students who may, at some late date, change their mind and decide to continue their

education, this institution has entered into articulation agreements with the post-secondary institutions listed below. Please note that this does not guarantee transfer of some or all credits to those institutions; the requirements change from time to time and the articulation agreements may be terminated at any time. Before enrolling, it is the student's responsibility to request current articulation agreements, if any, review them, and then discuss transferability with the other educational institutions so the student can make a fully informed decision.

The following schools/universities have entered into an articulation agreement with this Institution. Check with the Institution for the most current information before enrolling. Also, be advised that the Articulation Agreement are not of indefinite duration and may terminate at any time.

- American National University/National College
- Chamberlain College
- Marshall University
- Salem University
- Seton Hill University
- St. Francis University Francis Worldwide
- Strayer University
- University of Phoenix

Note: This list is current as of the time of printing. Check with the campus for the most updated list.

Approvals/Accreditation/Authorization to Operate

- West Virginia Junior College is institutionally accredited by the Accrediting Bureau of Health Education Schools to award diplomas, associate, and baccalaureate degrees. The Accrediting Bureau of Health Education Schools contact information is 6116 Executive Blvd, Suite 730, North Bethesda, MD 20852. Phone (301) 291-7550.
- West Virginia Junior College is authorized by the West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission, 1018 Kanawha Boulevard, East, Suite 700, Charleston, WV 25301, (304) 558-2101, to offer baccalaureate programs and West Virginia Junior College is authorized to offer post-secondary education programs leading to a certificate, diploma, or associate degree in the state of West Virginia in accordance with its permit issued by the West Virginia Council for Community and Technical College Education, 1018 Kanawha Boulevard, East, Suite 700, Charleston, WV 25301, (304) 558-0265 in accordance with Chapter 18B of the West Virginia State Code.
- The West Virginia Junior College Nursing program has been granted full approval by the West Virginia State Board of Examiners for Registered Professional Nurses. 5001 MacCorkle Avenue, SW, South Charleston, WV 25309. Phone (304) 744-0900.
- The associate degree nursing program at West Virginia Junior College at the Morgantown campus located in Morgantown, WV is accredited by the Accreditation Commission for Education in Nursing (ACEN) 3390 Peachtree Road NE, Suite 1400 Atlanta, GA 30326 (404) 975-5000 www.acenursing.org The most recent decision made by the ACEN Board of Commissioners for the associate degree nursing program is Initial Accreditation. View the public information disclosed by the ACEN regarding this program at https://www.acenursing.org/
- Effective August 7, 2023, the baccalaureate RN-BSN nursing program at the West Virginia Junior College Morgantown campus is a candidate for initial accreditation by the Accreditation Commission for Education in Nursing. This candidacy status expires on August 7, 2025. Accreditation Commission for 2 Education in Nursing (ACEN) 3390 Peachtree Road NE, Suite 1400 Atlanta, GA 30326 (404) 975-5000 https://www.acenursing.org/search-programs?status=Candidate

- West Virginia Junior College is certified by the U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Avenue, SW, Washington DC 20202 (800) 872-5327, under the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended to participate in Title IV student aid programs.
- West Virginia Junior College offers some programs that are approved by the State Approving Agency (through the West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission, 1018 Kanawha Boulevard, East, Suite 700, Charleston, WV 25301, (304) 558-0263) for students to use veterans' benefits. Please check with the financial aid office to confirm if your program of interest is an approved program prior to enrolling.
- West Virginia Junior College is approved under the U.S. Department of Labor WorkForce Investment Act to train WorkForce Act eligible individuals.

*Accreditation is a complex subject. This institution is "institutionally" accredited by a national accreditation agency. Other types of accreditation include regional, institutional, and programmatic accreditation. The type of accreditation can impact important student benefits, such as academic credit transfer and graduate job eligibility. Prospective students should direct any accreditation questions to the College President before enrolling.

Note: For the most current information regarding Approval/Accreditation/Authorization, please ask the College President.

Students have the right to review all documents describing accreditation, approval, or licensing. A request for such review should be made to the President. The President will make accreditation, approval, and or licensing documents available for review at an agreed upon time and location.

Computer Use Policy and File Sharing

(Subject to Change without Notification)

COMPUTER USE

To protect students' access to functioning computers and to protect computer hardware, software, networks and the proprietary rights of the Institution and third parties in commercial software, all students must assume the following responsibilities of legal and ethical computer and network use. Depending on the severity of any violation of this policy, consequences may include a written or oral reprimand, loss of computer use privileges, expulsion from this Institution and/or referral to the appropriate legal authorities.

- Any currently enrolled student or graduate in good standing may use the computer labs and resource center computer facilities. Guests <u>are not</u> permitted in the computer labs or resource center. <u>These</u> resources are to be used primarily for school or job-search related activities such as research, homework assignments, and resume preparation. Limited personal use of computing facilities (e.g. checking e-mail, web browsing, etc.) is permitted so long as it is done outside of class time and does not unduly burden the Institution's facilities or prevent others from making use of them. The Institution reserves the right to limit or prohibit personal use of computing facilities at any time.
- Students are prohibited from using Internet resources or computer facilities for the purpose of accessing
 pornographic content; for the purpose of sending, receiving and/or storing chain mail, advertising, or
 fraudulent materials; for any commercial or for-profit activity; for annoying or harassing other users by
 such means as broadcasting unsolicited messages or sending harassing, obscene, or offensive messages;
 and for any purpose which is prohibited by law.
- The computer facilities of the computer labs and resource center may be used <u>for authorized purposes</u> <u>only</u>. The computer labs may be used whenever the Institution is open and classes are not in session in the labs. The resource center may be used anytime during its normal operating hours. The Institution reserves the right to close the labs or resource center at any time, with or without advance notice, whenever necessary for maintenance or other purposes.

- Food or drinks may not be brought into the computer labs or the resource center. NO EXCEPTIONS.
- Students are prohibited from installing, downloading and/or running any software, other than that provided by the Institution, without explicit permission from a faculty member or administrator.
- Changing any settings or running any diagnostic or utility programs on any computer or network of the Institution without specific instruction by a faculty member or administrator is strictly prohibited. "Settings" include, but are not limited to, video display settings, mouse settings, printer settings, network settings and protocols, etc.
- Students will be provided with personal storage space on the Institution's computer network for saving files. Students may also choose to save files on a personal USB flash drive. Saving data to any location other than the student's personal network storage space or USB flash drive is prohibited. Attempting to change or delete any data on the Institution's computers or computer network is also prohibited.
- Although the Institution makes a best effort to ensure the integrity of files saved on its network, students are strongly encouraged to keep a backup of all files saved on either a personal USB flash drive. The Institution is not responsible for any lost or damaged data saved on its computer network.
- Every student in good standing will be assigned an account on the Institution's computer network. Sharing
 of accounts is strictly prohibited. Students will be held accountable for all activity occurring on their
 account! Therefore, all account information including passwords must be kept confidential. Use these
 basic account safety measures:
- Choose hard-to-guess passwords, such as short word phrases (e.g. learn2learn). Do not use common names. If you forget your password, notify administration so that your password may be reset. **Never use another student's account to log on for any reason!**
- Never leave computers unattended without logging off. Always log off at the end of class.
- Never give passwords to someone else or allow others to use your account.
- If you suspect that your account has been used by someone else, notify administration immediately.
- Use shared resources considerately. Do not monopolize systems, overload networks with excessive data, or waste computer time, disk space, paper or other resources. Leave the work area clean and in order for the next person when finished.
- Do not assume information stored on the Institution's computer facilities to be private. Any and all information saved on Institution computer facilities may be accessed or deleted at any time.
- All computer files, disks, USB flash drives, etc. belong to somebody. Assume them to be private and confidential unless the owner has given explicit permission to make them available to others. If in doubt, ask first.
- Staff, faculty and students are strictly prohibited from copying commercial or otherwise copyrighted software, whether for use on or off campus (except as specifically permitted by the software's author or manufacturer) or engaging in any other activity that may violate a copyright, patent or trademark. (Consult the College President or the appropriate software license agreement should you have any questions.)

It is the institution's policy to comply with all copyright laws. All faculty, staff, students, and members of the campus community are expected to be aware of and follow these requirements. Copyright law information can be found at www.copyright.gov.

- Students are prohibited from accessing data or programs for any reason without the owner's explicit permission.
- Students are prohibited from downloading, installing, creating, modifying or transmitting any computer program or instruction intended to gain unauthorized access to, or make unauthorized use of, any computer facilities or software.
- Students are prohibited from using the Institution computer facilities with the intent to compromise other computers or networks, to commit crimes, or to engage in other unethical acts. The Institution will take necessary steps to preserve the security of its computer resources.

- Students will be billed for the cost of any damage to computer hardware or the cost of reconfiguration of any software, or for any other costs incurred by the institution as a result of a violation of these rules.
- Report any violation of this Computer Use Policy to the administration immediately.

FILE SHARING

A recent amendment to the Higher Education Act of 1965 requires Schools to have a plan to combat the illegal downloading of music, videos and other copyrighted works (otherwise known as Peer to Peer File Sharing, or P2P) on School campus networks. The institution takes this responsibility seriously. Campus computers will be monitored closely to address copyright violations related to illegal downloads. Each computer user at the School should understand what material is illegal or legal and what sites are authorized distributors of copyrighted material. For example, popular sites such as iTunes, Rhapsody, Amazon, etc. have downloads available for a fee. Any unauthorized or illegal downloads or unauthorized file sharing by any member of the campus community will be subject to sanctions by the School up to dismissal from school or termination of employment. Individuals would also be subject to Federal criminal offenses for copyright law violations. For a full list of these offenses, visit: https://www.copyright.gov/title17/

Copyright Infringement-Policies and Sanctions

PURPOSE:

The purpose of the Copyright Infringement Policy is to comply with copyright law for the use of copyrighted material on the institution's computers and network. In addition, this policy seeks to make aware to all users the seriousness, as well as possible consequences, for unauthorized use of copyrighted material. It is illegal and may be subject to civil and criminal liabilities. For example, the copying/downloading/uploading of copyrighted materials (i.e. music) to other media (i.e., CD's, storage media and networks) from peer-to-peer networks is against the law. If users do not own the copyright, distribution of such copyrighted works should not occur.

It is the policy of the institution to comply with all copyright laws. All faculty, staff, and students are expected to be aware of and follow these requirements. Any member of the campus community practicing unauthorized use or distribution of copyrighted material will be subject to sanctions by the School up to dismissal from school or termination of employment. Individuals would also be subject to Federal criminal offenses for copyright law violations.

DEFINITIONS:

What is Copyright?

"Copyright is a form of protection provided by the laws of the United States (title 17, U.S. Code) to the authors of "original works of authorship," including literary, dramatic, musical, artistic, and certain other intellectual works. This protection is available to both published and unpublished works. Section 106 of the 1976 Copyright Act generally gives the owner of copyright the exclusive right to do and to authorize others to do the following:

- **To reproduce** the work in copies or phonorecords;
- To prepare **derivative works** based upon the work;
- **To distribute copies or phonorecords** of the work to the public by sale or other transfer of ownership, or by rental, lease, or lending;
- **To perform the work publicly**, in the case of literary, musical, dramatic, and choreographic works, pantomimes, and motion pictures and other audiovisual works;
- **To display the copyrighted work publicly**, in the case of literary, musical, dramatic, and choreographic works, pantomimes, and pictorial, graphic, or sculptural works, including the individual images of a motion picture or other audiovisual work; and
- In the case of sound recordings, to perform the work publicly by means of a digital audio transmission."

"In addition, certain authors of works of visual art have the rights of attribution and integrity as described in <u>section 106A</u> of the 1976 Copyright Act. For further information, request <u>Circular 40</u>, 'Copyright Registration for Works of the Visual Arts.'

"It is illegal for anyone to violate any of the rights provided by the copyright law to the owner of copyright. These rights, however, are not unlimited in scope. <u>Sections 107 through 121</u> of the 1976 Copyright Act establish limitations on these rights. In some cases, these limitations are specified exemptions from copyright liability. One major limitation is the doctrine of 'fair use,' which is given a statutory basis in <u>section 107</u> of the 1976 Copyright Act. In other instances, the limitation takes the form of a 'compulsory license' under which certain limited uses of copyrighted works are permitted upon payment of specified royalties and compliance with statutory conditions. For further information about the limitations of any of these rights, consult the copyright law or write to the Copyright Office."(www.loc.gov/copyright)

US Copyright Office (<u>www.copyright.gov</u>)

What is the Digital Millennium Copyright Act (DMCA)?

The Digital Millennium Copyright Act, H.R. 2281, was enacted into law on October 28, 1998. This act amended the copyright law to provide regulations for works cited via the World Wide Web (the Internet). To review an online copy of this act, please go to <u>http://lcweb.loc.gov/copyright/legislation/hr2281.pdf</u>

What is Infringement?

An infringement is "a violation, of a law, regulation, or agreement; a breach." It is an "encroachment, as of a right or privilege."

SCOPE:

Copyright is an issue of particular seriousness because technology makes it easy to copy and transmit protected works over our networks. While the institution encourages the free flow of ideas and provides resources such as the network to support this activity, we do so in a manner consistent with all applicable laws. The institution does not condone the illegal or inappropriate use of material that is subject to copyright protection.

WHAT KINDS OF ACTIVITIES VIOLATE FEDERAL LAW?

Following are some examples of copyright infringement that may be found in a school setting:

- Downloading and sharing MP3 files of music, videos, and games without permission of the copyright owner
- Using corporate logos without permission
- Placing an electronic copy of a standardized test on a department's website without permission of the copyright owner
- Enhancing a departmental website with music that is downloaded or artwork that is scanned from a book, all without attribution or permission of the copyright owners
- Scanning a photograph that has been published and using it without permission or attribution
- Placing a number of full-text articles on a course web page that is not password protected and allowing the web page to be accessible to anyone who can access the Internet
- Downloading licensed software from non-authorized sites without the permission of the copyright or license holder
- Making a movie file or a large segment of a movie available on a website without permission of the copyright owner

SHARING AND DOWNLOADING MP3 FILES (OR OTHER TYPES OF MUSIC FILES) AND VIDEOS

It is true that some copyright holders give official permission to download MP3 files and you might be able to find a limited number of videos that are not copyright protected. It is also true that some MP3 files are copyright free and some MP3 files can be legally obtained through subscription services. However, most MP3 and video files that are shared do not fall into any of these categories. US Copyright Law allows you to create MP3s only for the songs to which you already have rights; that usually means you purchased the CD or downloaded a file via a subscription service. US Copyright Law allows you to make a copy of a purchased file only for your personal use. Personal use does not mean that you can give a copy to other people, or sell a copy of it.

COMBATTING THE UNAUTHORIZED DISTRIBUTION OF COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL:

The institution does monitor network and other computer usage. In the process of doing that work, institutional staff may become aware of violations of the law or institutional policy. If violations are discovered or suspected, institutional personnel may report infringement to appropriate authorities or take other action, including, but not limited to: warning the user, removing the material, or terminating access to the material. Any member of the campus community practicing unauthorized use or distribution of copyrighted material will be subject to sanctions by the School up to dismissal from school or termination of employment. Individuals would also be subject to Federal criminal offenses for copyright law violations.

LEGAL ALTERNATIVES:

The institution offers legal alternatives to illegal downloading. A list of sites for legal downloading:

http://www.educause.edu/legalcontent

SUMMARY OF CIVIL AND CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION OF FEDERAL COPYRIGHT LAWS:

Copyright infringement is the act of exercising, without permission or legal authority, one or more of the exclusive rights granted to the copyright owner under section 106 of the Copyright Act (Title 17 of the United States Code). These rights include the right to reproduce or distribute a copyrighted work. In the file-sharing context, downloading or uploading substantial parts of a copyrighted work without authority constitutes an infringement.

Penalties for copyright infringement include civil and criminal penalties. In general, anyone found liable for civil copyright infringement may be ordered to pay either actual damages or "statutory" damages affixed at not less than \$750 and not more than \$30,000 per work infringed. For "willful" infringement, a court may award up to \$150,000 per work infringed. A court can, in its discretion, also assess costs and attorneys' fees. For details, see Title 17, United States Code, Sections 504, 505.

Willful copyright infringement can also result in criminal penalties, including imprisonment of up to five years and fines of up to\$250,000 per offense.

For more information, please see the Website of the U.S. Copyright Office at <u>www.copyright.gov</u> especially their FAQ's at <u>https://www.copyright.gov/help/faq/</u>

Student Organizations and Activities

The Institution encourages its students to be active in student chapters of professional organizations. The Institution will sponsor local chapters in areas related to students' majors. If a student is interested in establishing a student organization, which is not already available on campus, the student should provide a written request to the College President. If enough student interest exists, the institution will sponsor the chapter.

The local area offers diverse opportunities for student recreation and social activities. The Institution may sponsor extracurricular activities in accordance with the student interest. Student suggestions for additional activity should be provided to the College President.

Being a team player is part of a work environment in today's economy. Therefore, students interested in specific activities will be given the responsibility to help organize and help carry out such extracurricular activities with the assistance of the Institution for approved activities.

Student Financial Assistance

How to Apply for Student Financial Aid

Step 1 Create Your FSA ID

(https://studentaid.gov/fsa-id/create-account/launch) with US Department of Education. The FSA ID serves as your electronic signature for the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) and allows you to access your personal federal student aid information. Dependent students will also need to have at least one parent obtain an FSA ID to provide an electronic signature on the FAFSA. When you complete the FAFSA, you will be prompted to create a FSA ID.

Step 2 Complete (or Renew) the FAFSA

Complete the FAFSA at <u>www.fafsa.gov</u>.

Enter the correct Federal School Code on the FAFSA as Follows:

West Virginia Junior College Morgantown: 005007

West Virginia Junior College-Bridgeport: E00996

West Virginia Junior College - Charleston: 010573

Complete the FAFSA for the appropriate school year beginning as early as October 1. The financial aid office at the institution is always ready to assist all prospective students and currently enrolled students with completion of the FAFSA. Contact the financial aid office for more information and for a list of what you will need to complete your application.

Step 3 Review the Student Aid Report (SAR)

Once your FAFSA has been processed, you will receive an email from the US Department of Education with your Student Aid Report (SAR). The SAR confirms the information you reported on the FAFSA and will automatically be sent to the institution.

Step 4 Review Your Next Steps

Start checking your campus assigned email account. The institution will notify you of next steps. The email notification may ask for online verification forms, instruct you to take action on your awards and/or simply provide information about financial aid.

• If selected for verification, you are required to submit the requested documents to the Financial Aid office.

What Does it Mean to be Selected for Verification?

You might see a note on your SAR saying you've been selected for verification; or the institution might contact you to inform you that you've been selected. Verification is the process your school uses to confirm that the data reported on your FAFSA form is accurate. If you're selected for verification, your school will request additional documentation that supports the information you reported. Click the link below to find out more about the verification process.

https://studentaid.gov/apply-for-aid/fafsa/review-and-correct#provide-required-verification

Step 5 Review Your Financial Aid Awards

Financial aid awards are based on full-time enrollment, which is a minimum of 12 credit hours per term. However, funds will be applied to your student account based on the actual credit hours enrolled. Ensure you review your award letter thoroughly.

Keep in mind, you will receive a financial award for each academic year of enrollment.

Step 6 Understand Disbursements of Awards

Once a student has registered for the term, financial aid awards will be applied toward tuition and fees and are scheduled to be disbursed after the first week of each term. Please note that first time will not receive award disbursements for the first term of enrollment until 30 days after the start date. Each term thereafter, the disbursements will occur after the first week of each term.

Financial Aid Types and Sources

Education is an investment in your future. Every year, the U.S. Department of Education's Federal Student Aid office provides billions of dollars in assistance to millions of students and their families. This aid can be used to pay for tuition and fees and other educational expenses. Financial Aid falls into one of the four types:

	Type of Aid	Source	Basis of Award	Repayment Required
1	Grants	Federal State	Financial Need	No
2	Scholarships	State Institutional Private	Financial Need Non-Financial Need Academic Merit	No
3	Federal Work Study	Federal	Financial Need	No
4	Loans	Federal State Private	Financial Need Non-Financial Need	Yes

Additional information about financial aid sources may be found below.

- The U.S. federal government at https://studentaid.gov/understand-aid/types
- The West Virginia Higher Education Grant at https://www.collegeforwv.com/programs/wv-higher-education-grant/
- The Institution (Catalog at <u>https://morgantown-ol.catalog.wvjc.edu/scholarships-grants-tuition-assistance-programs-2</u> for scholarship listing)
- A nonprofit or private organization at https://studentaid.gov/understand-aid/types
- Veteran's Benefits <u>https://www.va.gov/education/</u>

How Financial Aid is Awarded

Financial Need

The majority of financial aid is based on demonstrating a financial need through the completion of the FAFSA. Financial need is determined by subtracting the student's Expected Family Contribution (EFC) from the Cost of Attendance (COA).

Cost of Attendance

The Cost of Attendance is more than direct costs of tuition, fees. Indirect expenses such as living expenses, transportation and personal expenditures are considered.

COA-EFC=Financial Need

 For more information on how financial aid is awarded and calculated, click here: https://studentaid.gov/complete-aid-process/howcalculated#:~:text=The%20financial%20aid%20staff%20tarts,based%20aid%20you%20can%20get.

Eligibility Requirements for Federal Student Aid

You must meet certain eligibility requirements to qualify for federal student aid (grants, loans, and work-study). Click the link below to learn about the basic eligibility criteria.

Basic Eligibility Requirements

https://studentaid.gov/understand-aid/eligibility/requirements

Maintaining Eligibility

Remember, the basic eligibility criteria that allows you to get federal student aid continue to apply throughout the time you're receiving aid—not just when you first fill out the <u>FAFSA form</u> and are awarded aid.

Satisfactory Academic Progress

You need to make satisfactory academic progress in order to continue receiving federal student aid. In other words, you have to make good enough grades, and complete enough classes (credits, hours, etc.), to keep moving toward successfully completing your degree or certificate in a time period that's acceptable to the institution.

- what grade-point average you need to maintain;
- how quickly you need to be moving toward graduation (for instance, how many credits you should have successfully completed by the end of each year);
- how an incomplete class, withdrawal, repeated class, change of major, or transfer of credits from another school affects your satisfactory academic progress;
- · how often your progress is evaluated;
- what will happen if you fail to make satisfactory academic progress;
- whether you are allowed to appeal the decision that you haven't made satisfactory academic progress (reasons for appeal usually include the death of a member of your family, your illness or injury, or other special circumstances); and
- how you can regain eligibility (<u>https://studentaid.gov/understand-aid/eligibility/regain</u>) for federal student aid.

The institution's Satisfactory Progress policy can be found in the institution's catalog here.

Fill Out the FAFSA® Form Each Year

When you fill out the <u>FAFSA form</u>, you are applying for aid for a specific year. In order to receive aid the next year, you'll need to submit that next year's FAFSA form. Luckily, the <u>FAFSA website</u> makes it easy for you by allowing you to submit a Renewal FAFSA form that remembers certain information you reported the year before and places it in your new FAFSA form.

Disbursement of Financial Aid Funds

Aid awarded for a specific term can only be used to pay for charges for that term and will only be disbursed to you during that term.

Federal Aid Disbursement Timeline

- Federal grants and Direct Loans are evenly disbursed over the number of terms in your academic year.
- Federal grants and Direct Loans are applied directly to your student account to pay tuition, fees, and other allowable charges no sooner than 10 days before the start date of your first course. Typically, this institution applies funds to your account for the term within the first two weeks.
- An exception to this is for first time students at this institution in the first term of study. The institution delays disbursements between 30-45 days after the start date of your first course.

Scholarship Disbursement Timeline

As long as eligibility requirements are met, Institutional scholarships disburse to your student account after the first date of each term. Generally, institutional scholarships are evenly disbursed over each term in your academic year.

State Grants

If you have been awarded a state grant, the funds are sent directly to the institution and applied to your account. The frequency of disbursement is determined by the payment cycle of the state agency.

Veteran's Benefits

If you are a veteran or dependent of a veteran eligible for education benefits, the institution will certify your enrollment with the VA in order for funds to be received. Depending upon the type of benefits, the funds will be sent directly to the institution and applied to your account or they will be sent directly to you. The frequency of disbursement is typically each term of enrollment but this may vary depending upon the type of benefit.

Private Scholarships and Other Aid Sources

If you have a private scholarship check and the sponsor or donor sends funds to the institution, the funds will be applied directly to your account. If the funds are sent to you, it is up to you to bring the funds in to the institution and to notify us of this award so it may be incorporated in to your financial aid package.

Any other aid from any other source will be disbursed based on the criteria set forth by that agency. The financial aid office will assist you to the greatest extent possible in completing the necessary documents and requests in order for the funds to be received at the institution. However, it is ultimately up to the student to work with outside funding agencies to ensure aid is awarded and received at the institution.

Federal Direct Loans

Eligibility

Eligible students filing the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) will be considered for a student William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan. The U.S. Department of Education is the lender. Upon verification of eligibility, completion of a Master Promissory Note and Entrance Counseling (if you are a first-time borrower), the loan funds will be credited to your account.

You must be enrolled at least half-time each term of the loan period to be eligible to receive a student William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan. Half-time is defined as six or more credit hours for undergraduate students.

For more detail about the William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan program, click here: <u>https://studentaid.gov/understand-aid/types/loans</u>

	Loan Amounts	Who is Eligible	How to Apply	Interest Rate and Terms of Repayment
Federal Direct Subsidized Loan	See <u>Federal</u> <u>Direct</u> <u>Loan Page</u>	U.S. citizens or permanent residents demonstrating financial need	Submit FAFSA	Fixed rate—Begins 6 months after student leaves school or drops below half time enrollment (6 credit hours).
Federal Direct Unsubsidized Loan	See <u>Federal</u> Direct Loan Page	Students who have not received the max Federal Direct Subsidized Loan. Independent students may have additional eligibility.	Submit FAFSA	Fixed rate—Begins 6 months after student leaves school or drops below half time enrollment (6 credit hours).
Federal Direct PLUS Loan	Up to the cost of education less aid received	Parents of dependent students	Submit FAFSA and <u>online</u> <u>loan</u> application	Fixed rate—Begins 60 days after entire loan is disbursed or 6 months after student leaves school.
Private Education Loans	Up to the cost of education less aid received	Varies	Varies	Varies

*The interest rate on the loan is fixed at the time the loan disburses. Currently, the maximum rate will not exceed 8.25 percent. New loan interest rates for subsequent years are adjusted once a year on July 1. (<u>Click on https://studentaid.gov/understand-aid/types/loans/subsidized-unsubsidized</u> at for calculators and interest rates.)

Subsidized Loans

- This loan is available to students who demonstrate financial need.
- For a subsidized loan, the federal government pays the interest: while you are in school for at least 6 credit hours, for the first six months after you leave school (referred to as the grace period) and during a period of deferment (postponement of loan repayment).
- The amount of your subsidized loan cannot exceed financial need or the annual loan limit set by the federal government, whichever is the lesser amount.

Unsubsidized Loans

- This loan does not require students to demonstrate financial need.
- The federal government does not pay the interest on an unsubsidized loan.
- The amount is determined by the following equation:

Cost of Attendance

- minus Federal Pell Grant, if eligible
- minus Subsidized Loan, if eligible
- minus any other financial aid received by the student
- = Amount of unsubsidized loan (up to the annual limit)

Loan Limits

The amount you can borrow may be limited by factors such as other financial aid you may receive. The loans are for educational purposes and can never exceed the cost of your attendance less any other aid.

	Dependent Students	Independent Students
First Year (0-36 credits earned)	\$5,500—No more than \$3,500 of this amount may be in subsidized loans.	\$9,500—No more than \$3,500 of this amount may be in subsidized loans.
Second Year (36 or more credits earned)	\$6,500—No more than \$4,500 of this amount may be in subsidized loans.	\$10,500—No more than \$4,500 of this amount may be in subsidized loans.
Undergraduate Aggregate (Lifetime) Borrowing Limits	\$31,000—No more than \$23,000 of this amount may be in subsidized loans.	\$57,500—No more than \$23,000 of this amount may be in subsidized loans.

NOTE: The amounts shown in the chart are the maximum for one academic year. However, the amount offered may be less depending on the other financial aid that you receive during the same academic year.

Promissory Note

In order for loan funds to disburse to your student account, you must complete a Federal Direct Loan Master Promissory Note (MPN). To complete an MPN, you will need your FSA ID obtained from the U.S. Department of Education. (Your FSA ID is the same username and password you used to complete your Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) online. If you did not complete your FAFSA online, do not have a FSA ID, or have misplaced your FSA ID, visit the U.S. Department of Education's FSA ID site.) You will also need your social security number, driver's license, and two references with different U.S. addresses.

For more information about the Federal Direct Master Promissory Note, click here: <u>https://studentaid.gov/mpn/</u>

Entrance Counseling

If you are a first-time borrower with the William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan program, you will need to complete entrance counseling. Entrance counseling must be completed before your loan will disburse to your account. Contact the financial aid office at the institution for more information on how to complete this requirement.

Disbursements

Once we have received notification from the Direct Loan Servicing Center that you completed the promissory note and you have completed your entrance counseling session, we will update your account with these documents. It may take as long as 72 hours for us to receive notification after you have completed the documents online. The loan money will be directly applied to your student account as long as you meet the general eligibility requirements for federal financial aid and you are enrolled for at least six credit hours. Loan money will pay for tuition and fees. If there is any remaining loan money after these charges are paid, a refund check will be generated and be distributed directly to you.

Direct Loans be disbursed evenly over the terms in your academic year. In addition, the institution does not disburse Direct Loan funds to new borrowers until after 30 days have elapsed from the beginning of the term.

**If you are new to the institution, your first disbursement will not be applied to your student account until 30-45 days after the start of the first term.

Changing Your Loan Amounts

Although your signature on the MPN allows us to make multiple loans to you under a single promissory note, you are not required to accept the loan amount that we award you. You should notify us immediately in writing if you want to borrow a different amount than what was awarded (the institution will determine eligibility for any amount greater than the initial award first). In addition, you may cancel all or a portion of your loan(s) after the funds have been credited to your student account by notifying the Financial Aid & Scholarships office in writing within 30 days after the date of the disbursement notice.

Exit Counseling

Prior to graduating or leaving college, Federal Direct Loan student borrowers are required to complete an Exit Counseling session. This Exit Counseling session has been created to make sure that you understand your rights and responsibilities as a federal student loan borrower. A financial aid representative will notify and assist in completing this requirement.

Borrower's Responsibilities-Repayment

You are required to begin making payments on your Federal Direct Stafford Loans after you graduate, leave school, or drop below half-time enrollment. Plan ahead for repayment and budget wisely. You have a six month grace before you must begin repayment. The Federal Direct Stafford Loan Program offers loan repayment plans designed to meet the needs of almost every borrower and allows you to choose which repayment plan is best for you. Federal Direct Stafford Loan borrowers may choose between the standard, extended, graduated, income contingent, and income-based repayment plans.

Your loan will be originated with a Direct Loan Servicing Center which, in addition to information on repayment plans, provides a repayment estimator to help you determine how much you pay and how long it will take to repay your loan based on the plan chosen. Calculations are estimates and the values may not reflect the actual amount computed by the Direct Loan Servicing Center.

Also, Loan Calculators can be found at <u>https://www.finaid.org/calculators/</u>. There are calculators to help you figure out how much school will cost, how much you need to save, your estimated monthly payment, and more.

Approximately 7-10 business days after the first disbursement of your loan, your loan is assigned to a loan servicer who will then send you information regarding your loan. Repayment of your loan is managed by your loan servicer. To review your loans and to obtain your loan servicer contact information, you may access <u>StudentAid.gov</u>. You will need to login using your FSA ID.

If You Already Have A Student Loan

If you already have a student loan that was made through the Direct Stafford Loan Program along with a FSA ID, you can get your most recent account information from <u>StudentAid.gov</u>.

Deferment/Forbearance

If you have a problem making your monthly loan payments, you may be able to postpone your payments through a deferment or forbearance request. Deferments are also an option if you are returning to school after an absence. You may also be eligible to have your Federal Direct Stafford Loan or Federal Perkins Loan forgiven

See https://studentaid.gov/manage-loans/forgiveness-cancellation

If you have exhausted your deferment and forbearance options, and/or want to avoid a default, you may also want to consider a loan consolidation. A Direct Consolidation Loan allows you to combine one or more of your federal education loans into a new loan that offers several advantages..

Manage Loans/Avoid Default

If your loans become seriously delinquent you run the risk of going into default which has serious consequences. Click here to understand more about the consequences of default and how to avoid it: https://studentaid.gov/manage-loans/default

Federal Parent Plus Mode

If you are a dependent student, your parent may wish to borrow a federal parent plus loan on your behalf. Contact the financial aid office for more information.

Also click here to learn more about the Parent Plus Loan: https://studentaid.gov/app/launchPLUS.action?plusType=parentPlus

Entrance and Exit Counseling

Entrance Counseling

If you are a first-time borrower at this institution, you will need to complete entrance counseling.

The institution allows the borrower to complete online entrance counseling using the FSA ID obtained from the U.S. Department of Education. (Your FSA ID is the same username and password you used to complete your Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) online. If you did not complete a FAFSA online, do not have a FSA ID, or have misplaced your FSA ID, visit the U.S. Department of Education's FSA ID site at https://studentaid.gov/fsa-id/sign-in/landing.)

This counseling can be completed at: https://studentaid.gov/app/counselingInstructions.action?counselingType=entrance

The student may also complete entrance counseling with a financial aid representative of the institution. During this more personalized counseling session, the financial aid representative will lead the student through Entrance Counseling material and answer any questions the student may have.

Entrance counseling must be completed before your loan will disburse to your account.

Exit Counseling

Federal Direct Loan student borrowers are required to complete an Exit Counseling session upon graduation, withdrawing from the institution or when the student drops below 6 credit hours for any term. This Exit Counseling session makes sure the student understands rights and responsibilities as a federal student loan borrower.

The institution allows the borrower to complete online exit counseling using the FSA ID obtained from the U.S. Department of Education. (Your FSA ID is the same username and password you used to complete your Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) online. If you did not complete a FAFSA online, do not have a FSA ID, or have misplaced your FSA ID, visit the U.S. Department of Education's FSA ID site at https://studentaid.gov/fsa-id/sign-in/landing.)

This counseling can be completed at:

https://studentaid.gov/app/counselingInstructions.action?counselingType=exit

The student may also complete exit counseling with a financial aid representative of the institution. During this more personalized counseling session, the financial aid representative will lead the student through exit counseling material and answer any questions the student may have.

Where to Find Your Student Loan Information

Where to Find Your Loan Information

You no longer need to sign into the National Student Loan Data System to view your federal student loans. Instead, you should head to <u>StudentAid.gov</u> and sign into your Federal Student Aid account.

In years' past, students had to keep track of four different websites when managing their federal loans and financial aid. These websites were nslds.ed.gov, fsaid.ed.gov, StudentLoans.gov and StudentAid.gov.

All these accounts got confusing fast, so luckily FSA decided to simplify matters. It streamlined the process by consolidating the services of all four websites into <u>StudentAid.gov</u>.

Your StudentAid.gov account is now a one-stop shop for managing your student loans and financial aid. You can use your account to:

- · View information about your federal student loans, including loan balances, loan types and interest rates
- Fill out the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) form
- Sign your Master Promissory Note (MPN)
- Apply for student loan repayment plans
- · Complete student loan entrance and exit counseling
- Use the Public Service Loan Forgiveness Help Tool

Before borrowing student loans, you'll need to sign up for a StudentAid.gov account. To sign up, you simply need a Social Security number and an email address or phone number.

After providing some personal information, the site will generate an FSA ID for you. This FSA ID is unique to each individual and can't be shared. If your parents are borrowing parent loans or need to sign the FAFSA, they will need to generate their own FSA IDs.

Once you have your FSA ID and password, you can log in to your Federal Student Aid account. Make sure to hold on to your login information so you can access your account at any time.

Besides logging in on your desktop computer, you can also access your account via the <u>Federal Student Aid</u> <u>mobile app</u>.

Institutional Code of Conduct For Education Loans

The institution is committed to providing students and their families with the best information and processing alternatives available regarding student borrowing. In support of this and in an effort to rule out any perceived or actual conflict of interest between the institution's officers, employees or agents and education loan lenders, the institution has adopted the following Code of Conduct:

• The institution does not participate in any revenue-sharing arrangements with any lender.

- The institution does not permit any officer, employee or agent of the school who is employed in the financial aid office or is otherwise involved in the administration of education loans to accept any gifts of greater than a nominal value from any lender, guarantor or servicer.
- The institution does not permit any officer, employee or agent of the school who is employed in the financial aid office or is otherwise involved in the administration of education loans to accept any fee, payment or other financial benefit (including a stock purchase option) from a lender or affiliate of a lender as compensation for any type of consulting arrangement or contract to provide services to a lender or on behalf of a lender relating to education loans.
- The institution does not permit any officer, employee or agent of the school who is employed in the financial aid office or is otherwise involved in the administration of education loans to accept anything of value from a lender, guarantor, or group of lenders and/or guarantors in exchange for service on an advisory board, commission or other group established by such a lender, guarantor group of lenders and/ or guarantors. West Virginia Junior College does allow for the reasonable reimbursement of expenses associated with participation in such boards, commissions or groups by lenders, guarantors, or groups of lenders and/or guarantors.
- The institution does not assign a lender to any first-time borrower through financial aid packaging or any other means.
- The institution recognizes that a borrower has the right to choose any lender from which to borrow to finance his/her education. The institution will not refuse to certify or otherwise deny or delay certification of a loan based on the borrower's selection of a lender and/or guarantor.
- The institution will not request or accept any offer of funds to be used for private education loans to students from any lender in exchange for providing the lender with a specified number or volume of Title IV loans, or a preferred lender arrangement for Title IV loans.
- The institution will not request or accept any assistance with call center or financial aid office staffing.

This code will be evaluated periodically and enforced by the institution. Any officer, employee or agent of the institution in violation of any part of this code will be subject to disciplinary proceedings up to termination of employment if so warranted.

Private Education Loan Information

You should always use any federal loan eligibility available to you before borrowing a private education loan.

Private education loans are consumer loans made to individuals to help pay for school. They are provided by for-profit and nonprofit lending organizations and are not backed by the federal government. Lenders offer private education loans with different rates, fees, repayment terms and approval requirements. Private lenders will perform credit and eligibility checks before granting the loans. Often, a cosigner is required. Interest rates are typically higher than the government-sponsored educational loans, but still may be a better option than other kinds of loans available to the student.

You will need to contact the lenders directly to obtain any additional information and to apply for a private education loan. We will process a loan with any private/alternative lender. Although some private lenders are much better than others in processing loans when interacting with our office, we cannot provide you with a listing or provide any recommendation. We can, however, provide you with a comprehensive, neutral list of private education lenders that the institution's students have borrowed from in the past 3 to 5 years. Please contact the Financial Aid Office for more information.

We suggest that you carefully review each private education loan program to compare the terms and conditions before deciding which loan may be appropriate for your needs.

Because the institution does not keep a suggested lender list for private education loans, we do not recommend one lender over another. There are a number of third parties that provide lists and comparisons of private loan products. For example, "Nerdwallet" provides the "17 Best Private Student Loans" list at: 14 Best Private Student Loans (nerdwallet.com).

Truth-in-lending Disclosure Requirements

Disclosure Forms - Lenders must provide required disclosures to the student and cosigner, if applicable, at three different times during the private loan origination process:

- 1. **Application and Solicitation Disclosure** Provided during the online loan application process or via mail included with the Promissory note.
- 2. **Approval Disclosure** Provided after the loan is approved and the lender has received the promissory note, the Application and Solicitation Disclosure and the Borrower Self Certification Form and the school certification. The applicant and any cosigner have 30 days to return the approval disclosure.
- 3. **Final Disclosure** Provided after the lender receives the Approval Disclosure from the borrower and any cosigner, indicating that the loan has been accepted by the student and the cosigner, if applicable. The loan will not disburse until at least 10 business days after this disclosure is received by the borrower and any cosigner. This is to allow the borrower the option to cancel the loan before it is disbursed.

Self-Certification Form – A credit-approved student borrower must submit a completed borrower Self Certification Form to the lender. This form requires information on your cost of attendance.

Timing Requirements – These federal regulations extend the loan processing timeline so meeting deadlines for specific steps will be critical to the successful and timely disbursement of your loan funds. The process will likely take a minimum of 30 days to complete and have funds disburse to the school so apply early and plan ahead.

Professional Judgement

When there are unusual or special situations or circumstances that impact your federal student aid eligibility, federal regulations give the financial aid office discretion or professional judgment on a case-by-case basis and with adequate documentation to make adjustments to the data elements or dependency status on the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA®) form

that impact your Expected Family Contribution (EFC) to gain a more accurate assessment of your family's ability to contribute to your cost of education.

The FAFSA Simplification Act distinguishes between different categories of professional judgment by amending Section 479A of the Higher Education Act.

Special Circumstance

Special Circumstances refer to financial situations (loss of job, etc.) that justify a Financial Aid Representative adjusting data elements in the Cost of Atendance or in the calculation of the EFC. The institution will consider all requests for Special Circumstance adjustments. If you have a situation that changes your family's ability to contribute to your cost of education, contact the

Financial Aid Office at your institution to request a Special Circumstance Request Form.

Complete the Special Circumstance Request Form in its entirety and return it to the Financial Aid Office. Include with it as much documentation to demonstrate the need for the change as possible. Some examples of documentation may include an unemployment letter; a notice of layoff or termination; unusually high medical bills; or a reduction in hours or salary.

A Financial Aid Representative will contact you for an interview regarding the circumstances and to let you know if any other information is requested.

The Financial Aid Office will determine if the Special Circumstance was approved and notify you in writing. This determination will occur as soon as possible but no later than 60 days from the date of your request or prior to the end of the award year processing cycle, whichever comes first. Documentation of unemployment benefits should be submitted not more than 90 days

from the date it was issued, however, the Financial Aid Representative may accept documents older than 90 days if there is no reason to believe there is conflicting information.

If an approved Special Circumstance results in a change in Federal Student Aid Eligibility, a new Financial Aid Award Offer Notification will be issued.

Unusual Circumstances

Unusual Circumstances refer to the conditions that justify a Financial Aid Representative making an adjustment to a student's dependency status based on a unique situation (e.g., human trafficking, refugee or asylee status, parental abandonment or incarceration, or parental abuse). Unusual Circumstances are more commonly referred to as Dependency Overrides. A dependency override for unusual circumstances is considered unique from a determination of independence for homeless youth or at-risk homelessness youth.

If you have an Unusual Circumstance that you believe may qualify you for a Dependency Override, contact the Financial Aid Office at your institution to request an *Unusual Circumstance Request Form*.

Complete the Unusual Circumstance Request Form in its entirety and return it to the Financial Aid Office. Include with it as much documentation to demonstrate the need for the change as possible. Some examples of documentation may include submission of a court order or official Federal or State documentation that your parents or legal guardians are incarcerated; a written

statement from an attorney, a guardian ad litem, a court-appointed special advocate that confirms the circumstances and the person's relationship to the student; documentation from a third party with authority (such as a pastor, school guidance counselor, or law enforcement professional) that can attest to the circumstances; a police record or arrest record that documents domestic violence or other forms of abuse; or a death certificate or obituary in the event of a death of a parent.

Some circumstances individually or in combination with one another that DO NOT qualify as an Unusual Circumstance and DO NOT merit a dependency override are a parent refusing to contribute to a student's education; a parent unwilling to provide information on the FAFSA; a parent not claiming the student as a dependent for income tax purposes; or a student demonstrating self-sufficiency. However, one of these circumstances in combination with a qualifying Unusual Circumstance may be submitted as additional documentation.

A Financial Aid Representative will contact you for an interview regarding the circumstances and to let you know if any other information is requested.

The Financial Aid Office will determine if the Unusual Circumstance was approved and notify you in writing. This determination will occur as soon as possible but no later than 60 days from the date of your request.

If an approved Unusual Circumstance results in a change in Federal Student Aid Eligibility, a new Financial Aid Award Offer Notification will be issued. The Financial Aid office with presume that any student who has obtained an adjustment for Unusual Circumstances and a final determination of independence to be independent for each subsequent award year at this institution unless you inform the institution that your circumstances have changed or if the institution has conflicting information about your independence.

The Financial Aid Office will at its discretion use a dependency override determination made by a financial aid administrator at another institution in the same or prior award year. It is your responsibility to notify the Financial Aid Office that another institution has made this adjustment and provide a contact at the prior institution. A Financial Aid Representative will contact the prior school and atempt to collect information about the prior decision.

Unaccompanied Homeless Youth

The FAFSA Simplification Act includes new requirements for the Financial Aid Office to accept or make determinations of a youth's status as unaccompanied and homeless, or as unaccompanied self-supporting, and at risk of homelessness. Youth who meet these definitions are included in the Act's definition of independent student and do not need parental information to complete the FAFSA.

The Higher Education Act (HEA) uses the McKinney-Vento Act's definition of homeless, which includes youth who lack a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime resident; and unaccompanied, which includes youth not in the physical custody of a parent or guardian. This definition is broader than shelters or the streets; it includes staying with others temporarily due to loss of housing, economic hardship, or a similar reason, and staying in motels due to lack of adequate alternative accommodations. The HEA uses at-risk of homelessness to refer to students whose housing may cease to be fixed, regular, and adequate.

In determining independence due to homelessness, the Financial Aid Office will consider documentation from the following entities – provided through a documented phone call, writen statement, or verifiable electronic data match – to be adequate:

- A local educational agency homeless liaison, as designated by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(1)(J)(ii)), or a designee of the liaison;
- The director of an emergency or transitional shelter, street outreach program, homeless youth drop-in center, or other program serving individuals who are experiencing homelessness, or a designee of the director;
- The director of a Federal TRIO program or a Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate program (GEAR UP) grant, or a designee of the director; or
- A financial aid administrator at another institution who documented the student's circumstance in the same or a prior award year.
 In the absence of documentation from any of the individuals described above, the Financial Aid Office will make a case-by-case determination:
- Based upon a written statement from, or a documented interview with, the student that confirms that they are an unaccompanied homeless youth, or unaccompanied, at risk of homelessness, and self-supporting; and
- Made without regard to the reasons that the student is unaccompanied and/or homeless.

If you believe you meet the definition of unaccompanied and homeless, or as unaccompanied self-supporting, and at risk of homelessness, please complete The Unaccompanied Homeless Youth Determination and return it to the Financial Aid Office as soon as possible. Include documentation from one of the entities listed above if you have it.

The Financia Aid Office will contact you to conduct an interview (only in the absence of documentation from one of the entities indicated) and to assist you in completing or updating your FAFSA form.

If you have been determined to be an Unaccompanied homeless youth and this results in a change in Federal Student Aid Eligibility, a new Financial Aid Award Offer Notification will be issued.

Foster Care Youth

The institution does not require a student to present documentation to confirm the answer to the question on the FAFSA regarding Foster Care unless conflicting information appears to exist or unless it has reason to question the appropriateness of the answer.

If the institution requires that a student provide documentation that they were in foster care at age 13 or older, The Financial Aid Representative will consider any of the following documentation to be adequate in the absence of conflicting information:

- Submission of a court order or official State documentation that the student received Federal or State support in foster care;
- A documented phone call or a written statement from an attorney, guardian ad litem, or Court Appointed Special Advocate;
- Verification of the student's eligibility for an education and training voucher under the John H. Chafee Foster Care Program under section 477 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 677); or
- A documented phone call or written statement from a financial aid administrator who documented the student's circumstance in the same or a prior award year. The Financial Aid Administrator will also consider a phone call, written statement, or verifiable electronic data match from one of the following sources to be adequate documentation:
- A State, county, or Tribal agency administering a program under part B or E of title IV of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 621 et seq. and 670 et seq.);
- A State Medicaid agency; or
- A public or private foster care placing agency or foster care facility or placement.

Dependent Students Without Parental Support

Dependent students whose parents refuse to support them are not eligible for a dependency override, but they may be able to receive a dependent level Direct Unsubsidized Loan only. For a student to be eligible for this provision the institution will document the following:

- 1. the student's parents' refusal to complete the FAFSA; or
- 2. the student's parents do not and will not provide any financial support to him or her.

If the parents refuse to sign and date a statement to this effect, documentation from a third party (the student is not sufficient), such as a teacher, counselor, cleric, or court should be submitted.

This situation does not on its own justify a dependency override.

If your parents will not provide support or complete the FAFSA, and you don't qualify for a Dependency Override, you may complete the **Dependent Student Without Parental Support Form**. If your parents will not complete the statement, you must get a teacher, counselor, or other authoritative source to complete the statement.

The Financial Aid Office will contact you to conduct an interview and to assist you in completing or updating your FAFSA form. If you fall into this category your FAFSA Application will be in a rejected status with no EFC. You will be awarded a Direct Unsubsidized Loan only up to the maximum you would normally be eligible for depending on your grade level (but not the amount a student can get when his or her parent is unable to get a Direct PLUS Loan). This will almost certainly result in you owing additional funds to cover your tuition and fees.

Citizenship and Eligible Non-Citizen Documentation

Students who apply for Federal Student Aid and complete the FAFSA and who indicate they are U.S. citizens will have their citizenship status undergo a "match" with the Social Security Administration. Students who do not pass this match will be notified on their Student Aid Report (SAR). Financial Aid will inform students that they are required to submit **unaltered documentation** that verifies their status to Financial Aid to be examined and retained. Students will not be eligible for federal or state aid if Financial Aid is unable to confirm their citizenship status.

Students who indicate on the FAFSA they are eligible non-citizens will undergo a match with the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (UCSIS) in the Department of Homeland Security. Those students who do not pass the match will be notified on their Student Aid Report (SAR). Financial Aid will inform students that they are required to submit **unaltered documentation** that verifies their status to Financial Aid to be examined retained. If documentation confirms eligible non-citizenship status, these documents will be sent to the Department of Homeland Security for secondary confirmation. The institution will wait until the DHS responds confirming whether the documents submitted confirm that you are an eligible non-citizenship status.

Eligibile Categories	Require Documentation
U. S. Citizen or National	U.S. Birth Certificate, U.S. Passport, current or expired (except limited passports); or Certificate of Naturalization (form N-550 or N-570); or Certificate of Citizenship (form N-560 or N-561); or Documentation of Birth of Citizen Abroad (form FS-240, FS-545 or DS-1350). Note: If you do not have the above documentation because you recently were naturalized, or you became a U.S. citizen as a minor, and you have not yet received a Certificate of Naturalization or U.S. Passport, submit an explanation.
U. S. Permanent Resident	Form I-551; or Resident Alien Card (form I-551); or Departure Record (form I-94A) or Arrival Departure Record (form I-94) with the endorsement: "Processed for I-551", "Temporary I-551" or "Processed for I-551." Temporary Evidence of Lawful Admission for Permanent Residence Valid Until Employment Authorized" or other documentation of permanent resident status.
Conditional Resident Aliens	Valid I-551C, I-94, I-94A, or a passport with an MRIV bearing the statement "Upon endorsement serves as temporary I-551C evidencing permanent residence for 1 year." Valid if documentation has not expired.
Refugee	Form I-94A or I-94A annotated with a stamp showing admission under Section 207 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA). Refugee Travel Document (Form I-571) or the newer U.S. Travel Document annotated with "Refugee Travel Document Form I-571 (Rev. 9-2-03)."
Person Granted Asylum	Form I-94 or I-94A with a stamp showing admission under Section 208 of the INA or documentation as provided to refugees above.
Person Paroled into the U.S. for at Least One Year	Evidence (such as having filed a valid permanent resident application) from the DHS that you are in the U.S. for other than a temporary purpose and intend to become a citizen or permanent resident. The documentation must have a stamp indicating that you have paroled into the United States for at least one year, with a date that has not expired.
Cuban- Haitian Entrants	I-94 with stamp indicating "Cuban-Haitian Entrant (Status Pending). Reviewable January 15, 1981. Employment authorized until January 15, 1981 or "Customs and Border Patrol (CBP)" stamp, showing class of admission and date admitted on their passport.
Conditional Entrant	I-94 with a stamp displaying "Section 203(a)(7)" and indicating that the person was admitted to the United States as a conditional entrant dated prior to March 31, 1980.
Victim of Human Trafficking or Spouse, Child or Parent of Victim	Victim must submit certification or eligibility letter from the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). Spouse, child or parent of victim may submit a copy of the victim's certification letter and a copy of their I-94 with a T1, T2, T3 or T COA code.

Eligibile Categories	Require Documentation
Battered immigrants- Qualified Aliens	I-797 form or a court order from an immigration judge confirming your status.

This institution is not an approved Student Exchange and Visitor Program (SEVP) school and therefore does not accept students with a Student Visa (F-1 or M-1).

Individuals who are not U.S. citizens or eligible non-citizens as outlined above, lawfully present in the United States, who do not qualify as International Students (F-1 or M-1 Student Visa holders) may be admitted to the College under the regular admissions requirements (without receipt of Federal or State Student Aid) and shall submit the following information as part of the

admissions process:

- · Verification of high school completion or its equivalent.
- Proof of lawful presence in the United States through any document issued by the federal government that confirms such lawful presence.
- Verification of resources to pay tuition and fees.

Once documentation is submitted, it will be reviewed by the institution's compliance team before the admissions representative informs the student of the institution's enrollment decision.

Health and Safety

Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention Program

It is the policy of the institution that all employees and students are prohibited from participating in the unlawful manufacture; distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance or alcohol on the premises of the institution or any institution related activity.

Any employee doing so will be subject to action up to and including termination of employment. These employees will be subject to referral for prosecution. Any student doing so will be subject to action up to and including permanent dismissal from school. These students will be subject to referral for prosecution.

As a condition for continued employment, the institution may require employees to participate satisfactorily in drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved by a Federal, State, or local health, or law enforcement, or any other appropriate agency. As a condition for continued enrollment, the institution may require students to participate satisfactorily in a drug abus assistance or rehabilitation program approved by a Federal, State, or local health, or law enforcement, or any other appropriate agency.

Included in the Drug and Alcohol Prevention Program are:

- 1. A description of the applicable legal sanctions and penalties under Federal, State, and Local law for the unlawful possession or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol.
- 2. Federal Drug Trafficking Penalties.
- 3. A list of any drug or alcohol counseling, treatment, rehabilitation, or re-entry programs in the area.
- 4. A description of the health risks associated with Illicit Drugs.
- 5. The Effects of Alcohol.
- 6. Tips for Preventing Substance Abuse.

This notice and material included in the institution's drug and alcohol abuse prevention program is directly distributed to all prospective and enrolled students and all new and current employees. This notice and material is also directly distributed annually no later than July 1.

I am aware that as an employee or student of the institution, I agree to abide by the terms of the "Statement of Drug Free Workplace and Institution of Higher Education" and also to notify the institution of any criminal drug statute convictions for violations occurring on the premises of or at any of its related activities.

Biennial Review

The institution conducted a biennial review of its drug and alcohol prevention program at the end of the 2023/ 2024 Award Year and determined that the program is sound. There were no drug or alcohol-related violations that occurred on the institution's campus or as part of any of the institution's activities and therefore, there were no sanctions imposed.

Notice To Students Concerning Penalties For Drug Violations

This notice provides information on the penalties associated with drug-related offenses under section 484(r) of the Higher Education Act. It also provides notice on how to regain eligibility after conviction of a drug related offense.

The institution will provide a timely notice to each student who has lost eligibility for any grant, loan, or workstudy assistance as a result of penalties under 484(r)(1) of the HEA and will advise the student of the ways in which to regain eligibility under section 484(r)(2) of the HEA.

(r) SUSPENSION OF ELIGIBILITY FOR DRUG-RELATED OFFENSES-

1. IN GENERAL- A student who has been convicted of any offense under any Federal or State law involving the possession or sale of a controlled substance shall not be eligible to receive any grant, loan, or work assistance under this title during the period beginning on the date of such conviction and ending after the interval specified in the following table:

If convicted of an offense involving:

The Possession of a Controlled Substance	
Ineligibility period is:	
First offense	1 year
Second offense	2 years
Third offense	Indefinite.
The Sale of a Controlled Substance	
Ineligibility period is:	
First offense 2	years
Second offense Ir	ndefinite.

- 2. REHABILITATION- A student whose eligibility has been suspended under paragraph (1) may resume eligibility before the end of the ineligibility period determined under such paragraph if--
 - A. the student satisfactorily completes a drug rehabilitation program that-
 - i. complies with such criteria as the Secretary shall prescribe in regulations for purposes of this paragraph; and
 - ii. includes two unannounced drug tests; or
 - B. the conviction is reversed, set aside, or otherwise rendered nugatory.

	Federal Sanctions and Penalties for Unlawful Possession or Distribution of Illicit Drugs https://www.justice.gov/usao-nh/frequently-used-federal-drug-statutes
A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE	West Virginia Uniform Controlled Substance Act https://www.wvlegislature.gov/WVCODE/code.cfm?chap=60A&art=4§ion=401
Morg <u>antown</u>	Morgantown, WV Code of Ordinances https://library.municode.com/wv/morgantown/codes/code_of_ordinances
HEROIN HEROIN	DEA Resource Guide – Drugs of Abuse and Federal Trafficking Penalties https://www.ussc.gov/research/quick-facts/drug-trafficking https://nida.nih.gov/research-topics/commonly-used-drugs-charts
	Drug and Alcohol Treatment Facilities in or Near Morgantown, WV https://www.freerehabcenters.org/city/wv-morgantown
	Health Consequences of Drug Misuse https://nida.nih.gov/publications/drugs-brains-behavior-science-addiction/addiction-health
	Helpful Tips to Prevent Drug and Alcohol Abuse https://www.cdc.gov/alcohol/about-alcohol-use/index.html



https://treatmentsolutions.com/blog/top-5-ways-to-prevent-substance-abuse/

Vaccination Policies

Interacting with the public exposes all individuals to contagions. As a part of the training at this institution you will be exposed to the public including other students, faculty, staff and visitors and at off site experiences such as field trips, externships, clinical rotations, etc. Furthermore, certain careers for which the institution trains students may result in greater exposure to disease and illness, such as those in the allied health fields.

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF EACH INDIVIDUAL TO ASSESS THEIR OWN LEVEL OF RISK AND MAKE THEIR OWN DECISIONS REGARDING VACCINATIONS.

If you have any health problems or risk factors where exposure to the public increases your risk of contracting illnesses or managing them, you are STRONGLY advised to talk with your physician and assess whether you should enter a training program at this time or whether you should secure certain vaccinations prior to enrolling at the institution. Furthermore, requirements to work in health careers are rapidly evolving and usually become more extensive over time. You may be required to meet additional standards, including, but not limited to, getting additional vaccinations and/or tests in order to participate in externships and/or clinical rotations or to be employed in a particular field. If you have health issues that would prevent you from meeting any of these requirements, you are advised not to enroll prior to resolving these issues with your physician. Also, be aware that illegal drug use increases your risk of exposure to health problems and, likely, will prevent you from obtaining employment.

You are advised to talk with a physician about any questions or concerns you might have prior to enrolling. You will be responsible for obtaining and incurring the costs for any necessary immunizations or tests required by your externship or clinical courses/sites, unless a physician documents that you are medically prohibited from doing so. By enrolling, you are accepting full responsibility for this including the risks inherent in interacting with the public and you release the institution, its staff, faculty and other representatives from any and all legal liability for any injuries, illnesses or health problems of any nature as a result of your training program and/or employment.

Campus Security Report and Emergency Planning and Procedures

Annual Campus Safety and Security Report July 1, 2024

West Virginia Junior College complies with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act). The Clery Act requires colleges and universities that participate in federal financial aid programs to keep and disclose information about crime on and near campus.

WVJC also complies with the Violence against Women Act of 2013 (VAWA). VAWA amends the Clery Act and was designed by advocates along with victims/survivors and championed by a bi-partisan coalition in congress as a companion to Title IX that will bolster the response to and prevention of sexual violence in higher education.

VAWA established federal legal definitions of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking. In 2013, the Campus SaVE (Sexual Violence Elimination Act) Act amended the Clery Act to mandate extensive "primary prevention and awareness programs" regarding sexual misconduct and related offenses.

This Campus Safety and Security Report outlines the institution's policies and procedures regarding the Clery Act and the VAWA.

The institution encourages all students and employees to read the material carefully. Your rights and responsibilities to campus safety and consequences and possible sanctions for violating campus safety policies are described in the sections below.

West Virginia Junior College's Commitment to Safety and Crime Prevention

West Virginia Junior College has developed programs to bolster safety and overall well-being for the entire campus community including all students, instructional staff, and employees. We all play an active part in improving the quality of campus life by taking personal responsibility for our own conduct as well as looking out for our fellow students and employees by reporting any possible safety violations.

As important members of the campus community, we are required to follow the laws of the United States and the State of West Virginia and to abide by the policies and procedures set forth by the institution. Any violations may result in disciplinary action.

The institution follows federal laws and annually publishes and distributes reportable crimes statistics (as required by the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act)) for the three most recent calendar years. These statistics can be found in Section 5 of this report.

Safety and Security Team Members

The institution's Title IX Coordinator is trained to respond to and investigate any allegations of sexual misconduct and identify any patterns or systemic problems revealed by any complaints.

The Title IX Coordinator at this institution can be reached at:

West Virginia Junior College Attn: Ashley Marra, Assistant Legal Counsel 3280 University Ave., Suite 6 Morgantown, WV 26505 304-449-4813 ashley.marra@wvjc.edu

If the Title IX Coordinator is not immediately available, the Campus President will serve as the campus security authority. The Campus President will then report any allegation to the Title IX Coordinator.

Memorandum of Understanding with Local Law Enforcement

West Virginia Junior College does not have a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the local law enforcement agency or other security personnel. No one at the institution has the authority to make arrests. Each year, the institution requests crime statistics from the local law enforcement agency. Any crimes reported with be included in the annual crime statistics disclosures. Also each year, the institution invites local law enforcement to the campus to make a presentation on campus crime awareness and prevention.

Allegations of crimes occurring on campus or immediately adjacent to campus should be first reported to local law enforcement by dialing 911. The allegations should also be reported to the Title IX Coordinator for compilation and inclusion in the annual report of crime statistics or to determine if there is a need to provide a timely warning.

Review of Safety Programs

The institution will periodically review all campus safety and security programs to ensure continuing compliance with Clery Act and VAWA. Any recommendations and improvements will be incorporated into this report and distributed to the entire campus community. WVJC provides educational programs that review campus safety and security programs on a regular basis.

Reporting Criminal Activity

Should a crime occur on campus, the person knowledgeable about the crime is encouraged to accurately and promptly report the activity to the Title IX Coordinator and to the local law enforcement agency. Should the Title IX Coordinator be unavailable, report the incident to the Campus President or other administrative personnel, who all serve as campus security authorities. Local law enforcement can be reached by dialing 911. Further, it is the policy of the institution to assist any crime victims in reporting such incidents to the authorities and to assist in the receipt of first aid if needed.

If sexual misconduct allegations are reported to local law enforcement, the institution will also conduct its own investigation and outcomes and any outcomes and possible sanctions will be based on that investigation. The Title IX Coordinator will work with local law enforcement to the extent possible to ensure that all complaints have been resolved promptly and appropriately. If you are the victim of any sexual misconduct or if you have witnessed any misconduct of a sexual nature, report to the Title IX Coordinator. If the Title IX Coordinator is not immediately available, you may report the incident to the Campus President or other administrative personnel, who all serve as campus security authorities. They will then report the allegation to the Title IX Coordinator.

The institution has no law enforcement agency or security personnel. If a crime occurs on campus or on property immediately adjacent to campus, all criminal investigations will be conducted by state or local law enforcement, although the institution will continue to investigate complaints to ensure that complaints are resolved promptly and appropriately. The institution requests crime statistics annually from local law enforcement and publishes crime statistics each year to ensure that it is knowledgeable about all of the criminal offenses and arrests that may have occurred on-campus or on public property surrounding the campus. See section 5 for more information.

Victims Rights

If you report that you have been the victim of a crime, either on or off-campus, you have the following rights:

- Possible Sanctions or protective measures may result from an institutional disciplinary proceeding (see below for Disciplinary Proceedings for additional information).
- Follows these procedures in the event of an incident of sexual violence:
 - 1. Preserve evidence to the fullest extent possible for proof in criminalproceedings.
 - 2. Report the offence to the Title IX Coordinator and to the local law enforcementagency. Should the Title IX Coordinator be unavailable, report the incident tothe Campus President or other administrative personnel in the administrativeoffices. Local law enforcement can be reached by dialing 911.
 - 3. Additionally, campus officials will assist in contacting local police authoritiesimmediately, if the victim so chooses.
 - 4. You have the right to decline to report to law enforcement.

- 5. You have the right to file a "No Contact" or restraining order. A restrainingorder or protective order is a legal order issued by a state court which requiresone person to stop harming another.
- 6. The institution does not have counseling, mental health or other studentservices for victims of sex offenses, however to the greatest extent possibleappropriate counselors should be contacted to assist in the receipt of first aidas needed and to assist the victim with his/her emotional concerns. The following is a link to counseling services in the State of West Virginia: https://ovc.ojp.gov/directory-crime-victim-services
- The institution will make appropriate adjustments to your academic situation regardless of whether or not a formal report is made.
- Your confidentiality will be protected. Any institutional record keeping of theincident will exclude any personally-identifiable information. The institutioncannot guarantee confidentiality on the part of any law enforcementinvestigation if the victim chooses to report the allegations.

Anonymous and Confidential Reporting

If you are the victim of a crime or witnessed a crime, you may consider making a confidential report without revealing your identity. If you wish to maintain confidentiality or request that no investigation into a particular incident be conducted or disciplinary action be taken, the institution will weigh that request against the institution's obligation to provide a safe, non-discriminatory environment for all students and employees, including the victim. If the Title IX Coordinator determines that confidentiality request may not be honored. Also, the institution may not be able to honor the confidentiality request if doing so would violate state or federal law, including responding to a lawfully ordered subpoena.

If the institution does honor the request for confidentiality, a victim must understand that the institution's ability to meaningfully investigate the incident and pursue disciplinary action against the alleged perpetrator(s) may be limited.

The institution does not have pastoral and or professional counselors and therefore, does not have policies related to pastoral or professional counselors to inform persons they are counseling of any procedures to report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

The state of West Virginia publishes a Victim Service Directory that provides counseling for individuals that have been victims of crimes. Click on the link below to access this directory. The institution will assist an individual with identifying a counseling service in the area that best suits the individual's needs. https://ovc.ojp.gov/directory-crime-victim-services

Institutional Responsibilities in Reporting Crimes and Crime Statistics

If a crime is reported to the institution and that crime meets the definition of a crime that is to be reported to the Department of Education under the Clery Act, the institution will include it in its published crime report. The institution will also contact local law enforcement each year to determine if any crimes not reported directly to the institute should be included with the published crime report. See section 5 for more information about the Clery Act and crime statistics reporting.

Safety Awareness and Crime Prevention

West Virginia Junior College is committed to providing a safe and secure environment for the entire campus community. The campus community will receive notifications, educational programs, and prevention measures annually.

Distribution of Annual Security Report and Statistics

Students, instructional staff, and employees receive copies of the Annual Security Report. Annually, prior to July 1, the Financial Aid Director sends current students and current employees an email notifying them of the availability of the annual Campus Safety and Security Report. The report can be found in the Health and Safety Section of Consumer Information. An Annual notification is also emailed to students and employees and explains where the report is found (and a direct link is included) and gives a summary of the information included in the report.

New and prospective students and new employees also receive a notice of disclosure that gives a summary of all informational disclosures about the institution, including campus safety and security. The institution publishes this information on the school's website in the Consumer information section and through direct distribution to each individual.

Individuals also have the right to receive this information in paper copy. Contact the Financial Aid Office to receive paper copies of any consumer information, including the annual campus safety and security report.

Prevention Measures

Keeping the campus community safe is everyone's responsibility. Part of crime prevention is being alert and aware of your surroundings. Here are some ways you can keep yourself and your campus safe:

- Lock your car and always take your keys with you.
- At night, travel with a friend whenever possible and stay in well-lighted areas. Don't walk near shrubbery or other places of potential concealment.
- Plan the safest route to your destination.
- Share your class schedule with your friends and family and let them know where you are going and when you are expected to return.
- If you are being followed, change direction and go to the nearest business or home; knock on the door and request someone call the police. Note the description of the person following you.
- Don't overload yourself with bags and avoid wearing shoes that restrict your movements.
- Don't leave valuables visible in your car and leave highly valuable items home.
- Keep your purse and or backpack close to your body.
- Never bring any kind of weapon to campus.
- Service your vehicle regularly to avoid breakdowns and always have at least ¼ tank of gas.

Campus Security and Access

The building facilities will be unlocked up to 30 to 60 minutes prior to the beginning of the first scheduled class and shall remain unlocked up to 30 to 60 minutes after the last scheduled class. It should be noted that the last scheduled class generally ends sometime between 9:00 p.m. and 10:00 p.m. in the evening. Only students, staff, faculty, and their guests will be allowed on the premises during these hours. No loitering will be tolerated. The institution does not have campus residences or any non-campus locations of student organizations.

Students and staff are issued Key Fobs for admittance into the building.

Education Programs

The institution will provide on an annual basis a program of campus security, crime prevention, and drug and alcohol abuse prevention. This program includes a portion specific to the prevention of rape and other sex offenses, which will include discussion of the prevention of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking. The institution will attempt to get a local law enforcement officer or another expert on crime prevention to assist in this presentation. This program is designed to inform students and employees about

campus security procedures and practices and to encourage students and employees to be responsible for their own security and the security of others. The institution does not maintain any off campus student organizations or facilities.

Additionally, new students and employees will receive education at orientation that complies with Title IX and the Violence against Women's Act. The institution will either utilize in person training, written materials, or electronic depending upon the method that best suits the training environment.

Emergency Notifications

West Virginia Junior College maintains emergency policies and procedures and systems to protect the campus community. An emergency is defined as a situation that poses an immediate threat to the health or safety of someone in the campus community that significantly disrupts the normal course of business. Depending upon the nature of the emergency, the institution will utilize the most appropriate procedure to assess the threat and notify the appropriate segment of the campus community. The content of the notification will depend upon the nature of the emergency. On an annual basis, the institution will test it emergency response and evacuation procedures and make any adjustments if necessary.

Timely Warnings Policy and Procedure

In the event that a situation arises, either on campus or on property immediately adjacent to campus that in the judgment of the Campus President constitutes serious or continuing threat, which is either reported to campus security authorities or local police agencies, a campus wide "timely warning" will be issued. This warning will be issued through the college e-mail system to all enrolled students, faculty, and staff; through news media such as television and radio announcements; and other means suitable for the situation as soon as the pertinent information is available to assess the situation.

An emergency response will be issued if there is a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students and employees occurring on campus.

If you should have knowledge of any emergency or threat to the safety of any individual on campus, you should report the activity to the Title IX Coordinator and to the local lawenforcement agency. Should the Title IX Coordinator be unavailable, report the incident to the Campus President or other administrative personnel, who all serve as campus security authorities. Local law enforcement can be reached by dialing 911.

The Campus President and the Title IX Coordinator will assess the emergency or dangerous situation and determine the appropriate segment(s) of the campus community to be notified; determine the content of the notification; and initiate the appropriate notification system unless the issuing of the notification would compromise the efforts to assist a victim, or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. The decision to issue a timely warning shall be made on a case-by-case basis after consideration of the available facts, including factors such as the nature of the crime, the continuing danger or risk to the campus community, and the possible risk of compromising law enforcement efforts.

Timely warnings are considered for any crime listed in the annual report of crime statistics.

When a determination is made that a timely warning should be issued, the Campus President will take one or more appropriate steps to ensure timely notification of the campus community.

Options for notification include, but are not necessarily limited to:

- · Campus-wide e-mails,
- Physical postings on doors and bulletin boards
- News Media such as television and radio
- Postings on the institution website at <u>www.wvjc.edu</u>

- · Postings in the institution's learning management system
- · Postings on social media sources (i.e. Facebook)

The warnings will include some or all of the following information:

- Date, time and location of the reported crime,
- Summary of the incident,
- Description of the suspect and/or vehicle, if available,
- Any other special instructions or incident specific safety tips.

Emergency Planning and Procedures Guide

WVJC has developed and adopted an Emergency Planning and Procedures Guide. This guide can be found as Appendix A of this Annual Campus Security and Safety Report.

Disclosure of Crime Statistics

Originally known as the Campus Security Act, the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act) is the landmark federal law that requires colleges and universities across the United States to disclose information about crime on and around their campuses. The law is tied to an institution's participation in federal student financial aid programs. The Clery Act is enforced by the United States Department of Education.

The institution's Compliance Officer annually discloses campus crimes, arrests, and referral statistics as outlined in the Clery Act for the past three calendar years. The report is prepared by contacting local law enforcement agencies for a request of statistics related to crimes that have occurred on campus or on public property immediately adjacent to campus. Any crimes reported to campus officials are also included in the report.

List of Crimes Included in the Institution's Crime Statistics

The Clery Act requires reporting of crimes in categories, some with significant sub-categories and conditions. The Department of Education's <u>https://www.ed.gov/sites/ed/files/admins/lead/safety/handbook.pdf</u> provides a detailed explanation of each of the crimes required to be reported.

Campus Locations

West Virginia Junior College reports crimes that occur: (1) on campus, and (2) on public property within or immediately adjacent to the campus. Under the Clery Act, public property encompasses the following: All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.

Campus Crime Statistics

<u>Download</u> the most recent crime statistics published by the institution and reported to the Department of Education. The three most recent calendar years are included.

Weapon Possession

Firearms of any nature, knives, clubs, brass knuckles or other weapons are strictly prohibited on campus. Bringing any type of weapon on campus will result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination from school in the case of students and termination of employment in the case of an employee.

Sexual Violence Policy and Prevention

A sex offense is any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and or against that person's will; or non-forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent. West Virginia Junior College will not tolerate sexual assault or abuse, such as rape (including acquaintance rape) or other forms of nonconsensual sexual misconduct or activity. These acts degrade the victims, our community and society in general.

Refer to the following resource provided by the United States government <u>https://www.nsvrc.org/find-help</u> for information.

If you are the victim of sexual assault or rape, take these actions:

- Get to a safe place as soon as possible.
- Seek help immediately. Contact the police and get medical attention. Don't feel guilty or to blame. It is a crime and should be reported.
- Try to preserve all physical evidence. Do not shower, wash or change clothing. Valuable evidencecould be destroyed. If you think you've been assaulted while under the influence of an unknown drug,don't try to urinate before providing a urine sample and if possible, collect any glasses you drank from.
- If you so desire, the school will assist you in notifying authorities.
- Contact a close friend who can be with you for support.
- Consider talking to a counselor. The state of West Virginia publishes a Victim Service Directory thatprovides counseling for individuals that have been victims of crimes. Click on the link to access this directory. <u>https://ovc.ojp.gov/directory-crime-victim-services</u>

Definitions

Domestic Violence: Domestic violence is a felony or misdemeanor committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim; by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common; by a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner; by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred; or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from the person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence of violence of the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence of violence of the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence of violence of violence of the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence of violence of violence of violence of the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence of violence of violence of violence of the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurs.

Dating Violence: Dating violence is violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. Dating violence includes but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse not does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

Sexual Assault: Sexual assault involves an offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape as used in the FBI's UCR program.

Stalking: Stalking is defined as engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for the person's safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress.

Sexual Harassment: Sexual harassment is defined as the unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature. It include unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal, nonverbal, or physical conduct of a sexual nature. Sexual violence is a form of sexual harassment prohibited by Title IX.

Consent for Sexual Activity: Sexual activity requires consent, which is defined as voluntary positive agreement between the participants to engage in specific sexual activity.

Disciplinary Proceedings:

West Virginia Junior College prohibits sexual violence against any member of the campus community. The results of sexual violence against a member of the community could lead to expulsion or employment termination.

In addition to reporting to law enforcement, victims also have the option to seek protective or disciplinary action directly with the institution.

- The standard of evidence under current Title IX guidelines is "preponderance of the evidence" or more likely than not.
- The institution will provide a prompt, fair and impartial investigation and resolution.
- The proceedings will be conducted by officials who receive annual sexual violence training, including on how to conduct an investigation, protect the safety of victims and promotes accountability.
- Both the accuser and accused are entitled to the same opportunities to have others present, including the opportunity to be accompanied to any related meeting or proceeding by an advisor of their choice.
- Both the accuser and accused shall be simultaneously informed, in writing of:
 - 1. The outcome of any institutional disciplinary proceeding;
 - 2. The procedures for the accused and the victim to appeal the results of the proceeding;
 - 3. Any change to the results; and
 - 4. When such results become final.
- A student found guilty of violating the institution's sex offense policy will be expelled from school and could be criminally prosecuted. Both accused andaccuser may provide witnesses to the Campus President prior to this decision. The accused and the accuser will both receive the Campus President's decision, which is final.
- Upon written request, the institution will disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence, or a nonforcible sex offense, the results of any disciplinary hearing conducted by the institution against the student who is the alleged perpetrator of the crime or offense. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of the crime or offense, the institution will provide the results of the disciplinary hearing to the victim's next of kin, if so requested.

Education Programs

The institution has in place educational programs to promote awareness of rape, acquaintance rape, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking, which includes prevention and awareness for incoming students and new employees, as well as ongoing prevention and awareness for students and employees. These programs include but are not limited to audio visual presentations, power point presentations, written material, bulletin boards, and guest presentations from law enforcement or other experts on the subject.

This education program includes education on topics including but not limited to:

Bystander Education (A bystander has the power to change a situation when the step up and take action)

Risk Reduction (Recognizing the factors involved with sexual violence will help eliminate risk)

Sexual Violence (including Hate Crimes)

Bullying (including Cyber Bullying)

Hazing

Sex Offender Registry

In accordance with the Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act (CSCAMPUS PRESIDENTA) of 2000 which amends the Jacob Wetterling Crimes Against Children and Sexually Violent Offender Act, the Jeanne Clery Act and the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, the institution is providing a link to the West Virginia State Police Sex Offender Registry where information about registered sex offenders can be obtained. This act requires institutions to issue a statement advising the campus community where law enforcement information provided by a State concerning registered sex offenders may be obtained. It also requires sex offenders already required to register in a State to provide notice of each institution in that State at which the person is employed, carries a vocation, or is a student. Follow the link to access West Virginia's State Police Sex Offender's Registry:

https://apps.wv.gov/StatePolice/SexOffender/#Basic

Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention Program

It is the policy of this institution to maintain a drug alcohol free environment for work and for study. It is also the policy of this institution to provide a program of information to its students and employees in an effort to educate them regarding the detrimental effects of abusing alcohol or using drugs.

Program Requirements

All staff, faculty, and students directly receive material about the college's drug prevention program. This material includes:

- 1. Institution's Statement of Drug Free Workplace and Institution of Higher EducationThis establishes the institution's policy of maintaining a drug free environment as well aspenalties imposed for violations. It also contains results of the institution's biennialreview and the Student Drug Violation Penalty Notice.
- 2. A description of health and other risks associated with the abuse of alcohol or the useof drugs shall be distributed with the statement in #1 above.
- 3. A listing of rehabilitation, treatment, and counseling programs in the community shallalso be distributed with the statement in #1 above.
- 4. A description of Federal, State, and Local offenses and penalties for the unlawfulpossession or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol will also be distributed with thestatement in #1 above.
- 5. Federal Trafficking Penalties of Illicit Drugs will also be distributed with the statementin #1 above.
- 6. Tips for Preventing Substance Abuse (example 22-6) will also be distributed with the
- 7. statement in #1 above.

Distribution of Material and Annual Notice

A notice of all material listed above is directly distributed to new and prospective students. Current students receive the material annually prior to July 1. New Employees receive the notice upon hire and current employees receive the material annually prior to July 1.

Biennial Review

The institution reviews its drug and alcohol abuse prevention program on a biennial basis and publishes the results of that review within the program material.

Appendix A

Emergency Planning and Procedures Guide

West Virginia Jr. College Morgantown

Updated July 1, 2024

WVJC Important Numbers In an Emergency always call 911

Law Enforcement				
Morgantown Police	304-284-7522			
Morgantown Police (Non-Emergencies)	304-599-6382			
WV State Police	304-746-2100			
FBI	304-625-2000			
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms	800-642-8208			
Drug Enforcement Administration	304-284-0060			

Health

nealui	
Monongalia County Health Department	304-598-5100
Monongalia (Morgantown) General Hospital	304-598-1200
Ruby Memorial Hospital (Morgantown)	304-598-4000
W.V. Dept. of Health & Human Resources	1-877-716-1212
National Response Center (Chemical, Oil & Chemical/Biological Spills/Terrorism)	1-800-424-8802
(State Emergency Spill Notification)	1-800-642-3074

Fire and Rescue	
Monongalia Emergency Medical Service	304-285-2715
Morgantown Fire Dept.	304-284-7480

Domestic Violence Assistance

Rape and Domestic Violence Information Center 304-292-5100

Suicide Prevention			
National Suicide Hotline	1-800-784-2433		
National Suicide Prevention Hotline	1-800-273-8255		

Building Safety Systems

Locate the emergency equipment in your area and know how to use it.

The building at 148 Wiley Street Morgantown Campus has the following safety systems:

Alarms – The fire alarm system in the building is activated by manual pull stations, smoke or heat detectors or the activation of a sprinkler system. All alarms are immediately sent to the local fire department. Evacuation is required anytime the fire alarm system sounds.

Smoke Detectors – This will immediately activate the fire alarm system. All three floors have smoke detectors.

Fire Extinguishers – Fire extinguishers are accessible through the building. One is available in the hallway of each floor at a minimum. Never block or obstruct these with furniture or equipment.

Manual Alarm Pull Stations – Manual alarm pull stations are accessible through the building. One is available in the hallway of each floor at a minimum. Pull down to activate evacuation alarm. This will sound an alarm and immediately send an alarm signal to the local fire department. Never block or obstruct these with furniture or equipment.

First Aid Kit – For minor injuries not requiring medical attention. There are First Aid Kits on each floor. 1st Floor kit is locate in the office supply room, 2nd Floor kit is located in the Nursing Lab, and the 3rdFloor Kit is located in the Medical Lab, Room 301.

Risk Assessment

West Virginia Junior College plans for all emergencies that may affect all individuals including but not limited to: Students, Faculty, Staff, Visitors, and the General Public. To better plan and implement emergency procedures, WVJC utilizes a risk assessment matrix when determining an appropriate course of action. This matrix evaluates the situation in the following manner:

Likelihood: Is an estimate of how probable it is for the hazard to cause harm.

How likely is it to be that serious				
VERY LIKELY	LIKELY	UNLIKEY	VERY UNLIKLY	
1	1	2	3	
1	2	3	4	
2	3	4	5	
3	4	5	6	
LIKELIHOOD – Is an	estimate of how	probable it is for	a hazard to cause har	
	1 1 2 3	VERY LIKELYLIKELY11122334	VERY LIKELYLIKELYUNLIKEY112123234	

Severity: Is how seriously a person could be harmed.

During an emergency, the emergency planning personnel will take immediate action to implement the appropriate procedures to manage the emergency. These procedures are meant to safeguard persons and property and to secure the facilities.

In the event of an emergency, the Campus President (or other emergency planning personnel when the Campus President is not available) will activate the emergency plan. At the conclusion of the emergency, the Campus President (or other emergency planning personnel when the Campus President is not available) will issue a statement declaring the emergency over, thus allowing the campus to return to normal operating procedures.

In the event of an actual emergency, the Campus President (or other emergency planning personnel when the Campus President is not available) will provide up to date information as long as that information does not impede upon the effectiveness of the plan and risk the safety of any individual. Instruments of communication will include but are not limited to: text messaging, local radio/TV stations, email, voicemail, alarm systems, bull horns, campus speaker systems, or by word of mouth (depending upon the unique circumstances of the emergency).

Building Evacuation Procedure How to Report an Emergency

Call the campus' main telephone number and Calmly State:

- Your name
- The building and room location of the emergency
- The nature of the emergency fire, chemical spill, etc.
- Whether injuries have occurred
- Hazards present which may affect responding emergency personnel

Upon hearing the fire alarm, begin evacuation procedures:

- Keep yourself and others calm
- Quickly proceed outside the building (to the announced safe location)
- · Close windows and doors as you leave
- Instructors take your Attendance Book (print or electronic) with you for a correct head count
- Report immediately to the designated "safe area" located in the 2hr paid parking lot onChestnut Street near The Back Door Bar & Casa D'Amici Pizza. Check in with the CampusPresident who will be taking a head count from individual instructors.
- Wait for instructions from emergency personnel. Do not re-enter the building until you are toldit is safe to do so

Drills are to be held annually.

Evacuation Personnel

Emergency Announcer: Executive Administrative Assistant

Evacuation Warden: Campus President

Alternate Warden: Director of Financial Aid

Searcher 1st Floor: Nursing Program Director

Searcher 2nd Floor: Respiratory Therapy Program Director

Searcher 3rd Floor: Director of Career Management

Searcher Lower Level/Stairwell Monitor: IT Technician #1

Stairwell Monitor 1st Floor Stairwell A: (left side by water fountain and resource center): Nursing Career Management Director

Stairwell Monitor 1st Floor Stairwell B: Registrar

Stairwell Monitor 2nd Floor Stairwell A (left side by water fountain and resource center:: IT Technician #2

Stairwell Monitor 2nd Floor Stairwell B: Career Management Director #2

Stairwell Monitor 3 Floor Stairwell A(left side by water fountain and Resource Center: IT Technician #3

Stairwell Monitor 3rd Floor Stairwell B: Business Program Director

Evacuation Personnel Duties

NOTE: If there are not enough personnel to fill all the roles, roles may be doubled where appropriate.

Evacuation Announcer Duties:

- 1. Announce any disaster to all areas
- 2. Use the Bull Horn that has been provided to make an announcement (Bull Horn located in OfficeSupply Cabinet)
- 3. Report to the Evacuation Warden

Evacuation Warden Duties:

- 1. Supervise assembly of Evacuation Personnel in the area.
- 2. All Searchers check in with Evacuation Warden to report "all clear" or problems.
- 3. Ensures all people from the area proceed to the designated meeting place to check in and waitfor "all clear" to re-enter the building. "All Clear" will come from the Command Center.
- 4. Report to the Command Center, if areas were unable to be searched due to lack of personnel.
- 5. Reports any and all problems to the Command Center. Command Center will tentatively be 2hrpaid parking lot on Chestnut Street near The Back Door Bar & Casa D'Amici Pizza.

Alternate Executive Warden Duties:

- 1. Takes the place of the Evacuation Warden if the Evacuation Warden is not present at the time of the event.
- 2. If the Evacuation Warden is present, the ternate Evacuation Warden will assist the EvacuationWarden as needed.Al

Searcher(s) and Alternate Duties: May be more than one depending on the size of the area to be searched. Areas should be searchable in 3 minutes or less.

- 1. Check all rooms including restrooms, conference rooms and remote areas. Closing all doorsbehind them.
- 2. Advices any remaining employees or other persons on the floor about the emergency and requirement to evacuate.
- 3. Notify Stairwell Monitor that the floor is "clear" and proceed out of the building.

Fire Safety

If you discover fire, or see smoke, do not panic. Call 911 or pull the nearest fire-pull box and proceed with the following:

RACE

Remove/Relocate individuals away from danger, if possible, without endangering your safety

Activate Alarm: Pull fire alarm at pull box, and/or call 911

Confine/Contain fire and smoke by closing doors and windows

Extinguish/Evacuate

- Extinguish fire only if trained and fire is small, using nearest fire extinguisher
- Evacuate by nearest safe exit, never use elevators. Do not run, Crawl if overwhelmed by smoke.

If you hear the fire alarm, or are informed of a fire, EVACUATE IMMEDIATELY!

Follow instructions for the building evacuation plan.

- Check door with the back of your hand, to ensure it is cool before opening.
- Walk quickly **DO NOT RUN** students should follow their instructor out of the building to the designated safe area
- Instructors lead your students to the designated safe area.
- Instructors are to take their Attendance Book with them and the Emergency Box located inevery room. An emergency flashlight is in each box to assist if visibility is poor.
- Instructors take your Attendance Book (print or electronic) with you for a correct head count
- Report immediately to the designated "safe area" located in the 2hr paid parking lot onChestnut Street near The Back Door Bar & Casa D'Amici Pizza. Check in with the Academic Deanwho will be taking a head count from individual instructors.
- Wait for instructions from emergency personnel. Do not re-enter the building until you are toldit is safe to do so

DO NOT RE-ENTER THE BUILDING UNTIL ALL – CLEAR IS ISSUED BY THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Severe Weather Policy

In the event that a snowstorm or other inclement weather presents a risk to our faculty, staff, students, or visitors traveling to or from the campus, the Campus President and Academic Dean will make a determination about whether to close the campus, delay opening, or initiate an early release. This determination will be made based on weather forecasts and the advice of public safety personnel.

The closing of the campus is a procedure that differs depending on the timing of the decision to close and the expected length and severity of the weather incident. The essential factor in the decision is the safety of our faculty, staff, students, and visitors; however, severe weather affecting only a limited number of students or staff generally will not result in a campus closing.

In the event of a closing or delay, the College will notify students via the following mediums.

- Local TV and radio stations
- Post an Alert in the Learning Management System (LMS)
- Post on college social media channels (e.g. Facebook)

If a tornado or a severe thunderstorm WARNING has been issued in an area which includes the campus:

- Students, staff and visitors should move to safe areas immediately
- Close classroom, laboratory and/or office doors
- Instructors move your students to designated safe areas and take attendance book withyou
- Remain in safe area until warning expires or until the all-clear has been issued

Designated Safe Area

- Lower Level Student Lounge and Room B-01
- First Floor High School Admissions Office, Room 102, 103 and 104

Hazardous Materials Incident occurs in school:

- Notify Campus President or Management Team Member.
- Call **911**. If the type and/or location of hazardous material is known, report that information to 911.
- Evacuate to an upwind location taking class roster. Instructors take attendance afterevacuation.
- Seal off area of leak/spill. Close doors.

- Fire officer in charge will determine additional shelter-in-place or evacuation actions.
- Shut off heating, cooling and ventilation systems in contaminated area to reduce thespread of contamination.
- Campus President or Management Team Member notifies corporate.
- Resume normal operations when fire officials approve.

Incident occurs near school property:

- Fire or law enforcement will notify Campus President or Management Team Member.
- Consider closing outside air intake, evacuating students to a safe area or shelteringstudents inside the building until emergency passes or relocation is necessary.
- Fire officer in charge of scene will instruct Campus President or Management TeamMember on the need for sheltering or evacuation.
- Follow procedures for sheltering or evacuation.
- If evacuating, instructors take class rosters and take attendance after evacuation.
- If evacuation is not ordered, be aware of and remain alert for any change in healthconditions of students and staff, especially respiratory problems. Seek medicalattention if necessary.
- Resume normal operations when fire officials approve.

Medical Emergency

Life-threatening injury or illness, or death:

- Notify office staff/building administrator to make emergency calls. If unable to reachoffice immediately, call **911**. **Work as a team**.
- Give full attention to the victim(s).
- Do not attempt to move a person who is ill or injured unless he/she is in immediated anger of further injury.
- If possible, isolate the affected student/staff member. Disperse onlookers and keepothers from congregating in the area.
- Check breathing. Is the airway clear? Is the victim in a position to facilitatebreathing?
- Help stop bleeding.
- Applying pressure on wound or elevating wound may help stop or slowbleeding.
- Protect yourself from body fluids. Use gloves if available.
- Check for vital signs. Initiate first aid, if you are trained.
- Comfort the victim(s) and offer reassurance that medical attention is on the way.
- After immediate medical needs have been cared for, remain to assist emergencymedical services personnel with pertinent information about the incident.

Non-life-threatening injury or illness:

• For all non-life-threatening illnesses and injuries, communicate with CampusPresident, Management Team Member, or the front desk.

Administrator:

- In case of traumatic medical emergency or death at school:
- Notify Campus President or Management Team Member.
- Notify emergency contact persons listed in victim's file.
- Activate post-crisis procedures if necessary.
- In all other medical emergencies, assess individual's need for post-crisisintervention.

Bomb Threat

Download the procedures here.

Scanning process considerations:

- Scan classrooms and common areas for suspicious items. Scans should be made bypeople who are familiar with the building. Assign staff to certain areas of thebuilding. Keep in mind that a bomb could be placed *anywhere* on school property —inside or outside.
- Any suspicious devices, packages, etc., should be pointed out to emergencyresponders. **Do not touch.**
- Once a device is located, emergency responders take responsibility for it.

Evacuation considerations:

- If a decision is made to evacuate, an announcement will be made. **Do not use cellphones, radios or fire alarm system** because of risk of activating a device.
- While notification is being made, other staff should survey the grounds to clear exits and areas where students and staff will be going. Exit routes should be altered accordingly if the location of the device is known.
- When evacuating, leave everything as-is. Leave room doors either unlocked or open.Instructors take class roster.

Bomb squads generally will not search a building unless a suspicious package has been located.

Lockdown Procedures

One means of securing the school is to implement lockdown procedures. These procedures may be called for in the following instances:

- 1. Lockdown with warning The threat is outside of the school building. The school may have been notified of a potential threat outside of the building.
- 2. Lockdown with intruder, shooter, or other internal threat The threat/intruder isinside the building.

Lockdown with warning procedures

- Campus President or Management Team Member will order and announce"lockdown with warning" procedures. Repeat announcement several times. Bedirect.
- Bring people inside.
- Lock exterior doors.
- Clear hallways, restrooms, and other rooms that cannot be secured.
- Pull shades. Keep students away from windows.
- Control all movement, but continue classes. Move on announcement only.
- Campus President or Management Team Member will announce "all clear."

Lockdown with intruder procedures (these actions happen rapidly)

- Campus President or Management Team Member will order and announce"lockdown with intruder." Repeat announcement several times. Be direct.
- Immediately direct all students, staff, and visitors into nearest classroom orsecured space. Classes that
 are outside of the building SHOULD NOT enterthe building. Move outside classes to primary evacuation
 site.
- Lock classroom doors.
- DO NOT lock exterior doors.
- Move people away from windows and doors. Turn off lights.
- DO NOT respond to anyone at the door until "all clear" is announced.
- Keep out of sight.
- Campus President or Management Team Member will announce "all clear."

Some other threats may override lockdown, i.e., confirmed fire, intruder in classroom, etc. Lockdown may be initiated in non-threatening circumstances to keep people away from areas where there may be a medical emergency or disturbance.

Shelter-In-Place-Procedures

Sheltering in place provides refuge for students, staff and the public inside the school building during an emergency. Shelters are located in areas of the building that maximize the safety of inhabitants.

Sheltering in place is used when evacuation would put people at risk (i.e., tornado, environmental hazard, blocked evacuation route).

Shelter areas may change depending on the emergency.

- Identify safe areas in each school building.
- Campus President or Management Team Member announces that students and staffmust go to shelter areas.
- Bring all persons inside building(s).
- Instructors take class rosters.
- Close all exterior doors and windows, if appropriate.
- Turn off ventilation leading outdoors, if appropriate.
- Instructors account for all students after arriving in shelter area.
- All persons remain in shelter areas until a Campus President, Management TeamMember, or emergency responder declares that it is safe to leave.

If all evacuation routes are blocked:

- Stay in room and close door.
- Keep air as clean as possible.
- Seal door.
- Open or close windows as appropriate.
- Limit movement and talking in room.
- Communicate your situation to Campus President, Management Team Member, oremergency officials by whatever means possible.

Communication of Emergency Information and Instructions

Emergency conditions occurring during business hours will require expeditious communication of instructions to faculty, staff, and students. Uncertainty and confusion should be prevented or minimized, and the protection of lives should be paramount over all else.

Instruments of communication will include but are not limited to: text messaging, local radio/TV stations, email, voicemail, alarm systems, bull horns, campus speaker systems, or by word of mouth depending upon the unique circumstances of the emergency. In the event of an actual emergency, the institution will provide up to date information as long as that information does not impede upon the effectiveness of the plan and risk the safety of any individual.

Instructional Continuity Plan

The institution implements strategies to ensure students' coursework is not interrupted during an emergency or catastrophic event. The plan could include transitioning to online instruction through the learning management system, Zoom, Google Classroom, etc. Faculty will monitor student progress and offer instruction through these modalities until classes resume as normal.

Media Procedures

All staff should refer media contacts to the Campus President.

• The Campus President serves as media spokesperson unless he/she designates aspokesperson. If spokesperson is unavailable, an alternate assumes responsibilities.

Media checklist:

- Campus President or Management Team Member relays all factual information to superintendent and public information person.
- Establish a media information center away from the affected area. Consider:
 - Media need timely and accurate information. However, protect the privacy ofstaff and students when necessary and justified.
 - Media will want to be close enough to shoot video footage and photographs, but they should not be allowed to hinder responders.
- Before holding a news conference, brief the participants and coordinate information.
 - Determine the message you want to convey. Emphasize the safety ofstudents and staff.
 - Engage media to help distribute important public information. Explain how theemergency is being handled.
 - $\circ~$ Respect privacy of victims and families of victims. Do not release names tomedia.
- Update media regularly. DO NOT say "No comment." Ask other agencies to assist with media.
- Maintain log of all telephone inquiries for future use.

Training

All students, faculty, and staff will be provided a direct notice explaining the content of this plan and where it can be retrieved at <u>www.wvjc.edu</u> under the Consumer Information link. A student or staff member can request a hard copy of the plan from the Financial Aid Office. This plan is Appendix A of the Campus Security Report.

The campus community will participate in drills which are conducted annually at a minimum. This plan is also reviewed for all new students during the Orientation process.

Staff and Faculty that are part of the Emergency Plan Team will be required to review the plan and understand his/her role in the plan. The annual drill will serve as "on the job training" which will prove critical in the event of an actual emergency.

Bomb Threat Procedures

Critical information:

- Schools are responsible for assessing bomb threats to determine credibility.
- All bomb threats must be taken seriously until they are assessed.
- The decision whether or not to evacuate rests with the **institution**, not the responding agencies, unless a device is located.

Procedures upon receiving a bomb threat:

By phone call:

- Remain calm.
- Do not hang up. Keep the caller on the line as long as possible and listen carefully.

Ask the following questions:

- Where is the bomb/chemical or other hazard?
- When will it explode/be activated?
- What does it look like?
- What kind of bomb/hazard is it?
- What will cause it to explode/activate?
- What is your name?
- Did <u>YOU</u> place the bomb/hazard? WHY?
- Where are you?

Exact wording of the threat:

If voice is familiar, who did it s	iound like?				
	Male	Female A	dult Juvenile	e Age:	
Caller ID information:					
Call origin. Circle One:					

Caller's voice. (Note pattern of speech, type of voice, tone) Circle all that apply:

Calm	Excited	Loud	Soft	Deep	Nasal
Raspy	Distinct	Slurred	Normal	Crying	Laughter
Slow	Rapid	Disguised	Accent	Lisp	Stutter
Drunken	Familiar	Incoherent	Deep breathing		

Background sounds. Circle all that apply:

Voices	Airplanes	Street noises	Trains	Quiet
Clear	Static	Animals	Party	Vehicles
Horns	House noises	PA system	Music	Factory machines
Motor	Phone booth	Other:		

Threat language. Circle all that apply:

Well-spoken (educated)FoulTapedIncoherentIrrationalMessage read from script

Did the caller indicate knowledge of the building? Give specifics:

Person receiving call: ______

Phone number where call received: ______

LEAVE YOUR PHONE OFF THE HOOK. DO NOT HANG UP AFTER THE CALLER HANGS UP.

By written note:

- Preserve evidence.
- Place note in plastic bag, if available.
- Photograph words written on walls.
- Notify College President or Management Team Member.
- Notify law enforcement.
- The College President or Management Team Member orders evacuation or other actions according to threat assessment and school policy.

Caution: Overreacting may encourage additional threats.

Scanning process considerations:

- Scan classrooms and common areas for suspicious items. Scans should be made by people who are familiar with the building. Assign staff to certain areas of the
- building. Keep in mind that a bomb could be placed *anywhere* on school property inside or outside.
- Any suspicious devices, packages, etc., should be pointed out to emergency responders. Do not touch.
- Once a device is located, emergency responders take responsibility for it.

Evacuation considerations:

- If a decision is made to evacuate, an announcement will be made. **Do not use cell phones, radios or fire alarm system** because of risk of activating a device.
- While notification is being made, other staff should survey the grounds to clear exits and areas where students and staff will be going. Exit routes should be altered accordingly if the location of the device is known.
- When evacuating, leave everything as-is. Leave room doors either unlocked or open. Instructors take class roster.

Bomb squads generally will not search a building unless a suspicious package has been located.

Campus Crime Statistics-WVJC Morgantown

Name of Institution:	West Virginia Junior College - Morgantown								
Address:	148 Willey Street Morgantown, WV 26505				Phone: 304-296-8282				
Name of Person Preparing Report:	Samantha Esposito				Title: College President				
Report Date: 06/30/2024	NUMBER OF CRIMES REPORTED								
	ON-CAMPUS				PUBLIC PROPERTY BORDERING CAMPUS				
CRIME	2021	2022	2023		2021	2022	2023		
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0		0	0	0		
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0		0	0	0		
Rape	0	0	0		0	0	0		
Fondling	0	0	0		0	0	0		
Incest	0	0	0		0	0	0		
Statutory Rape	0	0	0		0	0	0		
Robbery	0	0	0		0	0	0		

Name of Institution:	West Virginia Junior College - Morgantown								
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Motor Vehicle Theft (Don't include theft from a motor vehicle)	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0			
HATE CRIMES	2021	2022	2023	2021	2022	2023			
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Motor Vehicle Theft (Don't include theft from a motor vehicle)	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Larceny/Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Destruction/Damage/ Vandalism of Property	0	0	0	0	0	0			
ARRESTS	2021	2022	2023	2021	2022	2023			
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Drug Abuse Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Liquor Law Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0			
DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS	2021	2022	2023	2021	2022	2023			
Weapons, Carrying, Possessing, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Drug Abuse Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Liquor Law Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0			
VAWA CRIMES	2021	2022	2023	2021	2022	2023			
Domestic Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Dating Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0			

Catastrophic Event

Should the institution experience a catastrophic event, which could include, but not necessarily be limited to, a natural disaster, fire, school closure, pandemic, etc, that affects the normal operating procedures of the institution, the following policies and procedures would apply.

• All affected parties should continue to monitor the Institution's website for up-to-date information.

- The Campus President will act as the Institution's catastrophic events point of contact. It is recommended that initial contact by all affected parties be made to the Campus President. Contact information will be posted on the Institution's website.
- Request for student records can be made through the Institution's website. In the event of school closure, request for student records can be made through the Institution's state licensing body listed in the school catalog which maintains a central repository for closed school student records.
- Request for transfer assistance can be made to the Campus President or the institution's state licensing body and/or accrediting agency listed in the school catalog.
- Students who have not completed their program prior to the catastrophic event may be eligible for funds to facilitate transfer to another program or as compensation for services not received. Inquiries into the qualification and availability of these funds may be made to the state's licensing body listed in the school catalog.

Dispute Resolution

Title IX: Policies and Procedures

I. STATEMENT OF NON-DISCRIMINATION POLICY

West Virginia Junior College (The institution) does not discriminate on the basis of sex in the education programs or activities that it operates, and it is required by Title IX of the Education Act and the Regulations of the Department of Education (34 C.F.R. § 106, *et. seq.*) not to discriminate in such a manner. The requirement not to discriminate in the institution's education programs or activities extends to admission to the Institution and employment opportunities with the Institution.

Pursuant to this policy and the procedures stated in this policy, the institution must respond to alleged incidents of sex discrimination and sex-based harassment, as defined below, that occurred in the institution's education program or activity.

II. TITLE IX COORDINATOR

Inquiries about the application of Title IX Regulations of the Department of Education may be referred to the institution's Title IX Coordinator or the Assistant Secretary of the Department of Education, or both. The institution's Title IX Coordinator can be contacted at:

West Virginia Junior College Attn: Ashley Marra, Assistant Legal Counsel 3280 University Ave., Suite 6 Morgantown, WV 26505 304-449-4813 ashley.marra@wvjc.edu

As an alternative to the above Title IX Coordinator, the following individual has also been trained as a Title IX Coordinator and can be contacted at:

Samantha Esposito, College President 148 Willey Street Morgantown, WV 26505 (304) 296-8284 sesposito@wvjc.edu The Assistant Secretary of the Department of Education can be contacted at:

U.S. Department of Education Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights Kenneth L. Marcus 400 Maryland Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20202-1101 1-800-421-3481 OCR@ed.gov

III. DEFINITIONS

- a. **Business Days** means Monday through Friday, except for federal or state holidays and any day in which the institution is closed due to inclement weather, emergency, or scheduled breaks in the school's academic calendar.
- b. **Complainant** means an individual who is alleged to be the victim of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment, as defined above.
- c. **Consent** means a voluntary positive agreement between the participants to engage in specific sexual activity.
- d. Dating Violence means violence committed by a person—

Who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and

Where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors:

- The length of the relationship.
- The type of relationship.
- The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship
- e. **Domestic Violence** includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.
- f. **Formal Complaint** means a document filed by a Complainant or signed by the Title IX Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a Respondent and requesting that the recipient investigate the allegation of sexual harassment.
- g. **Respondent** means an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment, as defined above.
- h. **Sexual Assault** means any nonconsensual sexual act proscribed by Federal, tribal, or State law, including when the victim lacks capacity to consent.
- i. Sexual Harassment means conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following:
 - 1. An employee of the institution conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the institution on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct;
 - 2. Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the institution's education programs or activities; or
 - 3. As defined below, sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking.
- j. **Stalking** means engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to—
 - 1. Fear for his or her safety or the safety of others; or
 - 2. Suffer substantial emotional distress.

k. Supportive Measures means non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the Complainant or the Respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint or where no formal complaint has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to the recipient's education program or activity without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or the recipient's educational environment, or deter sexual harassment. Supportive measures may include counseling, extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work location, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of certain areas of the campus, and other similar measures. Supportive measures are available to the Complainant and Respondent regardless of whether the Complainant files a formal complaint.

IV. REPORTING AN ALLEGATION

Title IX Coordinator – Any individual – student, employee or third party – may make a report concerning sexual harassment or sex discrimination whether or not they are the victim if that behavior. Complainants and third parties are encouraged to report sexual harassment as soon as possible to allow the institution to respond promptly and effectively. **Reports must be directed to the Title IX Coordinator. In cases where the allegation is against the Title IX Coordinator, the report may be made to the Campus President. Only the campus Title IX Coordinator and the Campus President has authority to issue corrective measures for an incident of sexual harassment or sex discrimination.** Students and employees should not expect any action taken with respect to a complaint or report directed to any other employee or faculty other than a Title IX Coordinator. The Title IX Coordinator at the institution is:

West Virginia Junior College Attn: Ashley Marra, Assistant Legal Counsel 3280 University Ave., Suite 6 Morgantown, WV 26505 304-449-4813 ashley.marra@wvjc.edu

As an alternative to the above Title IX Coordinator, the following individual has also been trained as a Title IX Coordinator and can be contacted at:

Samantha Esposito, College President 148 Willey Street Morgantown, WV 26505 (304) 296-8284 sesposito@wvjc.edu

The institution has designated the Title IX Coordinator to oversee the intake of complaints of sexual harassment at the institution. An individual who has experienced sexual misconduct has the right to choose whether or not to report the incident to the institution's Title IX Coordinator. The Title IX Coordinator is trained to assist individuals who report sexual misconduct and can provide information about resources and services available to students and employees, both on and off campus, including the availability of supportive measures.

Confidentiality – The Title IX Coordinator is not a confidential source of support. While he or she will address your complaint with sensitivity and will keep your information as private as possible, confidentiality cannot be guaranteed. The Title IX Coordinator will treat as confidential all information related to the provision of supportive measures, to the extent that such confidentiality does not interfere with the ability of the institution to provide the supportive measures. (See Section X for a complete description of the confidentiality policy)

Report vs. Formal Complaint – Making a **report** is different from filing a **formal complaint**. A report is defined as notification of an incident of sexual misconduct to the Title IX Coordinator. A report may be accompanied by a request for (1) supportive or interim measures; (2) no further action; (3) the initiation of the formal complaint process; and/or (4) a request to initiate an informal resolution process. Informal resolution can only occur after a formal complaint is filed. Filing a formal complaint initiates the institution's formal Title IX grievance process.

Criminal Complaint/Civil Actions – A person who has experienced sexual harassment, as defined in Section II, above, or a person who witnesses sexual harassment, has the right to simultaneously file a complaint with the institution and to pursue a criminal complaint with law enforcement. Victims and witnesses of sexual harassment have the right to be assisted by the institution in notifying law enforcement authorities of sexual harassment or they can decline to notify such authorities. the institution may, however, have a statutory reporting obligation when it becomes aware of certain factual allegations. Parties may also have options to file civil actions in court or with administrative agencies.

How to Make a Report – If a student, employee or third party wishes to report an allegation of sexual harassment, he or she should submit any relevant information to the Title IX Coordinator in person, via email, via regular mail or by phone.

The Title IX Coordinator will try to defer to the Complainant's wishes whether to file a formal complaint. However, if the Title IX Coordinator determines that pursuing an investigation into the allegations is necessary for the safety of the community or other reasons, he or she may sign the formal complaint to initiate the grievance process notwithstanding the Complainant's decision not to pursue a formal complaint.

V. HOW TO FILE A FORMAL COMPLAINT

To file a formal complaint, the Complainant must submit, in writing, allegations of sexual harassment against a Respondent and must request that the institution investigate the allegation of sexual harassment. Only the Complainant or Title IX Coordinator may file a formal complaint. Any person wishing to make a formal complaint must submit it to the Title IX Coordinator in person, via email, via regular mail or by phone at:

West Virginia Junior College Attn: Ashley Marra, Assistant Legal Counsel 3280 University Ave., Suite 6 Morgantown, WV 26505 304-449-4813 ashley.marra@wvjc.edu

As an alternative to the above Title IX Coordinator, the following individual has also been trained as a Title IX Coordinator and can be contacted at:

Samantha Esposito, College President 148 Willey Street Morgantown, WV 26505 (304) 296-8284 sesposito@wvjc.edu

Formal Complaint vs. Report – Filing a formal complaint initiates the institution's grievance process. Making a <u>report</u> is different from filing a <u>formal complaint</u>. A report is defined as notification of an incident of sexual misconduct to the Title IX Coordinator and can lead to the filing of a formal complaint. If a person wishes to report an allegation of sexual harassment, he or she may contact the Title IX Coordinator to make a Report (See Section IV above, Reporting an Allegation)

VI. INSTITUTION'S RESPONSE TO ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT

Supportive Measures – Upon receiving a report, a formal complaint, or notice of allegations of sexual harassment in an educational program or activity, the Title IX Coordinator will promptly respond to the Complainant/Alleged Victim to discuss the availability of supportive measures, consider his/her wishes with respect to the supportive measures and explain the process for filing a formal complaint.

The institution will maintain as confidential any supportive measures provided to the Complainant or Respondent, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the institution to provide the supportive measures. The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for coordinating the effective implementation of supportive measures

Preliminary Inquiry/Actions –The Title IX Coordinator, in consultation with others as necessary, will conduct an initial assessment of the conduct, the reporting party's desired course of action, and interim measures to protect the safety of the Complainant or the community. The goal is to prevent any hostile educational or workplace environment from developing at the institution. If a report made to the Title IX Coordinator involves a serious or immediate threat to the campus community, the institution will issue a timely notification to the community to protect the health or safety of the community. The timely notification will not include any identifying information about the Complainant.

If a Complainant chooses to pursue a formal complaint, the institution must follow the grievance process outlined below, <u>unless</u> the Title IX Coordinator determines, after this preliminary inquiry, that the alleged conduct, even if proven, would not rise to the level of conduct prohibited by this policy for one of three reasons:

- 1. The alleged conduct did not occur in the scope of the institution's education program or activity, or
- 2. The alleged conduct does not meet this policy's definition of sexual harassment, or
- 3. The alleged conduct did not occur to a person located in the United States

Scope of Education Programs or Activities – For the purposes of the Title IX Coordinator's determination under Section VI of this policy statement, the scope of the institution's education program or activity includes locations, events, or circumstances over which the institution has exercised substantial control over both the Respondent and the context in which the sexual harassment occurs, and shall also include any building owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution.

Dismissal of Formal Complaint – If the Title IX Coordinator makes a determination after this preliminary inquiry, that the alleged conduct, even if proven, would not rise to the level of conduct prohibited by this policy, the formal complaint will be dismissed, and the Complainant will be provided written notification of that decision, which will include the reasons for the dismissal. A determination that the alleged conduct does not warrant initiating the grievance process does not preclude the institution from taking action to address any prohibited conduct/actions under another provision of its Code of Conduct.

If the Complainant or Respondent is an employee of the institution or one of its affiliates, the Title IX Coordinator will notify the institution's General Counsel who is responsible for overseeing the institution's compliance with Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.

VII. INTERIM REMOVAL OF A RESPONDENT FROM EDUCATION PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY

The Title IX Coordinator may remove a Respondent from his or her educational program or activity if the Title IX Coordinator determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from allegations of sexual harassment justifies removal.

If the Title IX Coordinator determines that allegations of sexual harassment justify removal, he or she will provide the Respondent with notice of the removal to the Respondent's institution's email address and the Respondent must immediately leave all campus activities and may not return at any time pending the resolution of the complaint. Within three (3) Business Days after the Title IX Coordinator sends notice, Respondent may challenge the removal decision by providing a written explanation of why the sexual harassment allegations do not justify removal. The Title IX Coordinator will notify the Respondent within three (3) Business Days whether the challenge is successful and whether any alternative interim measures are warranted. A Respondent who has been removed from his/her programs or activities as an interim measure may not attend any institution activity or program while his/ her challenge to removal is pending.

The Title IX Coordinator may also place a non-student employee Respondent on administrative leave during the pendency of a grievance process.

VIII. INFORMAL RESOLUTION

After a formal complaint is filed and as an alternative to completing the institution's formal Title IX grievance process, the Complainant and Respondent may agree to resolve the complaint through an informal resolution process, such as mediation, that does not involve a full investigation and adjudication. Informal resolution is not available to resolve allegations that the institution's employee sexually harassed a student.

Participation in an informal resolution process is entirely voluntary, and requires written consent from all parties, including the institution. The institution will not require a Complainant or Respondent to participate in informal resolution. However, once the parties and the institution agree to informal resolution, the institution will suspend its obligation to pursue the grievance process except to the extent necessary to facilitate the informal resolution process as agreed to by the parties and the institution.

At any time prior to the parties reaching an agreement on the resolution of the allegations, any party may withdraw from the informal resolution process and initiate or resume the grievance process.

If the parties and the institution agree to an informal resolution process, the Title IX Coordinator will provide the parties with a written notice disclosing (1) the allegations; (2) the requirements and procedures of the informal resolution process; (3) the circumstances under which the parties will be precluded from resuming a formal complaint arising from the same allegations; (4) notice that at any time prior to the parties' agreeable resolution of the allegations, any party has the right to withdraw from the informal resolution process and initiate or resume the grievance process; and (5) the records that will be maintained or could be shared during and after the informal resolution process.

In the event that the parties reach a mutually agreeable resolution of the complaint through the informal resolution process, the Title IX Coordinator will close and dismiss the Complaint.

IX. RETALIATION

The institution, any student, employee or other party involved in the alleged incident is prohibited from intimidating, threatening, coercing, discriminating, or retaliating in any way against any individual for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title IX or the Regulations of the Department of Education (34 C.F.R. § 106, et. seq.), or because the individual has made a report or complaint, testified, assisted, or participated or refused to participate in any aspect of the grievance process.

Complaints alleging retaliation may be submitted to the Title IX Coordinator in the same manner as a report of sexual harassment. Or, if the allegations of retaliation are against the Title IX Coordinator, the complaint should be directed to Campus President.

X. CONFIDENTIALITY

The institution understands that those involved in the sexual harassment reporting and grievance process, including the parties, witnesses, and individuals who have made reports or complaints of sexual harassment, have privacy rights, including rights governed under the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act. The institution will not disclose information relating to the reporting of sexual harassment and the grievance process unless it's pursuant to a lawful purpose, such as:

- 1. Where information is necessary to give fair notice of the allegations and to conduct the investigation, hearing, and appeal;
- 2. Where other institution officials have a need to know of the information in performing the institution's business;
- 3. Where the institution determines the information should be shared with law enforcement;
- 4. Where sharing information will reduce the risk of an immediate threat to the health and safety of others;
- 5. Where sharing information is necessary for the institution to comply with requests from government agencies and accreditors who review the institution's compliance with federal law, state law, and accreditation requirements;
- 6. As necessary to respond to a lawfully issued subpoena or legal request for information;
- 7. Where disclosure of the information is otherwise permitted by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act ("FERPA"), 20 U.S.C. 1232g, or FERPA regulations, 34 CFR part 99.

XI. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

No investigator or hearing decision-maker will make findings or determinations in a case in which they have a conflict of interest or bias. A party wishing to raise the issue of a potential conflict of interest or bias must notify the Title IX Coordinator of the bias or conflict of interest within two (2) Business Days of being advised of the identity of the investigator or decision-maker. The Title IX Coordinator will determine whether a conflict of interest exists. If a party believes that the Title IX Coordinator has a bias or conflict of interest, the party must notify the Campus President who will determine whether a conflict of interest or bias exists.

XII. GRIEVANCE PROCESS

Once the Title IX Coordinator determines that allegations in a formal complaint could, if proven, constitute sexual harassment, the institution will initiate its Title IX grievance process. The Title IX grievance process is designed to fairly investigate allegations of sexual harassment, determine responsibility for any alleged violations, and provide remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the institution's education programs and activities. The institution's Title IX grievance process will:

- 1. Treat Complainants and Respondents equitably;
- 2. Require an objective evaluation of all relevant evidence—including both inculpatory and exculpatory evidence—and provide that credibility determinations may not be based on a person's status as a Complainant, Respondent, or witness;
- 3. Presume that the Respondent is not responsible for the alleged conduct until a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the grievance process.

Timeline for Resolution –The institution will resolve all cases in a prompt and timely manner, however, the timeline will vary based on the circumstances of the case, including scheduled and unscheduled breaks in the academic calendar, availability of the parties and witnesses, scope of the investigation, need for interim actions, and unforeseen or exigent circumstances. The parties will be periodically updated on the status of their case.

Stated timing requirements in this policy will be strictly enforced. Requests for extension are disfavored and will not be granted absent a showing of extraordinary circumstances. However, if a party believes

circumstances require an extension of deadlines, he or she must notify the Title IX Coordinator before the passing of the deadline, in writing, explaining why the deadline must be extended. The Title IX Coordinator will decide whether the deadline should be extended. If a deadline is extended, it will be extended for all parties.

Responsibility to Check Email –Throughout the Title IX grievance process, the institution will send important notices and information to the parties' institution email accounts. It is each party's responsibility to frequently check his or her institution email account. Important deadlines are based on when the institution sends certain notices and/or information to a party's email account, and a party's failure to check his or her email is not a valid excuse for a missed deadline.

If a party is unable to access his or her institution email account, he or she must immediately notify the Title IX Coordinator to arrange for an alternate method of receiving notices and information. Unless and until the Title IX Coordinator receives such notice, a party will be deemed to have received all emails and attachments on the day they were sent.

Standard of Proof – The institution uses the preponderance of the evidence standard (more likely than not) in investigations of complaints of sexual harassment. This means that the investigation and hearing determine whether it is more likely than not that a violation of the policy occurred.

Role of Advisors –All parties may have an advisor of their choice to accompany them through the grievance process. A party's advisor may be, but is not required to be, an attorney. A party may have his or her advisor present at any meeting, interview, or other appearance the party is entitled to attend.

Advisors are expected to refrain from interfering in the investigation and resolution of a formal complaint and are required to act ethically, with integrity, and in good faith throughout the grievance process. If the Title IX Coordinator, an investigator, hearing decision-maker, or other campus official determines that an advisor is acting in a manner intended to improperly disrupt or interfere with the grievance process, the advisor will receive a warning. Any subsequent attempt to disrupt or interfere with the grievance process will result in the advisor's immediate removal from the proceedings, and he or she will be barred from further participation in the Title IX grievance process. Unless the Title IX Coordinator, investigator, decision-maker, or other campus official determines that an advisor's misconduct is part of a party's deliberate attempt to disrupt or delay the grievance process, the proceedings will be suspended to allow a party to replace his or her advisor.

Each party must have an advisor present at the hearing. As discussed in the Hearing Procedures, below, only advisors may ask a party or witness questions at a hearing. In advance of the hearing, a party may request that the institution provide him or her with an advisor of the institution's choosing. Absent a showing of bias or a conflict of interest, a party has no right to object to an advisor provided by the institution.

Consolidation of Formal Complaints – The institution may consolidate formal complaints against more than one Respondent, or by more than one Complainant against one or more Respondents, or by one party against the other party, where the allegations of sexual harassment arise out of the same facts or circumstances. Where the grievance process involves more than one Complainant or more than one Respondent, references in this policy to "party," "Complainant," or Respondent" include the plural, as applicable.

Notice of Formal Complaint –Once a Title IX Coordinator determines that a formal complaint alleges a potential violation of this policy, the parties will receive notice that a formal complaint has been filed and that the institution has initiated its grievance process. The notice will include:

- 1. The identities of the parties involved in the incident, if known;
- 2. The conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment, as defined in this policy, if known;
- 3. The date and location of the incident, if known;
- 4. A statement that the Respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct and that a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the grievance process;

- 5. An explanation of the parties' right to have an advisor present throughout the grievance process; and
- 6. An explanation of the institution's prohibition against knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process.

Investigation –After notifying the parties of the formal complaint and the initiation of the grievance process, the institution will appoint one or more trained investigators to interview the parties and gather evidence as necessary. Investigators will have received training on the following:

- 1. The definition of sexual harassment, as defined in this policy;
- 2. The scope of the institution's education programs and activities;
- 3. How to conduct an investigation pursuant to this policy;
- 4. How to serve impartially, including by avoiding prejudgment of the facts at issue, conflicts of interest, and bias;
- 5. Issues of relevance to create an investigative report that fairly summarizes the relevant evidence.

During the investigation, the parties will have an equal opportunity to present witnesses, including expert witnesses, and other inculpatory and exculpatory evidence.

When a party's participation in the investigation is invited or expected, the institution or the investigator will provide written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of all investigative interviews or other meetings. The written notice will be given at least three (3) Business Days in advance of the party's expected participation. Pursuant to the limits on the role of advisors, discussed above, each party will be entitled to have an advisor of his or her choosing present at any meeting or interview to which the party is invited or expected to attend.

Neither the investigator nor the institution may access, consider, disclose, or otherwise use a party's records that are made or maintained by a physician, psychiatrist, psychologist, or other recognized professional or paraprofessional acting in the professional's or paraprofessional's capacity, or assisting in that capacity, and which are made and maintained in connection with the provision of treatment to that party, unless the institution or the investigator obtains that party's voluntary, written consent to do so. If the party is under 18 years old, written consent must be given by the party's parent or guardian.

The institution or the investigator may modify the list of allegations based on additional information learned during investigation. In that event, the parties will receive prior notice of the new allegations prior to any investigation of the new allegations.

Prior to the conclusion of the investigation, the institution will provide the parties and their advisors the opportunity to inspect and review any evidence obtained during the investigation that is directly related to the allegations in the formal complaint. The parties will then have ten (10) Business Days to submit a written response to the Title IX Coordinator, which the investigator will consider prior to completing his or her investigative report.

At the conclusion of the investigation, the investigator will prepare an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence. The report will be simultaneously provided to all parties and their advisors at least ten (10) Business Days prior to the hearing, if a hearing is required. The parties may submit a written response to the investigative report for consideration by the hearing decision-maker. However, a response to the investigative report must be received by the Title IX Coordinator no later than five (5) Business Days before the hearing. Responses received after that deadline will not be considered by the hearing decision-maker. The Title IX Coordinator will simultaneously provide all submitted written responses to the parties at least three (3) Business Days before the hearing.

Dismissal of a Formal Complaint – If at any time during the investigation, the institution determines that any conduct alleged in the formal complaint (1) would not constitute sexual harassment, as defined in this policy,

even if proved, (2) did not occur in the institutions education program or activity, or (3) did not occur against a person in the United States, the institution must dismiss the formal complaint with regard to that conduct. If other conduct is alleged in the formal complaint, the grievance process will continue with regard to those allegations only.

The institution may also dismiss the formal complaint, or any allegations in the formal complaint, if at any time during the investigation or hearing (1) the Complainant notifies the Title IX Coordinator in writing that the Complainant would like to withdraw the formal complaint or any allegations in the formal complaint; (2) the Respondent is no longer enrolled at, or employed by, the institution; or (3) specific circumstances prevent the institution or the investigator from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination as to the formal complaint or allegations therein.

If the institution dismisses a formal complaint, or any allegations in a formal complaint, it will promptly send written notice of the dismissal and the reasons for the dismissal simultaneously to the parties.

Live Hearing - Decision-Maker:

Following the conclusion of the investigation and the parties' opportunity to review the investigative report, the institution's grievance process provides for a live hearing. The hearing will be conducted by a decision-maker, who will have received training on the following:

- 1. The definition of sexual harassment, as defined in this policy;
- 2. The scope of the institution's education programs and activities;
- 3. How to conduct live hearings pursuant to this policy;
- 4. How to serve impartially, including by avoiding prejudgment of the facts at issue, conflicts of interest, and bias;
- 5. Issues of relevance of questions and evidence, including when questions and evidence about the Complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior are not relevant; and
- 6. Any technology to be used at the live hearing.

The institution will be responsible for appointing the decision-maker for the hearing, who may or may not be an employee of the institution. The decision-maker will be free of any conflicts of interest, pursuant to the conflict of interest requirements of this policy. The identity of the decision-maker will be provided to the parties at least ten (10) Business Days prior to the hearing. If any party believes that the decision-maker is subject to bias or a conflict of interest, he or she must submit a written objection to the Title IX Coordinator within two (2) Business Days of notification of the identity of the decision-maker, stating the basis for the objection. If the Title IX Coordinator determines that the decision-maker is subject to bias or a conflict of interest, the decision-maker, the Title IX Coordinator will name a new decision-maker. In that event, the hearing may be rescheduled to allow for a reasonable time to ensure proper training and an opportunity for the parties to object to the new decision-maker on the grounds of bias or conflict of interest, pursuant to the requirements above.

Live Hearing - Time and Location:

The hearing will be conducted at a location within a reasonable distance of the institution campus. The Title IX Coordinator will notify the parties of the time and location of the hearing at least ten (10) Business Days prior to the hearing. Parties and their advisors are expected to adjust their schedules to attend the hearing. Hearings will not be rescheduled absent emergencies or extraordinary circumstances.

Either party may request that the hearing be conducted with parties located in separate rooms with technology enabling the decision-maker and parties to simultaneously see and hear the party or the witness answering questions.

The institution may also, at its discretion, allow any or all parties, witnesses, or other participants appear at the hearing virtually, with technology enabling participants simultaneously to see and hear each other.

Live Hearing - Hearing Procedure:

Advisor –Each party must have his or her own advisor present at the hearing. The role of the advisor is to ask relevant questions of the other party and other witnesses as described below. Advisors may counsel the party they represent during the hearing, however, advisors may not make opening or closing statements on behalf of their represented party or raise or make objections on the record. Failure to comply with these requirements may be deemed by the hearing officer as interference with the orderly conduct of the hearing and may subject the advisor to removal. If a party does not have an advisor present at the hearing, the institution will provide an advisor of the institution's choosing at no cost to the party.

Cross Examination – Each party will have the opportunity to have his or her advisor cross-examine the other party and any witnesses by asking relevant questions and follow-up questions, including those challenging credibility. Only the parties' advisors may ask questions of testifying witnesses, and the questioning must be conducted orally, and in real time. The decision-maker will preside over the hearing, and he or she will determine the order of witnesses.

Relevancy of Questions/Evidence –Before a party or witness answers a question, the decision-maker must first determine whether the question is relevant and explain any decision to exclude a question as not relevant. Advisors may not present arguments in favor or against the exclusion of any proposed question. Questions and evidence about the Complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior are not relevant, unless such questions and evidence are offered to prove that someone other than the Respondent committed the conduct alleged by the Complainant, or if the questions and evidence concern specific incidents of the Complainant's prior sexual behavior with respect to the Respondent and are offered to prove consent.

If Respondent intends to introduce evidence of the Complainant's past sexual behavior, Respondent must provide notice to the Title IX Coordinator and decision-maker at least five (5) Business Days in advance of the hearing accompanied by a written motion that specifically describes the evidence and states the purpose for which it is to be offered. The Title IX Coordinator will provide a copy of the notice and motion to the Complainant. Before admitting evidence under this rule, the decision-maker must conduct an in-camera hearing on the motion and give the parties a right to attend and be heard, through their advisors. The motion, related materials, and the record of the motion hearing must be and remain confidential.

All evidence provided to the parties prior to the investigator's completion of the investigative report will be available at the hearing. Each party may refer to such evidence during the hearing, including for purposes of asking questions to other parties or witnesses.

Recognized Privileges – The decision-maker will recognize all legally recognized privileges, such as the attorney-client and work-product privilege, unless the holder of the privilege has waived the privilege. It is the responsibility of a party's advisor to invoke any privileges at the hearing. Failure to timely invoke a privilege will constitute a waiver.

Effect of Non-Participation –The decision-maker cannot draw an inference about the determination regarding responsibility based solely on a party's or witness's absence from the hearing or refusal to answer questions.

Record of Hearing – Hearings will be recorded with an audio recording, audiovisual recording, or by transcript. The recording or transcript will be made available to all parties for inspection and review.

Determining Responsibility – Following the hearing, the decision-maker will issue a written determination deciding whether the Respondent is responsible for the allegations of sexual harassment. The decision-maker

will base his or her determination on a review of the relevant and admissible evidence obtained during the investigation or hearing, the investigative report, and hearing testimony. The written determination will be sent to each party's institution email account. Important appeal deadlines will be based on when the written determination is sent by the institution, so the parties are strongly encouraged to carefully monitor their email correspondence for the determination.

The decision-maker will apply the preponderance of the evidence standard (more likely than not) in reaching his or her determination. The written determination will include:

- 1. An identification of the allegations potentially constituting sexual harassment as defined in this policy;
- 2. A description of the procedural steps taken, from receipt of the formal complaint by the institution through the determination, including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, methods used to gather other evidence, and hearings held;
- 3. Findings of fact supporting the determination;
- 4. Conclusions regarding the application of the recipient's code of conduct to the facts;
- 5. A statement of, and rationale for, the result as to each allegation, including a determination regarding responsibility, and disciplinary sanctions imposed on the Respondent, and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the institution's education program or activity will be provided by the institution to the Complainant; and
- 6. The procedures and permissible bases for the Complainant and Respondent to appeal.

Range of Disciplinary Sanctions – Sanctions for violations of this policy will vary based on the facts and circumstances of each case. In determining the appropriate sanctions, the decision-maker may consider factors such as the Respondent's prior history of sexual harassment or misconduct, the severity of the conduct, the frequency of the conduct, and the overall effect on the school community. For students, sanctions can range from a warning up to, and including, expulsion. For employees, sanctions can range from a warning up to, and including.

Notice of Decision – The written determination will be simultaneously provided to the parties' the institution email accounts. The parties will then have seven (7) Business Days to notify the Title IX Coordinator if they wish to appeal the determination regarding responsibility (see Appeal, below). The determination regarding responsibility becomes final either (1) seven Business Days after issuance of the written determination regarding regarding responsibility, if no appeal is filed, or (2) if an appeal is filed, on the date the institution provides a written determination on the results of an appeal.

Appeal

Both the Complainant and the Respondent may appeal the determination regarding responsibility, the dismissal of any allegation(s) of a formal complaint, and/or sanctions. The institution will appoint an Appeal Officer after receipt of the appeal All appeals will be decided by the Appeal Officer. Once the Appeal Officer issues his/her written determination on the results of the appeal, all matters are considered final and no further appeals will be considered.

If a party wishes to appeal, he/she must send a notice of his/her intent to appeal, by email, to the Title IX Coordinator within seven (7) Business Days after the institution sends the determination to the parties' institution's email accounts. If a party does not submit notice of appeal within the seven-day deadline, he or she will lose any right to appeal the written determination. The notice of intent to appeal must state the specific ground(s) for the appeal.

An appeal is not intended to be a rehearing of the allegations in the formal complaint. Disagreement with the findings or sanctions is not a valid ground for an appeal. The institution will only consider an appeal on the following grounds:

- 1. A procedural irregularity that affected the outcome of the matter;
- 2. New evidence, that was not reasonably available at the time of the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal was made, that could affect the outcome of the matter;
- 3. The Title IX Coordinator, investigator(s), or decision-maker had a conflict of interest or bias for or against Complainants or Respondents generally or the individual Complainant or Respondent that affected the outcome of the matter.
- 4. Ineffective assistance of an advisor.

If a notice of intent to appeal does not reference one or more of these three grounds for appeal, the appeal will not be considered.

A timely appeal will stay the imposition of sanctions. Any interim measures imposed before or during the grievance process will remain in effect pending the resolution of the appeal.

Once the Title IX Coordinator receives a valid notice of intent to appeal, the Title IX Coordinator will notify all parties of the appeal, the ground(s) on which the appeal is sought, and the procedures for the appeal. Once the parties receive notice of the appeal from the Title IX Coordinator, the parties will have seven (7) Business Days to submit a written statement and any new evidence to Appeal Officer in support of, or challenging, the outcome. Any party who does not timely submit his or her written statement or new evidence will be barred from doing so absent a showing of exceptional circumstances. It will be in the sole discretion of the Appeal Officer whether to allow any extensions in the time to submit a written statement or new evidence.

The Appeal Officer will review the timely submitted written statements, any new evidence and the record as appropriate. Only facts or arguments concerning the above-listed grounds for an appeal will be considered in rendering his/her decision. Once a decision is made, he/she will issue the written decision simultaneously to each party's institution email account, describing the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result. At this point, all matter will be final and no further appeals will be considered.

Title IX Coordinator Email: ashley.marra@wvjc.edu

Title IX: Training Materials

Module 1 – An Introduction to Managing Title IX Sexual Harassment on Campus *Presented by Scott Goldschmidt and Aaron Lacey*

Module 1 Slide Deck

Module 2 – Formal Complaints of Title IX Sexual Harassment

Presented by Scott Goldschmidt and Aaron Lacey

Module 2 Slide Deck

Module 3 - Title IX Investigations & Informal Resolutions

Presented by Susan Lorenc, Scott Goldschmidt, and Aaron Lacey

Module 3 Slide Deck

Module 4 – Title IX Hearings

Presented by Retired Judge Booker Shaw, Scott Goldschmidt, and Aaron Lacey

Module 4 Slide Deck

Module 5 – Title IX Determinations

Presented by Susan Lorenc, Scott Goldschmidt, and Aaron Lacey

Module 5 Slide Deck

Module 6 – Title IX Appeals

Presented by Retired Judge Booker Shaw, Scott Goldschmidt, and Aaron Lacey

Module 6 Slide Deck

All Other Complaints – Binding and Mandatory Arbitration

Dispute Resolution Procedure Notice*

The institution prides itself in maintaining good relations with its student. It is our goal that you, our current or former student, be completely satisfied with our institution, but we recognize that good faith differences of opinion can occur. Recognizing that each student is a unique individual with different needs, concerns, and perceptions, it is the policy of this institution to attempt to meet students' needs and concerns if the institution is reasonably able to do so. To resolve disputes quickly, fairly, and in good faith the institution has developed this Dispute Resolution Procedure. By enrolling, students agree to follow each step in good faith. If you have any questions about these procedures contact the Corporate President.

- A. **DISPUTE-** If a dispute or concern arises, we suggest that you, the student, and institution's instructor or the official involved, should both attempt to settle the matter informally between the two of you. That's really the best resolution to any kind of dispute.
- B. **GRIEVANCE-** If the dispute is not informally resolved at Step A above, you must file a written complaint using the term "Grievance" with the Corporate President describing the dispute in detail and the requested solution. A written response and proposed resolution will be provided to you by the institution.
- C. **MEDIATION-** If you are not satisfied with the institution's response at Step B above, you must make a written request for "mediation". If you fail to file a written request for mediation within one (1) year of the institution's response and proposed resolution and you will be legally barred from filing a lawsuit. The institution will pay any administrative fees and mediator fees and shall select a Mediator/Mediation organization, which may include, but not limited to: (a) an American Arbitration Association member; (b) a retired state judge; or (c) an attorney with mediation experience and/or State Bar sponsored training in mediation. The institution may waive mediation, in which case either party may request arbitration.
- D. **ARBITRATION-** If you are still not satisfied, you are required to arbitrate the dispute. See the institution arbitration agreement immediately following this notice for details on your obligation to arbitrate.

Agreement to Arbitrate Disputes in Lieu of a Court Trial, Jury Trial and/or Class/Mass Action Lawsuit*

<u>Please note</u>: Except as noted below, to resolve disputes quickly, fairly, and in good faith without using the court system both you, the current or former student, and the Institution agree that any and all disputes between us will be settled through final and binding arbitration, under the Federal Arbitration Act using the American Arbitration Association (AAA) and the AAA Consumer Arbitration Rules as set forth below. (If the AAA cannot or will not arbitrate for any reason, the Institution will apply to the local court to appoint an arbitrator who is an attorney with at least 10 years' experience as an attorney 5 years' experience as an arbitrator.)

Note- Arbitration is the last step in the campus "Dispute Resolution Procedure". The entire procedure can be reviewed in the admissions section of the campus catalog, on the consumer information page of the campus website, or in the enrollment agreement. If you have any questions, contact the Corporate President.

- I understand this agreement to arbitrate includes any type of dispute* (except as noted below) with the Institution or any of its agents, related to and including but not limited to, disputes arising from my education/academics, career success, advertisements or other inducements to enroll, the enrollment process, job placement or other services, financial aid, student loans, etc., and regardless of whether the dispute is based on breach of contract, any representation made by the school or its agents, or any law, regulation tort or equity claim or otherwise. I also agree that the obligation for both parties to arbitrate shall be irrevocable and cannot be waived by either party, and shall apply whether or not I am still in school.
- I understand that I may review the American Arbitration Association rules at http://www.adr.org or if I do not have Internet access, the Institution will provide me a copy of the rules upon my request.
- I also agree that each party has the right to have his/her/its case presented individually and ruled upon individually by the arbitrator. As such, I agree that the arbitration shall be conducted and resolved on an individual basis only. I will not combine my claim with any other person's claim nor will I participate in or allow my claim to be part of any class action, mass action, private attorney general action or multiple plaintiff arbitrations of any kind no matter how described. (If for any reason the arbitration provisions of this agreement are invalidated, the agreement for individual consideration of my claim shall apply to all court proceedings.)
- I understand that to initiate arbitration of a dispute I am obligated to pay \$150.00 or the cost of civil court filing fees that would be required as if I were filing a civil lawsuit, whichever is less, toward the AAA fees. I further understand that that the Institution will pay the balance of any AAA fees and the fee of the arbitrator, but the arbitrator shall have the right to assess the costs of arbitration against either party to the same extent as a court of law. Each party shall pay their attorney's fees and arbitration costs to the extent allowed by law.
- I agree my obligation to arbitrate shall be interpreted as broadly as the law allows and shall include but
 not be limited to all disputes relating to the interpretation, applicability, enforceability or formation of this
 Agreement (including, but not limited to, any claim that all or part of this agreement to arbitrate is void or
 voidable for any reason) and I agree that the arbitrator shall have the exclusive authority to resolve any
 such issues related to my obligation to arbitrate under this Agreement.
- I agree that I must file a request for arbitration of any claim I may have within five years of the date I discontinue enrollment under this enrollment agreement and if I fail to do so, any claim I have is legally barred and cannot be pursued through arbitration, in court, through administrative agencies or otherwise, except as noted below.
- In the event that any part of this Agreement becomes legally unenforceable, that part shall be severed and the remainder shall be fully enforceable. If for any reason this Agreement is invalidated, then I and the Institution both agree to utilize the Dispute Resolution Procedure described in this agreement and the catalog (excluding the binding arbitration requirement) and if that doesn't resolve the dispute, to engage in non-binding arbitration under this agreement as if the arbitration provision was fully enforceable, prior to any lawsuit or other court action. THE INSTITUTION AND I ALSO AGREE THAT ANY TRIAL WILL BE BEFORE A JUDGE ONLY AND WITHOUT A JURY, AND WE BOTH IRREVOCABLY WAIVE OUR RIGHT TO A TRIAL BY JURY. I also agree that I will not combine or join my claim with anyone else's claim in any sort of multiple plaintiff, mass action or class action lawsuit and will not allow any claim I have to become part of any type of class or collective action in which anyone proposes to act in a representative capacity on behalf of others. This agreement is subject to the law of the local jurisdiction. It is void where/if prohibited under controlling law.
- All arbitration procedures shall take place in the county where the campus is located.
- I understand that I may seek legal counsel before signing this agreement.

*Exceptions to the obligations listed above/Alternate Process For Dispute Regulations-

- Students may also file complaints with the Accrediting Bureau of Health Education Schools, 6116 Executive Blvd, Suite 730, North Bethesda, MD 20852, phone (301) 291-7550, <u>https://abhes.org/complaint-process/</u> and, or
- Students may also file complaints with the West Virginia Community and Technical College Systems (WVCTCS), 1018 Kanawha Blvd, East, Suite 700, Charleston, WV 25301, (304) 558-0265 <u>www.wvctcs.org</u>, or other government agencies.
- Students taking online courses have the right to file a complaint with the distance educational national oversight body known as the National Council for State Authorization Reciprocity Agreements (NC-SARA), https://nc-sara.org/sara-student-complaints-0
- The school cannot require the borrower to participate in arbitration or any internal dispute resolution
 process offered by the institution prior to filing borrower defense to repayment application with the
 Department pursuant to §685.206(e); the school cannot, in any way, require students to limit, relinquish,
 or waive their ability to pursue filing a borrower defense claim, pursuant to §685.206(e) at any time; and
 any arbitration, required by a pre-dispute arbitration agreement, tolls the limitations period for filing a
 borrower defense to repayment application pursuant to §685.206(e)(i) (emphasis added).
- To the extent required by the American Arbitration Association, students may file a claim in small claims (magistrate) court.
- These procedures are subject to local controlling law (and for students receiving Title IV federal financial aid, USDOE regulation) and are not enforceable to the extent limited/prohibited by applicable law and do not include sexual harassment claims. Also, in regard to Direct Loans and Direct Consolidation Loans this agreement only applies to loans first dispersed on or after July 1, 2020.

Student Outcomes

Nursing Student Outcomes (ACEN)

The Associate Degree Nursing Program at West Virginia Junior College at the Morgantown campus located in Morgantown, WV is accredited by the Accreditation Commission for Education in Nursing (ACEN). Thefollowing student achievement data **must be published** and must be consistent with ACEN Accreditation Standard 5 Outcomes

NCLEX Pass Rate

NCLEX-RN FIRST TIME PASS RATES		
EXPECTED LEVEL OF ACHIEVEMENT: 80%		
Year	Takers	Pass Rate %
2023	64	92%

Completion Rates

Based on the ACEN definition, the completion rate across all program types is the percentage of students who graduate in no more than 150% of the stated nursing program length, beginning with the first day of the first nursing course. ACEN's recommended method for calculating program completion rate is to start with each entering cohort beginning the first day of the first nursing course and then follow each individual student. As an example, a program with 10 students on the first day of the first nursing course of a four-semester nursing program: six students from the cohort graduate in four semesters (100% timeframe), and one student

graduates within six semesters (150% timeframe). The applicable program completion rate would be (6/10) 60% on-time graduates and/or (7/10) 70% if the 150% timeframe is used. West Virginia Junior College evaluates its completion rate for the Nursing Program as students who graduate on time.

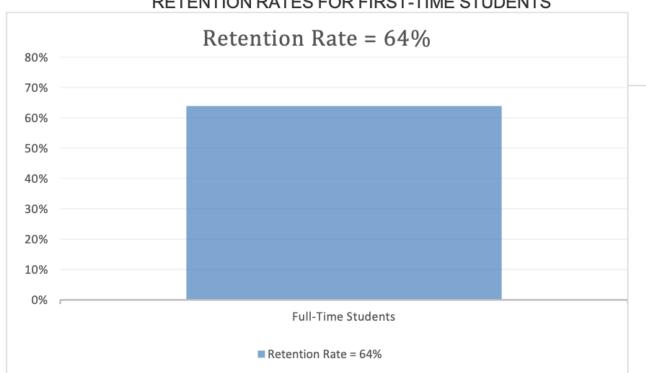
Cohort Start Date	# of Students in the Initial Cohort(s)	# Graduates	On-Time Completion Rate
2023	68	50	73%

Retention Rate (IPEDS)

First-to-Second Year Retention Rates

Retention rates measure the percentage of first-time students who return to the institution to continue their studies the following fall. These rates only measure first-time students never having attended college before. Therefore, these rates do not reflect an accurate retention rate of the entire student body. Please contact the institution's Campus President for more accurate retention rates for the entire student body.

Retention rates measure the percentage of first-time students who return to the institution to continue their studies the following fall.



RETENTION RATES FOR FIRST-TIME STUDENTS

Percentage of Students Who Began Their Studies in Fall 2022 and Returned in Fall 2023

This is the most recent information the institution reported to the National Center for Education Statistics through IPEDS reporting. Please visit the College Navigator Website at the following link for more statistical information about the institution: https://nces.ed.gov/ collegenavigator/?q=WEST+VIRGINIA+JUNIOR+COLLEGE&s=all&id=237996

Retention Rates (ABHES)

Annually, the institution reports retention rates for the most recently completed year (July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024) on the institution's Annual Report, as required by the college's accrediting body, the Accrediting Bureau of Health Education Schools (ABHES).

These are data reported to ABHES by the institution in its most recent Annual Report.

The Retention Rate for each program (1) offered by the institution is below.

Program Name	Retention Rate ⁽¹⁾
Business Administration (Associate Degree)	84%
Business Administration/Accounting (Associate Degree)	81%
Business Administration/Accounting (Associate Degree)	79%
Business Office Administration (Diploma)	100%
Clinical Medical Assistant (Associate Degree)	85%
Cybersecurity (Associate Degree)	89%
Dental Assisting (Associate Degree)	93%
Dental Assisting (Diploma)	75%
Healthcare Administration (Associate Degree)	100%
Information Technology (Associate Degree)	100%
Information Technology (Diploma)	75%
Medical Assisting (Diploma)	84%
Medical Coding (Associate Degree)	93%
Medical Office Administration (Associate Degree)	88%
Medical Office Administration (Diploma)	82%
Nursing (Associate Degree)	85%
Pharmacy Technician (Associate Degree)	88%
Pharmacy Technician (Diploma)	93%
Nursing – RN-BSN (Bachelor Degree)	91%

The retention rate is determined by using the ABHES required method of calculation, for the reporting period July 1 through June 30, as follows:

Retention Rate = (EE + G) / (BE + NS + RE)

Acronym	Term	Definition
EE	Ending Enrollment	Number of students in class, on clinical experience and/or leave of absence on June 30
G	Graduates	
BE	Beginning Enrollment	Number of students in class, on clinical experience and/or leave of absence on July 1
NS	New Starts	
RE	Re-Entries	Number of students that re-enter into school who dropped from a previous Annual Report time period

Retention rates were current at the time of publication. For the most current rates or for other retention rate information contact the campus.

Licensure Disclosure (ABHES)

Annually, the institution reports licensure rates for programs where certification, licensure, or registration based upon an industry-recognized examination is required to become employed in the State of West Virginia. This data is reported for the most recently completed year (July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024) on the institution's Annual Report as required by the institution's accrediting body, the Accrediting Bureau of Health Education Schools (ABHES).

The licensure pass rate for each program where licensure is required for employment as reported on the most recent ABHES Annual Report is listed below.

The licensure required for the Nursing program is the NCLEX® examination developed and administered by the National Council of State Boards of Nursing (NCSBN).

The licensure required for the Pharmacy Technician programs is the Pharmacy Technician Certification Exam.

Program Name	Licensure Pass Rate ⁽¹⁾
Nursing (Associate Degree)	97%
Pharmacy Technician (Associate Degree)	77%
Pharmacy Technician (Diploma)	83%

The credentialing pass rate is determined by using the ABHES required method of calculation, for the reporting period July 1 through June 30, as follows:

Examination Pass Rate = GP/GT

Acronym	Definition
GP	Graduates passing examination (any attempt)
GT	Total graduates taking examination

Information on first-time licensure pass rates is maintained and disclosed by the West Virginia Board of Nursing, and the program(s) are required to meet separate applicable standards of that agency. Additional information can be found at

http://www.wvrnboard.wv.gov/education/Pages/default.aspx.

Licensure rates were current at the time of publication. For the most current rates or for other licensure information, contact the campus.

Graduation Rates (Student Right-to-Know Act)

Disaggregated Graduation Rate (as required for Consumer Information Disclosure, HEA Sec 485(a)(1)(U))

Fall 2017 Full-Time First-Time Degree or Certificate Seeking Student Cohort (2023-2024 Reporting Year)

Overall Graduation Rate for Full-Time First-Time Students 59%

Disaggregation by Gender

Gender	Cohort	Grads	Grad Rate
Male	20	12	60%
Female	63	37	59%
Total	83	49	59%

Disaggregation by Race

Race	Cohort	Grads	Grad Rate
American Indian/Alaskan Native			
Asian			
Black	(1)	(1)	(1)
Hispanic	(1)	(1)	(1)
Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander			
White	79	46	58%
Multiracial			
Unknown	(1)	(1)	(1)
Nonresident Alien			
Total	83	49	59%

Disaggregation by Aid Type

Aid Type	Cohort	Grads	Grad Rate
Pell Grant Recipients	71	42	59%
Direct Subsidized Loan with no Pell Grant	11	6	55%
Received Neither Pell Grant or Direct Subsidized Loan	(1)	(1)	(1)

(1) Suppressed to Protect Student Privacy

Source: IPEDS Graduation Rates Survey

Methodology/Definition:

Full-time students are taking 12 or more credits. Cohort is based on IPEDS definition of full-time, first-time degree or certificate seeking students. Graduation rates are calculated on completing an award within 150% of start time (typically defined as 27 months for an associate degree and 18 months for the RN to BSN Bridge bachelor's degree).

Placement in Employment

West Virginia Junior College - Morgantown Placement in Employment Types of Employment Obtained by Graduates of the Institution's Degree and or Diploma Programs Graduates Between July 1, 2023 and June 30, 2024

Program: Business Office Administration Diploma

Employer	Job Title
Ginos Pizza	General Manager
Phoenix Solutions	Operations Manager

Employer	Job Title	
National Travel	Travel Agent	
Giggenbach Legal, PLLC	Administrative Assistant	

Program: Dental Assisting Diploma Program

Employer	Job Title	
Cassis Dental Center	Dental Assistant	
Andrada & Rose Dentistry	Dental Assistant	

Program: Medical Assisting Diploma Program

Employer	Job Title
Washington Hospital	Medical Assistant
Genesis Healthcare	Aide, Certified Nurse
Med Express	Medical Assistant
Camden Clark Medical Center	Certified Medical Assistant
Charleston Area Medical Center	Pre-Certification Specialist
Hospice of Southern WV	Medical Assistant
Kanawha City Health Center	Patient Service Representative
WVU Medicine	Spec Pharmacy Tech I
Weirton Medical Center	Pharmacy Technician
Fruth Pharmacy	Pharmacy Technician
St. George Medical Clinic	Pharmacy Technician

Program: Medical Office Administration Diploma Program

Employer	Job Title
Kanawha City Health Center	Patient Service Representative

Program: Pharmacy Technician Diploma Program

Employer	Job Title
WVU Medicine	Spec Pharmacy Tech I
Weirton Medical Center	Pharmacy Technician
Fruth Pharmacy	Pharmacy Technician
St. George Medical Clinic	Pharmacy Technician

Program: Medical Assisting Diploma Program

Employer	Job Title
Mountain State Dermatology	Medical Assistant
Valley Healthcare	Healthcare Assistant

Program: Registered Nursing

Employer	Job Title
WVU Medicine	Registered Nurse
Princeton Community Hospital	Registered Nurse
Havencrest Healthcare and Rehabilitation Center	Registered Nurse
Hospital Corporation of America	RN StaRN TSD- Centennial FT
Preston Memorial Hospital	Registered Nurse
Trinity Health System	Registered Nurse
Centerville Clinic	Office Manager - RN
Inova Health System	RN Grad Fellow
Uniontown Healthcare & Rehab Center	Registered Nurse
Select Medical Corporation	Nurse Intern
Mon Health Medical Center	Registered Nurse
Nationwide Childrens Hospital	Registered Nurse
Uniontown Hospital	Registered Nurse
West Virginia University Hospitals	Graduate Nurse
St. Josephs Hospital	Registered Nurse
Roane General Hospital	Registered Nurse
Davis Health Systems	Registered Nurse I
Charleston Area Medical Center	RN
Genesis Healthcare	Registered Nurse
Potomac Valley Hospital	Registered Nurse
Summersville Regional Medical Center	Registered Nurse
Logan Regional Medical Center	Registered Nurse
Excela Health Westmoreland Hopsital	Registered Nurse
WVU Hospitals	Clinical Nurse Coordinator

Program: Business Administration/Accounting

Employer	Job Title
WVU Medicine	Accounts Payable Rep
Davis Trust Company	Bookkeeper
DBA JPs	Owner
MRC Global	Sales and Service Representative
United Bank	Operations Specialist Sr.

Program: Business Administration/Human Resources

Employer	Job Title
The Thrasher Group	Project Coordinator
WVU Extension Services	Administrative Associate

Program: Business Administration

Employer	Job Title
Circle K	Assistant Manager
Success Floor Covering LLC	Office Personnel
West Virginia Junior College	Front Office Manager & Registrar
Snap Fitness	Gym Staff
Amazon	Manager II Operations L5
Matins Food-The Giants Company	Deli Manager
Charleston Coliseum & Convention Center	Event Coordinator
Healthcare Services Group	Environmental Services- Manager
Garrett County Public Works	Sign and Safety Technician
ilumed	Member Outreach Specialist
The Magical Bee	Owner
State of West Virginia	Occupational Health and Safety Coordinator
WesBanco	Personal Banker
Evens Time	Field Service Technician
Lowe's	Head Cashier
East Ohio College	Premier Program Coordinator
Highmark WV - BCBS	Customer Service Representative
National Travel	Concierge/Receptionist

Program: Clinical Medical Assistant

Employer	Job Title
Med Express	Medical Dept. Assitant/Receptionist
Waterfront Urgent Care	Medical Assistant
Jackson General Hospital	Medical Assistant
UPMC	Medical Assistant
Valley Health Care	Medical Assistant
Mountain State Dermatology	Medical Assistant
Valley View Health Centers	Medical Assistant
Tri State Community Health Center	Medical Assistant
Heritage Valley Medical Group	Medical Assistant
Urology Associates	Medical Secretary
Cabin Creek Health Center	Clinical Medical Assistant
St. Josephs Hospital	Clinical Medical Assistant
Cranberry Medical Clinic	Clinical Medical Assistant
United Hospital Center	Medical Assistant Trainee
UPMC	Medical Assistant
Preston Urgent Care & Family Practice	Clinical Medical Assistant

Employer	Job Title
Summersville Skin Care Center	Medical Assistant
Robert C. Byrd Clinic	СМА
Dr. Dean Kyer	Medical Office Assistant
Roane General Hospital	Medical Assistant
Davis Health Systems	Medical Assistant II
Family Healthcare of Hagerstown	Medical Assistant
Cardinal Pediatrics	Clinical Medical Assistant
Ohio Health	Tech Medical Assistant
Echoing Hills	Lead Direct Support Professional
UVVC at UHC (Dr. Adeniyi)	Clinical Medical Assistant
Princeton Community Hospital	Unit Clerk
Manpower Temporary Services	Medical Assistant
St. Josephs Hospital	Emergency Department Tech
WVU Urgent Care	Ambulatory Care Assistant - Medical Assistant
Preston Memorial Hospital	Medical Assistant
Beckley Pediatric	Medical Assistant
MedMark	Medical Assistant
Sissonville Health Center	Medical Assistant
Minnie Hamilton Health Systems	Medical Assistant
MedPointe	Registration Specialist
Mon Health Medical Center	Medical Assistant
Somerset Family Practice	Medical Assistant
Raleigh General Hospital	Medical Assistant
Allegheny Clinic	Medical Assistant Certified
Mountain State Dermatology	Medical Assistant
Wirt County Health Servicess Association DBA	Float Nurse
Thomas Memorial Hospital	Patient Care Technician
Rivers Health	Medical Assistant
Cabell Huntington Hospital	Patient Care Assistant
New River Health: Three Rivers Clinic	СМА
CAMC - Greenbrier Valley Medical Center	Diagnostic Department Assistant

Program: Cyber Security

Employer	Job Title
WV Net	Agent- InTech Support
City Net	Technical Support Representative
Wells Fargo	Information Security Engineer

Program: Healthcare Administration

Employer	Job Title
Angels on Call	Lead Caregiver/Office Support
Princeton Community Hospital	Office Manager
Western PA Behavorial Health Services	Office Manager
Bureau of Social Services	Human Resourses Assistant
Right at Home	Executive Secretary

Program: Information Technology

Employer	Job Title
West Virginia Junior College	IT Technician
Longview Power Company	IT Technician
Nerds to Go	IT Specialist
WV Net	Network Operator
CityNet	Network Infrastructure Technician
Aramark	Admin Support Worker
Agiliti Health Inc.	Hospital Service Technician

Program: Medical Coding

Employer	Job Title	
Charelston Surgical Hospital	Medical Biller	
Garrett County Health Department	Office Services Clerk	
Amy Vaughan Dermatology	Biologics Coordinator	
South Charelston Eye Care	Front Desk Receptionist	
Waterfront Urgent Care Front Office Receptionist		
Thomas Memorial Hospital	Registration Clerk	
Valley Health Care Billing Specialist		
Proscribe	Virtual Implementation Specialist	
WVU Medicine	Registration Specialist	
Mon Health Medical Center	Coding Specialist II	
Sundale Nursing Home	Medical Coder	
WVU Medicine	Insurance Claim Processor	
Northwood Health Systems	Billing Clerk	
Charleston Area Medical Center	Pre-Certification Specialist	
Mon Health Medical Center	Registration Representative	
Cardinal Pediatrics	Medical Assistant	
Stonerise Healthcare Keyser	Medical Records Coordinator	
NECCO	Administrative Assistant	
Wedgewood Family Practice	Medical Assistant	
The Judge Group	Entry Level HCC Risk Adjuster Coder	
Pleasant Valley Hospital	Cash Posting Representative	

Program: Medical Office Administration

Employer	Job Title	
WVU Medicine	Patient Access Specialist	
West Virginia Eye Consultants	Ophthalmologist Technician	
Frederick Health Unit Secretary		
Stonewall Jackson Memorial Hospital	Registration Representative	
UPMC Western Maryland	Medical Office Assistant	
Jackson General Hospital	Registration Clerk (PRN)	
Preston Urgent Care & Family Practice	Front Desk Receptionist	
Mon Health Medical Center	Registration Representative	
Thomas Health Systems	Patient Service Representative	
Dr. John Richards	Referral Specialist	
Dominion Internal Medicine	Patient Service Representative	
Marshall Health	Patient Registration Specialist	
Barbour County Health Association	Medical Office Receptionist	
Wheeling Hospital	Registration Spec - Pat Acc	
Scribe America	Medical Scribe	
UPMC	Health Unit Coordinator	
Princeton Community Hospital	Non-Credentialed Medical Coder	

Program: Pharmacy Technician

Employer	Job Title	
WVU Medicine	Pharmacy Technician	
Town Pharmacy Care	Pharmacy Technician	
Braxton County Memorial Hospital	Specialist Pharmacy Technician	
WVU Medicine	Spec Pharm Tech I	
Uniontown Hospital	Pharmacy Technician	
Trinity Infusion Pharmacy	Pharmacy Technician	
Mon Health Medical Center	Pharmacy Technician Trainee	
Raniers Compounding Laboratory	Pharmacy Technician	
WVU Medicine	Patient Care Technician	
Moundsville Pharmacy	Pharmacy Technician	
Appalachian Regional Healthcare	Pharmacy Technician	

*Programs with small numbers of graduates were not included in this report for privacy purposes.

Job Placement Rates for Graduates

The institution reports job placement information for the most recently completed year (July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024) on the Annual Report as required by the institution's accrediting body, the Accrediting Bureau of Health Education Schools (ABHES).

The Placement Rate for each program (1) (2) offered by the institution is listed below

Program Name	Placement Rate ⁽¹⁾	Placement Rate(²⁾		
Business Administration (Associate Degree)	79%	50%		
Business Administration/Accounting (Associate Degree)	100%	67%		
Business Administration/Human Resources (Associate Degree)	83%	50%		
Business Office Administration (Diploma)	N/A	N/A		
Clinical Medical Assistant (Associate Degree)	71%	67%		
Cybersecurity (Associate Degree)	73%	64%		
Dental Assisting (Associate Degree)	100%	100%		
Dental Assisting (Diploma)	50%	50%		
Healthcare Administration (Associate Degree)	75%	50%		
Information Technology (Associate Degree)	50%	50%		
Information Technology (Diploma)	N/A	N/A		
Medical Assisting (Diploma)	50%	50%		
Medical Coding (Associate Degree)	70%	61%		
Medical Office Administration (Associate Degree)	17%	17%		
Medical Office Administration (Diploma)	N/A	N/A		
Nursing (Associate Degree)	92%	92%		
Pharmacy Technician (Associate Degree)	73%	73%		
Pharmacy Technician (Diploma)	67%	67%		
Nursing – RN-BSN (Bachelor Degree)	N/A N/A			
N/A = no graduates during the reporting year				

(1) The placement rate is determined by using the ABHES required method of calculation, for the reporting period July 1 through June 30, as follows:

Placement Rate = (P)/(G-U)

Acronym	Term	Definition
Р	Placed graduates	Those employed in a position wherein the majority of the job functions are related to the skills and knowledge acquired through successful completion of the training program.
G	Total graduates	
U	Graduates unavailable for placement	Only as documented: health-related issues, military obligations, incarceration, continuing education status, or death. Institutions must have on file additional documentation and rationale to justify graduates identified in this category. Examples of documentation may include but is not limited to a doctor's note, military orders, arrest documentation, enrollment agreement, acceptance letter, or death certificate.

The campus does not follow up to determine if the graduate remained employed at the end of the Annual Report period.

Placement rates were current at the time of publication. It should be noted that placement rates will change as more graduates obtain employment, leave employment, and switch jobs. Therefore, these published placement statistics are simply a snapshot at one point in time and, in part, are based on professional judgements made by the institution's personnel. For the most current rates or for other placement rate information, contact the campus. Also, please refer to the campus catalog.

The Federal Department of Labor and the state Workforce Development Office websites are additional sources for useful labor market/career opportunities information. Sources of local information, such as the area job service/unemployment office and area employers are best since they can provide the most current, local information. State and federal job market information may not reflect local conditions.

(2) These placement rates do not include graduates who were working in field prior to graduation.

Voter Registration

Click Here to Register

West Virginia Junior College, United Career Institute and East Ohio College encourages all students and employees to register to vote in every election. By voting, you can take action on the issues that affect your life and become involved in the political process.

To learn more about voting in your state and to register, click the link below and select your state from the drop down menu.

https://www.nass.org/can-i-vote/register-to-vote

Program Disclosures

Nursing Program Disclosure-WVJC Morgantown

PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE/CERTIFICATION DISCLOSURE

The practice of Nursing requires a professional license. Each state and US territory has its own standards to sit for the professional licensure exam (the NCLEX-RN) and/or to transfer a license from one state/territory into its state/territory.

This document provides you a list of those states and territories where this institution has made the determination that its nursing <u>curriculum</u> meets the educational requirements for licensure.

Also, understand that in the states/territories where the institution has made the determination that its curriculum meets the educational requirements for licensure, this does not mean that this is the <u>only</u> requirement to be licensed in that state/territory. Every state/territory likely will have additional requirements to be licensed in that state/territory.

To assist you in making your decision whether to apply to this Nursing Program, we have provided you a list of states and territories and their respective contact information for the nursing governing boards, where

available. This list is also available on our website under the Consumer Information link. We encourage you to contact the licensing governing body in the state or territory in which you desire to become licensed or intend to work to seek additional information prior to enrolling in our program.

Curriculum Meets the State Educational Requirements for Licensure or Certification

PENNSYLVANIA

Pennsylvania State Board of Nursing 2525 N. 7th Street Harrisburg, PA 17105 717-783-7142 http://www.dos.pa.gov/

WEST VIRGINIA

West Virginia Board of Examiners for Registered Professional Nurses 5001 MacCorkle Avenue, SW South Charleston, WV 25309 304-744-0900 http://www.wvrnboard.wv.gov

ΟΗΙΟ

Ohio Board of Nursing 17 S High Street, Suite 660 Columbus, OH 43215 (614)466-3947 https://nursing.ohio.gov

MARYLAND

Maryland Board of Nursing 4140 Patterson Avenue Baltimore, MD 21215 (410) 585-1900 https://mbon.maryland.gov/Pages/default.aspx

KENTUCKY

Kentucky Board of Nursing 312 Whittington Pky, Suite 300 Louisville, KY 40222 (502) 429-3300 https://kbn.ky.gov/

VIRGINIA

Virginia Department of Health Professionals Board of Nursing Perimeter Center 9960 Maryland Drive, Suite 300 Henrico, VA 23233 (804) 367-4400 http://www.dhp.virginia.gov/

MISSOURI

Missouri Division of Professional Registration 3605 Missouri Boulevard

Pharmacy Technician Program Disclosure-WVJC Morgantown

PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE/CERTIFICATION DISCLOSURE

In some states and territories, a license or certification is required for employment as a Pharmacy **Technician.** Each state and US territory has its own standards and requirements for obtaining that license or certification.

This document provides you a list of those states and territories where this institution has made the determination that its nursing <u>curriculum</u> meets the educational requirements for licensure. The Pharmacy Technician Certification Board (<u>www.ptcb.org</u>) also publishes a list of states where licensure or certification is not required for employment.

Also, understand that in the states/territories where the institution has made the determination that its curriculum meets the educational requirements for licensure or certification, <u>this does not mean</u> <u>that this is the only requirement to be licensed or certified in that state/territory</u>. Every state/territory likely will have additional requirements to be licensed or certified in that state/territory.

To assist you in making your decision whether to apply to WVJC's Pharmacy Technician program, we have provided you a list of states and territories and their respective contact information for the governing boards, where available. This list is also available on our website under the Consumer Information link. We encourage you to contact the governing body in the state or territory in which you desire to become licensed/certified or intend to work to seek additional information prior to enrolling in our program.

Curriculum Meets the State Educational Requirements for Licensure or Certification

PENNSYLVANIA

State Board of Pharmacy 2601 N. 3rd Street Harrisburg, PA 17110 717-783-7156 https://www.pa.gov/agencies/dos/department-and-offices/bpoa/boards-commissions/pharmacy.html

WEST VIRGINIA

West Virginia Board of Pharmacy 2310 Kanawha Blvd E. Charleston, WV 25311 304-558-0558 https://www.wvbop.com/

KENTUCKY

Kentucky Board of Pharmacy State Office Building Annex, Suite 300 125 Holmes Street Frankfort, KY 40601 502-564-7910 https://pharmacy.ky.gov/Pages/default.aspx